Ally Financial Inc. 2Q 2018 Earnings Review July 26, 2018



Forward-Looking Statements and Additional Information



This presentation and related communications should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, notes, and other information contained in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and Current Reports on Form 8-K. This information is preliminary and based on company and third-party data available at the time of the presentation or related communication.

This presentation and related communications contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts—such as our statements about targets and expectations for various financial and operating metrics. Forward-looking statements often use words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "pursue," "seek," "continue," "estimate," "project," "outlook," "forecast," "potential," "target," "objective," "trend," "plan," "goal," "initiative," "priorities," or other words of comparable meaning or future-tense or conditional verbs such as "may," "will," "should," "would," or "could." Forward-looking statements convey our expectations, intentions, or forecasts about future events, circumstances, or results. All forward-looking statements, by their nature, are subject to assumptions, risks, and uncertainties, which may change over time and many of which are beyond our control. You should not rely on any forward-looking statement as a prediction or guarantee about the future. Actual future objectives, strategies, plans, prospects, performance, conditions, or results may differ materially from those set forth in any forward-looking statement. Some of the factors that may cause actual results or other future events or circumstances to differ from those in forward-looking statements are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or Current Reports on Form 8-K, or other applicable documents that are filed or furnished with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (collectively, our "SEC filings"). Any forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf speaks only as of the date that it was made. We do not undertake to update any forward-looking statement to reflect the impact of events, circumstances, or results that arise after the date that the statement was made, except as required by applicable securities laws. You, however, should consult further disclosures (including disclosures of a forward-looking nature) that we may make in any subsequent SEC filings.

This presentation and related communications contain specifically identified non-GAAP financial measures, which supplement the results that are reported according to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). These non-GAAP financial measures may be useful to investors but should not be viewed in isolation from, or as a substitute for, GAAP results. Differences between non-GAAP financial measures and comparable GAAP financial measures are reconciled in the presentation.

Our use of the term "loans" describes all of the products associated with our direct and indirect lending activities. The specific products include loans, retail installment sales contracts, lines of credit, leases, and other financing products. The term "lend" or "originate" refers to our direct origination of loans or our purchase or acquisition of loans.



(\$ millions except per share data)	 Q 18	1	IQ 18	4	IQ 17	3	3Q 17	2	2Q 17
GAAP net income attributable to common shareholders ("NIAC")	\$ 349	\$	250	\$	181	\$	282	\$	252
Core net income attributable to common shareholders (1)(2)	\$ 358	\$	300	\$	310	\$	292	\$	265
GAAP earnings per common share ("EPS") (diluted, NIAC)	\$ 0.81	\$	0.57	\$	0.41	\$	0.63	\$	0.55
Adjusted EPS (1)(3)	\$ 0.83	\$	0.68	\$	0.70	\$	0.65	\$	0.58
Return (net income) on GAAP shareholder's equity	10.6%		7.5%		5.3%		8.3%		7.5%
Core ROTCE (1)(4)	12.8%		10.6%		10.8%		10.3%		9.6%
GAAP common shareholder's equity per share	\$ 30.9	\$	30.2	\$	30.9	\$	30.6	\$	29.8
Adjusted tangible book value per share (1)(5)	\$ 28.1	\$	27.4	\$	28.1	\$	28.2	\$	27.4
Efficiency Ratio	57.5%		58.0%		52.2%		51.5%		55.7%
Adjusted Efficiency Ratio (1)(6)	47.7%		50.1%		46.4%		44.9%		43.7%
GAAP total net revenue	\$ 1,458	\$	1,403	\$	1,473	\$	1,462	\$	1,455
Adjusted total net revenue (1)(7)	\$ 1,471	\$	1,463	\$	1,492	\$	1,480	\$	1,472

- (1) The following are non-GAAP financial measures which Ally believes are important to the reader of the Consolidated Financial Statements, but which are supplemental to and not a substitute for GAAP measures: Adjusted Earnings per Share (Adjusted EPS), Core Pre-Tax Income, Core Net Income Attributable to Common Shareholders, Core Return on Tangible Common Equity (Core ROTCE), Adjusted Efficiency Ratio, fully phased-in Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital, Adjusted Total Net Revenue, Adjusted Other Revenue, Core original issue discount (Core OID) amortization expense and Core outstanding original issue discount balance (Core OID balance), Net Financing Revenue, excluding Core OID, Adjusted Tangible Book Value per Share (Adjusted TBVPS) and Adjusted Total Net Revenue. These measures are used by management and we believe are useful to investors in assessing the company's operating performance and capital. Refer to the Definitions of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Key Terms, and Reconciliation to GAAP later in this document.
- (2) Core net income attributable to common shareholders is a non-GAAP financial measure that serves as the numerator in the calculations of Adjusted EPS and Core ROTCE and that, like those measures, is believed by management to help the reader better understand the operating performance of the core businesses and their ability to generate earnings. See pages 24 and 25 for calculation methodology and details.
- (3) Adjusted earnings per share (Adjusted EPS) is a non-GAAP financial measure that adjusts GAAP EPS for revenue and expense items that are typically strategic in nature or that management otherwise does not view as reflecting the operating performance of the company. Management believes Adjusted EPS can help the reader better understand the operating performance of the core businesses and their ability to generate earnings. See page 25 for calculation methodology and details.
- (4) Core return on tangible common equity (Core ROTCE) is a non-GAAP financial measure that management believes is helpful for readers to better understand the ongoing ability of the company to generate returns on its equity base that supports core operations. For purposes of this calculation, tangible common equity is adjusted for Core OID balance and the net deferred tax asset. See page 27 for calculation methodology and details.
- (5) Adjusted tangible book value per share (Adjusted TBVPS) is a non-GAAP financial measure that reflects the book value of equity attributable to shareholders even if tax-effected Core OID balance were accelerated immediately through the financial statements. As a result, management believes Adjusted TBVPS provides the reader with an assessment of value that is more conservative than GAAP common shareholder's equity per share. See page 26 for calculation methodology and details.
- (6) Adjusted efficiency ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure that management believes is helpful to readers in comparing the efficiency of its core banking and lending businesses with those of its peers. Adjusted efficiency ratio generally adjusts for Insurance segment revenue and expense, rep and warrant expense and Core OID. See page 28 for calculation methodology and details.
- (7) Adjusted total net revenue is a non-GAAP financial measure that adjusts GAAP total net revenue for Core OID and for change in the fair value of equity securities due to the implementation of ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/18, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. See page 31 for calculation methodology and details.

Second Quarter Highlights



Continued execution along strategic and financial path

- Adjusted EPS⁽¹⁾ of 83 cents up 43% YoY
- Optimization of auto business evident in diversified originations and risk-adjusted returns
 - Consumer auto originations of \$9.6 billion
 - Retail auto portfolio yield up 28 bps YoY and commercial auto portfolio yield up 83 bps YoY
 - Retail auto net-charge off rate of 1.04% down 16 bps YoY and the lowest NCO rate in 2 years
- Continued focus on customer growth and structural benefit of deposits
 - 2Q retail deposit customer growth of 41k total retail deposit customers at 1.52 million
 - Total deposits up \$12.6 billion YoY
- Enhanced customer digital capabilities and progress on product expansion initiatives
 - Intuitive design updates across online and mobile customer interfaces
 - Corporate Finance pre-tax earnings up 66% YoY
 - Ally Invest and Ally Home[®]
- CCAR non-objection to increase both dividend and share repurchases

⁽¹⁾ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 24 and page 25 for calculation methodology and details.

Core Metric Trend

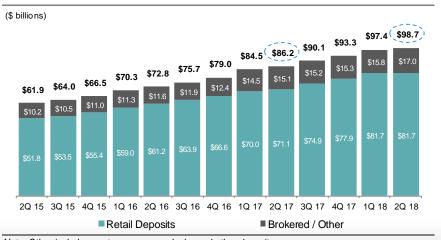


Adjusted Earnings per Share(1)



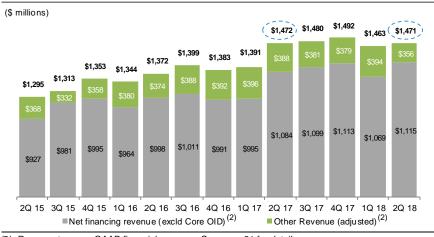
(1) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 25 for details.

Total Deposits



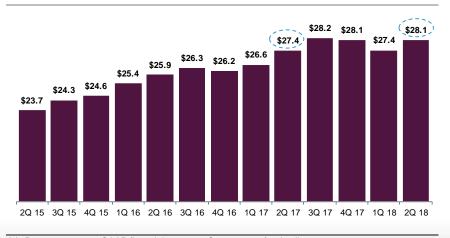
Note: Other includes mortgage escrow, dealer and other deposits

Adjusted Total Net Revenue(2)



(2) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 31 for details.

Adjusted Tangible Book Value per Share (3)



(3) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 26 for details.

Second Quarter Financial Results



(\$ millions; except per share data)				Inc	rease / (D	ecrea	se) vs.
	2Q 18	 1Q 18	 2Q 17		QoQ		YoY
Net financing revenue (excluding Core OID) (1)	\$ 1,115	\$ 1,069	\$ 1,084	\$	46	\$	31
Core OID	(21)	 (20)	 (17)		(1)		(4)
Net financing revenue (as reported)	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,049	\$ 1,067	\$	45	\$	27
Other revenue (excluding change in fair value of equity securities) (2)	356	394	388		(38)		(32)
Change in fair value of equity securities (2)	8	(40)	-		48		8
Other revenue (as reported)	364	354	388	-	10		(24)
Provision for loan losses	158	261	269		(103)		(111)
Noninterest expenses	839	814	 810		25		29
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$ 461	\$ 328	\$ 376	\$	133	\$	85
Income tax expense	113	76	122	0000	37		(9)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	1	(2)	(2)		3		3
Net income	\$ 349	\$ 250	\$ 252	\$	99	\$	97
	2Q 18	 1Q 18	 2Q 17	1	Q 18	2	Q 17
GAAP EPS (diluted)	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.55	\$	0.24	\$	0.26
Discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.00)	0.00	0.00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	(0.01)		(0.01)
Core OID, net of tax	0.04	0.04	0.02		0.00		0.01
Change in fair value of equity securities, net of tax	(0.01)	0.07	-		(0.09)		(0.01)
Adjusted EPS (3)	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.58	\$	0.15	\$	0.25
Core ROTCE (3)	12.8%	10.6%	9.6%				
Adjusted Efficiency Ratio (3)	47.7%	50.1%	43.7%				
Effective Tax Rate	24.5%	23.2%	32.4%				

⁽¹⁾ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted for Core OID. See pages 24 and 31 for calculation methodology and details.

⁽²⁾ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted for change in the fair value of equity securities due to the implementation of ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/18, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. For Non-GAAP calculation methodology and details see page 31.

⁽³⁾ For Non-GAAP calculation methodology and details see pages 25, 27 and 28

Net Financing Revenue



- Net financing revenue (excluding Core OID)⁽¹⁾ of \$1,115 million, up \$31 million YoY driven by asset and deposit growth and liability mix shift
- Net financing revenue (excluding Core OID)(1) up QoQ due primarily to higher retail and commercial auto yields
 - NIM of 2.68%; NIM (excluding Core OID)⁽¹⁾ of 2.74% up 5 bps QoQ

(\$ millions)	 2Q 1	8	 1Q 1	18	 2Q 1	17
	verage Balance	Yield	verage Balance	Yield	Average Balance	Yield
Retail Auto Loan	\$ 69,941	6.08%	\$ 68,727	5.90%	\$ 65,995	5.80%
Auto Lease (net of dep)	8,583	5.09%	8,629	5.12%	10,109	6.63%
Commercial Auto	35,470	4.20%	35,463	3.91%	38,634	3.37%
Corporate Finance	4,232	7.96%	4,121	7.28%	3,562	7.99%
Mortgage	14,767	3.59%	14,119	3.62%	10,980	3.47%
Cash, Securities and Other	 30,499	2.77%	 29,948	2.60%	 25,798	2.39%
Total Earning Assets	\$ 163,492	4.83%	\$ 161,007	4.64%	\$ 155,078	4.57%
Interest Revenue	\$ 1,967		\$ 1,843		\$ 1,767	
Unsecured Debt (excluding Core OID balance) (1)(4)	\$ 15,728	5.76%	\$ 16,478	5.59%	\$ 20,040	5.06%
Secured Debt	17,567	2.69%	18,822	2.41%	26,778	2.02%
Deposits (2)	97,477	1.64%	95,413	1.49%	84,887	1.18%
Other Borrowings (3)	 22,422	1.95%	 19,745	1.73%	 14,153	1.28%
Total Funding Sources (excluding Core OID balance) (1)	\$ 153,194	2.23%	\$ 150,458	2.09%	\$ 145,858	1.88%
Interest Expense (excluding Core OID) (1)	\$ 852		\$ 774		\$ 683	
Net Financing Revenue (excluding Core OID) (1)	\$ 1,115		\$ 1,069		\$ 1,084	
NIM (excluding Core OID) (1)	2.74%		2.69%		2.80%	
NIM (as reported)	2.68%		2.64%		2.76%	

⁽¹⁾ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Excludes Core OID. See page 31 for calculation methodology and details.

⁽²⁾ Includes brokered and sweep deposits

⁽³⁾ Includes Demand Notes, FHLB borrowings and Repurchase Agreements

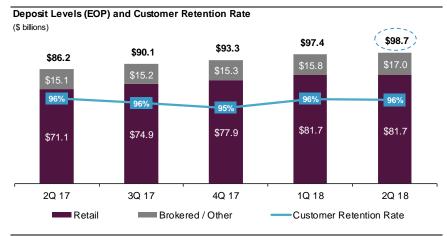
⁽⁴⁾ Includes trust preferred securities

Deposits



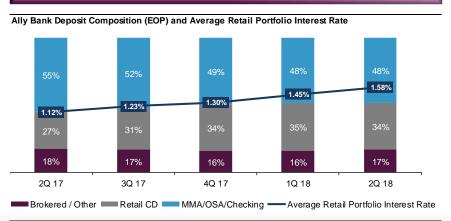
- Total deposits of \$98.7 billion up \$12.6 billion YoY
 - Customer retention remains strong at 96% in 2Q
- Retail deposit growth of \$10.6 billion YoY
 - End of period balance flat QoQ and average balance up \$1.5 billion QoQ
 - Observed ~\$1.0 billion of net ACH outflows to brokerages and tax-related payments in 2Q
- Cumulative retail portfolio beta of 25% since 3Q 15
- 1.52 million retail deposit customers 41k added in 2Q

Stable, consistent growth of retail deposits



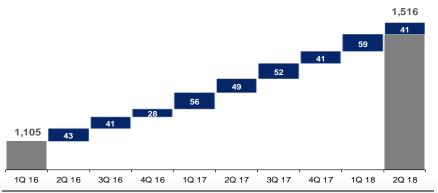
Note: Other includes mortgage escrow, dealer, and other deposits. See page 24 for definition.

Deposit Mix



Retail deposit customer growth

Retail Deposit Customer Growth (thousands)



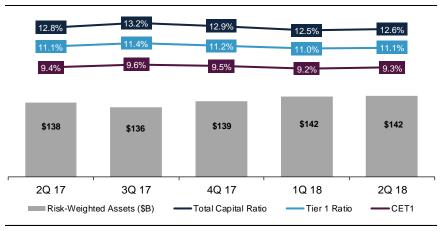
Note: Other includes mortgage escrow, dealer, and other deposits

Capital



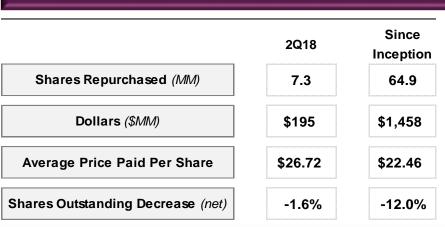
- Received non-objection to 2018 CCAR capital plan
 - 32% increase in share repurchases up to \$1 billion
 - Increase in quarterly cash dividend on common stock from \$0.13 to \$0.15 per share in 3Q 18
 - Planned capital actions represent ~11% of current market capitalization
- Executed \$1.46 billion of share buybacks since program inception – 12% decrease to shares outstanding

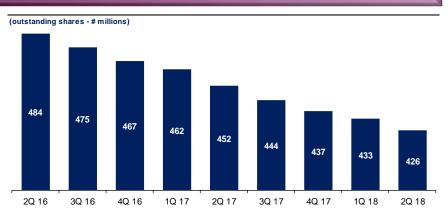
Capital Ratios⁽¹⁾ and Risk-Weighted Assets



⁽¹⁾ All capital ratios represent fully phased-in Basel III, which are non-GAAP financial measures; See page 29 for details.

Share Buyback Summary



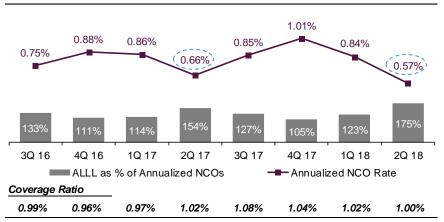


Note: 'Since Inception' is activity in 3Q16 - 2Q18. Shares Repurchased include shares withheld to cover income taxes owed by participants related to share-based incentive plans.

Asset Quality

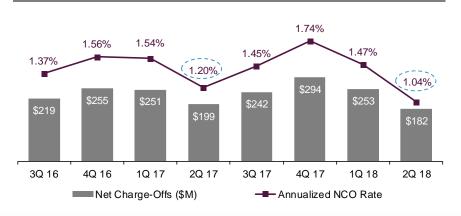


Consolidated Net Charge-Offs



Note: Above loans are classified as held-for-investment and recorded at gross carrying value

Retail Auto Net Charge-Offs



Note: See page 24 for definition

Provision Expense

(\$ millions)		•		•		•						
Provision Expense	_10	Q 17	2	Q 17	30	Q 17	4	Q 17	10	Q 18	20	Q 18
Retail Auto	\$	267	\$	260	\$	314	\$	286	\$	253	\$	168
Commercial Auto		1		6		(2)		2		6		2
Mortgage Finance		1		1		4		2		2		-
Corporate Finance		6		6		3		7		-		(6)
Corp/Other		(4)		(4)		(5)		(3)		-		(6)
Total	\$	271	\$	269	\$	314	\$	294	\$	261	\$	158
Retail Auto Coverage Ratio		.43%		.50%		.60%		.57%		.54%		.49%
Retail Auto Loan Bal (EOP, \$ billions)	\$	65.6	\$	66.7	\$	67.1	\$	68.1	\$	69.3	\$	70.5

Note: Retail auto loans exclude fair value adjustments for loans in hedge accounting relationship

Retail Auto Delinquencies (60+ DPD)

(60+ DPD)

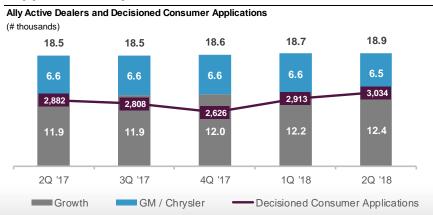


Note: Includes accruing contracts only. Days-past-due ("DPD").

Auto Finance – Results



- Auto Finance reported pre-tax income of \$382 million in 2Q, up \$35 million YoY and up \$114 million QoQ
 - Net financing revenue down YoY due to lease portfolio normalization, partially offset by higher retail yields and asset balances
 - QoQ increase due primarily to higher retail asset balances and yields
 - Other revenue down YoY driven by loan sale activity in the prior year
 - Provision expense down YoY due primarily to lower retail auto charge-offs and reserve release
 - QoQ decline due primarily to seasonally lower retail auto charge-offs
- Growth channel dealers up 4% YoY and total consumer applications up 5%



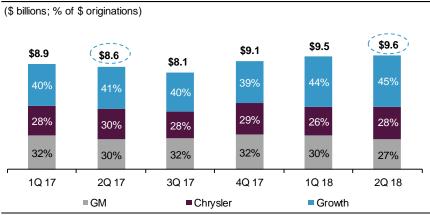
		In	crease/(D	ecre	ase) vs.
Key Financials (\$ millions)	2Q 18		1Q 18		2Q 17
Net financing revenue	\$ 925	\$	16	\$	(7)
Total other revenue	63		(3)		(44)
Total net revenue	988		13		(51)
Provision for loan losses	170		(89)		(96)
Noninterest expense ⁽¹⁾	436		(12)		10
Pre-tax income from continuing ops	\$ 382	\$	114	\$	35
U.S. auto earning assets (EOP)	\$ 114,796	\$	(17)	\$	(507)
Net lease revenue (\$ millions)					
Operating lease revenue	\$ 374	\$	(8)	\$	(114)
Depreciation expense	281		(10)		(72)
Remarketing gains	16		(2)		(16)
Total depreciation expense	265		(8)		(56)
Net lease revenue	\$ 109	\$	-	\$	(58)
Lease yield, net	5.09%		-0.03%		-1.54%
Average gain per vehicle	\$447	\$	42	\$	(6)
Off-lease vehicles terminated	35,919		(8,803)		(35,746)
(On-balance sheet - # in units)					

Noninterest expense includes corporate allocations of \$172 million in 2Q 2018, \$183 million in 1Q 2018 and \$170 million in 2Q 2017

Auto Finance – Key Metrics

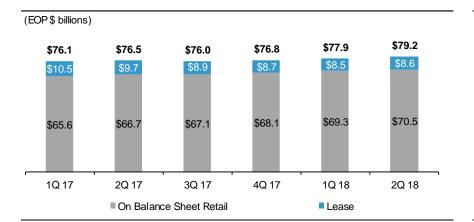


Consumer Originations

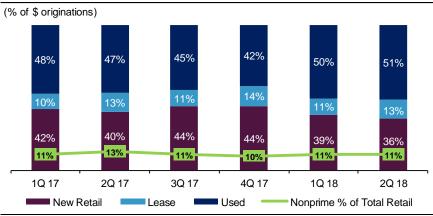


See page 24 for definitions

Consumer Assets

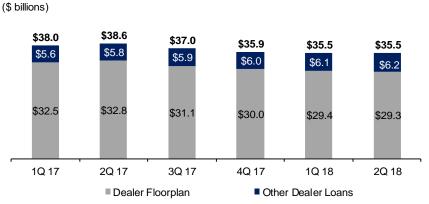


Origination Mix



See page 24 for definitions

Commercial Assets



Note: Asset balances reflect the average daily balance for the guarter

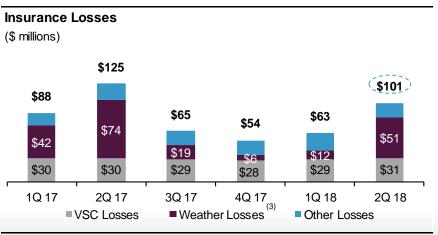
Insurance

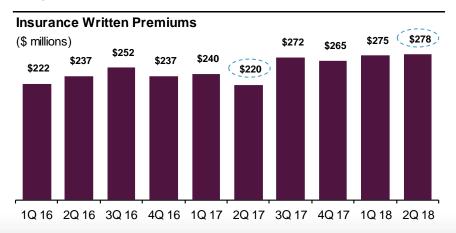


- Pre-tax income of \$11 million
- Core pre-tax income⁽¹⁾ of \$3 million in 2Q, up \$24 million YoY and down \$59 million QoQ
 - Earned premiums up YoY driven primarily by higher vehicle inventory insurance rates
 - QoQ decline driven primarily seasonally higher amortization of reinsurance cost
 - Seasonally higher weather losses QoQ but lower YoY
- Written premiums of \$278 million up \$58 million YoY
 - Increase driven by growth in vehicle service contract volume and vehicle inventory insurance rates
 - 2Q written premium reduced by the cost of reinsurance coverage

		Inc	rease/(D	ecrea	se) vs.
Key Financials (\$ millions)	 2Q 18	10	Q 18	20	Q 17
Premiums, service revenue earned and other	\$ 241	\$	(19)	\$	11
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	101		38		(24)
Acquisition and underwriting expenses (2)	 167		(1)	_	12
Total underwriting (loss) / income	(27)		(56)		23
Investment income and other (adjusted) (1)	 30		(3)		1_
Core pre-tax income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3	\$	(59)	\$	24
Change in fair value of equity securities (1)	 8		43		8
Pre-tax income from continuing ops	\$ 11	\$	(16)	\$	32
Total assets (EOP)	\$ 7,634	\$	77	\$	326
Key Statistics - Insurance Ratios	 2Q 18	10	Q 18	20	Q 17
Loss ratio	41.9%		24.3%		54.6%
Underwriting expense ratio	 69.4%		64.5%		67.5%
Combined ratio	111.2%		88.8%		122.1%

- (1) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Excludes equity fair value adjustments related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. See page 30 for details.
- (2) Noninterest expense includes corporate allocations of \$12 million in 2Q 2018, \$13 million in 1Q 2018 and \$13 million in 2Q 2017

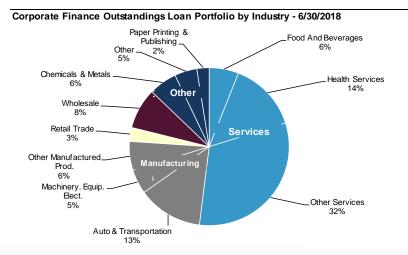




Corporate Finance



- Pre-tax income of \$58 million
- Core pre-tax income⁽¹⁾ of \$58 million in 2Q, up \$23 million YoY and up \$24 million QoQ
 - Net financing revenue up YoY driven by strong loan growth and accelerated deferred fees
 - Total other revenue up YoY from higher loan syndication income
 - Provision expense down YoY and QoQ driven primarily by a recovery recognized in the quarter
- Held-for-investment portfolio up 18% YoY
 - Portfolio balance relatively flat QoQ driven by disciplined execution

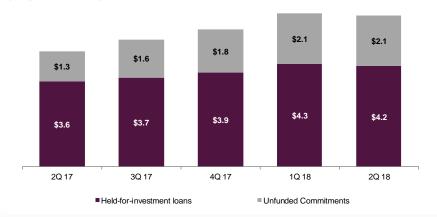


		Inc	rease/(D	ecreas	se) vs.
Key Financials (\$ millions)	 2Q 18	10	Q 18	20	Q 17
Net financing revenue	\$ 57	\$	11	\$	9
Total other revenue (adjusted) (1)	 14		1_		4
Total net revenue (adjusted) (1)	71		12		13
Provision for loan losses	(6)		(6)		(12)
Noninterest expense ⁽²⁾	 19		(6)		2
Core pre-tax income (1)	\$ 58	\$	24	\$	23
Change in fair value of equity securities (1)	 0		5		0
Pre-tax income from continuing ops	\$ 58	\$	29	\$	23
Total assets (EOP)	\$ 4,458	\$	83	\$	906

- (1) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Excludes equity fair value adjustments related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. See page 30 for details.
- Noninterest expense includes corporate allocations of \$6 million in 2Q 2018, \$7 million in 1Q 2018 and \$5 million in 2Q 2017

Corporate Finance Held-for-investment Loans and Unfunded Commitments

(end of period balances, \$ billions)



Mortgage Finance



- Pre-tax income of \$14 million in 2Q, up \$7 million
 YoY and up \$6 million QoQ
 - Higher net financing revenue YoY driven by asset balance growth from bulk purchase activity
 - Provision expense down YoY and QoQ driven primarily by strong credit performance
 - Noninterest expense up YoY driven by continued build out of direct-to-consumer offering and asset growth
- Held-for-investment assets at \$13.3 billion up 50%
 YoY
 - Bulk purchase activity of \$0.9 billion in 2Q 18

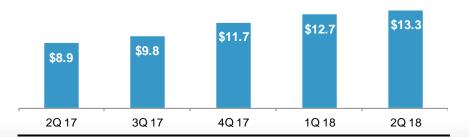
			Inc	rease/(D	ecrea	se) vs.
Key Financials (\$ millions)	:	2Q 18	10	Q 18		Q 17
Net financing revenue	\$	44	\$	1	\$	12
Total other revenue		2		1_		1
Total net revenue	\$	46	\$	2	\$	13
Provision for loan losses		-		(2)		(1)
Noninterest expense ⁽¹⁾		32		(2)		7
Pre-tax income from continuing ops	\$	14	\$	6	\$	7
Total assets (EOP)	\$	13,385	\$	605	\$	4,483

Mortgage Finance HFI Portfolio	2	Q 18	1	Q 18	 2Q 17
Net Carry Value (\$ billions)	\$	13.3	\$	12.7	\$ 8.9
Wtd. Avg. LTV/CLTV (2)		60.2%		60.4%	60.5%
Refreshed FICO		772		770	773

Noninterest expense includes corporate allocations of \$16 million in 2Q 2018, \$17 million in 1Q 2018 and \$12 million in 2Q 2017

Mortgage Finance Held-for-Investment Assets (\$ billions)

,				
	Ru	Ik Purchase Act	ivitv	
		111 1 G1011G00 7 10ti		
\$0.8	\$1.2	\$2.2	\$1.3	\$0.9



^{(2) 1}st lien only. Updated home values derived using a combination of appraisals, BPOs, AVMs and MSA level house price indices

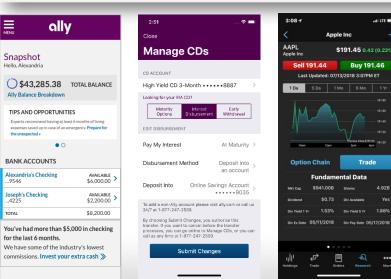
Investment in Digital Enhancements



Innovative customer-centric approach to digital banking

- ✓ Streamlined intuitive design of all digital assets - new homepage, responsive mobile web, and new mobile app experience
- ✓ Tailored digital experiences based on in-depth customer insights
- ✓ Systematically implementing new capabilities to improve customer satisfaction
- ✓ Significantly accelerating time to market through Agile transformation
- Constantly enhancing the performance of our digital assets through testing and innovation to deliver incremental customer growth
- ✓ Kiplinger's named Ally Bank the 2018 Best Bank for Millennials and Best Internet Bank the second consecutive year received





Conclusion



- Continued execution along strategic earnings growth path
- Auto finance business optimizing retail auto returns
- Strong customer growth supports the long-term strategic path
- Deposit franchise provides structural benefit to long-term earnings growth path
- Focused on building scale in product expansion areas
- Innovative digital experiences centered around the customer
- > Executing capital deployment strategy to maximize long-term shareholder returns

Building the leading digital bank

Supplemental Charts



Results by Segment



Pre-Tax Income							Inci	rease/(D	ecreas	se) vs.
(\$ millions)	2	Q 18	1	Q 18	2	Q 17	1(Q 18	20	ຊ 17
Automotive Finance	\$	382	\$	268	\$	347	\$	114	\$	35
Insurance		11		27		(21)		(16)		32
Dealer Financial Services	\$	393	\$	295	\$	326	\$	98	\$	67
Corporate Finance		58		29		35		29		23
Mortgage Finance		14		8		7		6		7
Corporate and Other		(4)		(4)		8				(12)
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$	461	\$	328	\$	376	\$	133	\$	85
Core OID (1)		21		20		17		1		4
Change in fair value of equity securities (2)		(8)		40		-		(48)		(8)
Core pre-tax income (3)	\$	474	\$	388	\$	393	\$	86	\$	81

⁽¹⁾ Core OID for all periods shown is applied to the pre-tax income of the Corporate and Other segment.

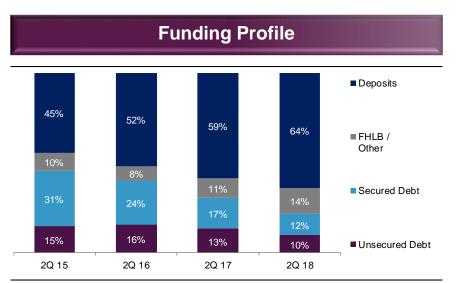
⁽²⁾ Change in fair value of equity securities impacts the Insurance and Corporate Finance segments. Reflects equity fair value adjustments related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. See page 30 for details.

⁽³⁾ Core pre-tax income is a non-GAAP financial measure that adjusts pre-tax income from continuing operations for Core OID and equity fair value adjustments related to ASU 2016-01. Management believes core pre-tax income can help the reader better understand the operating performance of the core businesses and their ability to generate earnings. See pages 24 and 30 for calculation methodology and details.

Funding and Liquidity

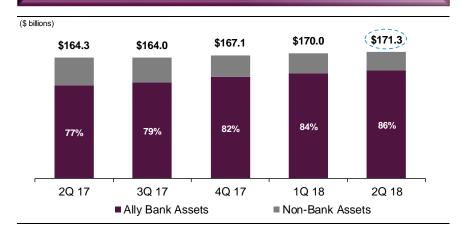


- Ally Bank funded assets at 86% up 9 pts YoY
- Deposits at 64% of total funding (ex Core OID balance) up 5 pts YoY
- \$2.8 billion of new secured funding in 2Q 18
 - \$2.0 billion retail auto securitizations
 - \$0.8 billion dealer floorplan securitization
- Strong total liquidity levels at \$19.7 billion as of 6/30/18

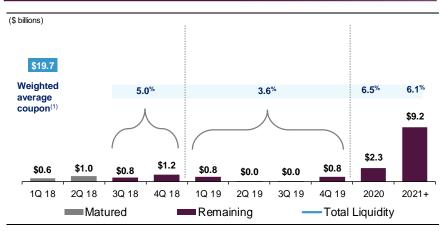


Note: excludes Core OID balance. See page 24 and 31 for details.

Growth in Bank Funded Assets



Unsecured Long-Term Debt Maturities



(1) Weighted average coupon based on notional value and corresponding coupon for all unsecured bonds as of January 1st of the respective year. Does not reflect weighted average interest expense for the respective year. 2021+ excludes ~\$2.6 billion Trust Preferred securities.

As of 6/30/18. Total maturities for 2021 and beyond do not exceed \$3.0 billion in any given year. Current period does not include early debt redemptions

Note: Total Liquidity includes cash & cash equivalents, highly liquid securities and current committed unused capacity. See page 18 of the Financial Supplement for more details.

Corporate and Other



- Corporate and Other includes the impact of centralized asset and liability management, corporate overhead allocation activities, the legacy mortgage portfolio and Ally Invest activity
- Pre-tax loss of \$4 million down \$12 million YoY and flat QoQ
 - Net financing revenue up YoY and QoQ driven primarily by higher investment securities balances and yield
 - Other revenue down YoY and QoQ primarily due to higher investment gain activity in prior quarters
- Total assets up \$1.8 billion YoY
 - Higher investment securities balance
 - Held-for-investment mortgage loan decline due to legacy portfolio run-off

		Inc	rease/(D	ecrea	ase) vs.
Key Financials (\$ millions)	 2Q 18	1	Q 18		2Q 17
Net financing revenue	\$ 55	\$	16	\$	14
Total other revenue	 19		(14)		(6)
Total net revenue	\$ 74	\$	2	\$	8
Provision for loan losses	(6)		(6)		(2)
Noninterest expense	 84		8		22
Pre-tax (loss) from continuing ops	\$ (4)	\$	-	\$	(12)
Core OID (1)	 21		1_		4
Core pre-tax income (2)	\$ 17	\$	1	\$	(8)
Cash & securities	\$ 24,650	\$	707	\$	2,376
Held-for-investment loans, net(3)	1,825		(153)		(626)
Other	 4,478		24		67
Total assets	\$ 30,953	\$	578	\$	1,817

⁽¹⁾ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 24 and 31 for details.

Ally Invest Details (brokerage)	2	Q 18	 1Q 18	 2Q 17
Net Funded Accounts (1) (thousands)		270.7	259.1	234.0
Average Customer Trades Per Day (thousands)		18.0	21.8	16.5
Total Customer Cash Balances (\$ millions)	\$	1,166	\$ 1,111	\$ 1,154
Total Net Customer Assets (\$ millions)	\$	5,990	\$ 5,473	\$ 5,006

Prior periods starting 1Q 18 adjusted to exclude small population of dormant low-balance legacy TradeKing accounts

⁽²⁾ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 30 for calculation methodology and details.

⁽³⁾ Primarily HFI legacy mortgage portfolio.

Interest Rate Sensitivity



Net Financing Revenue Impacts (1): Baseline vs. Forward Curve

		2Q	18			1Q	18	
(\$ millions)	Grad	dual (2)	Instan	taneous	Gra	dual (2)	Instan	taneous
-100 bp	\$	(28)	\$	(80)	\$	(39)	\$	(88)
+100 bp	\$	(7)	\$	(72)	\$	(4)	\$	(51)
Stable rate environment		n/m	\$	(27)		n/m	\$	(30)

⁽¹⁾ Net financing revenue impacts reflect a rolling 12-month view. See page 24 for additional details.

⁽²⁾ Gradual changes in interest rates are recognized over 12 months.

Deferred Tax Asset

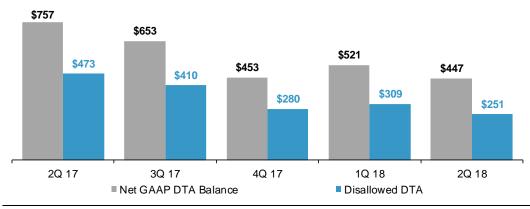


Deferred Tax Asset		20	Q 18 ⁽¹⁾		10	Q 18 ⁽¹⁾
(\$ millions)	DTA/(DTL) alance		luation owance	DTA/(DTL) alance		TA/(DTL) alance
Net Operating Loss (Federal)	\$ 125	\$	-	\$ 125	\$	274
Tax Credit Carryforwards	2,014		(984)	1,030		1,015
State/Local Tax Carryforwards	207		(144)	63		74
Other Deferred Tax Liabilities, net (2)	 (771)			 (771 <u>)</u>		(842)
Net Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 1,575	\$	(1,128)	\$ 447	\$	521

⁽¹⁾ GAAP does not prescribe a method for calculating individual elements of deferred taxes for interim periods; therefore, these balances are estimated

Deferred Tax Asset Utilization

(\$ millions)



Note: reflects Basel III fully phased-in disallowed DTA. Disallowed DTA is phased in to CET1 during transition period. See page 29 for more details.

⁽²⁾ Primarily book / tax timing differences



The following are non-GAAP financial measures which Ally believes are important to the reader of the Consolidated Financial Statements, but which are supplemental to, and not a substitute for, GAAP measures: Adjusted Earnings per Share (Adjusted EPS), Core Pre-Tax Income, Core Net Income Attributable to Common Shareholders, Core Return on Tangible Common Equity (Core ROTCE), Adjusted Efficiency Ratio, fully phased-in Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital, Adjusted Total Net Revenue, Adjusted Other Revenue, Core original issue discount (Core OID) amortization expense and Core outstanding original issue discount balance (Core OID balance), Net Financing Revenue, excluding Core OID, Adjusted Total Net Revenue and Adjusted Tangible Book Value per Share (Adjusted TBVPS). These measures are used by management and we believe are useful to investors in assessing the company's operating performance and capital. Refer to the Definitions of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Key Terms, and Reconciliation to GAAP later in this document.

- 1) Accelerated issuance expense (Accelerated OID) is the recognition of issuance expenses related to calls of redeemable debt.
- 2) Core net income attributable to common shareholders is a non-GAAP financial measure that serves as the numerator in the calculations of Adjusted EPS and Core ROTCE and that, like those measures, is believed by management to help the reader better understand the operating performance of the core businesses and their ability to generate earnings. Core net income attributable to common shareholders adjusts GAAP net income attributable to common shareholders for discontinued operations net of tax, tax-effected Core OID expense, tax-effected repositioning items primarily related to the extinguishment of high-cost legacy debt and strategic activities, certain discrete tax items and preferred stock capital actions and tax-effected changes in equity investments measured at fair value. See page 25 for calculation methodology and details.
- 3) Core original issue discount (Core OID) amortization expense is a non-GAAP financial measure for OID, primarily related to bond exchange OID which excludes international operations and future issuances. See page 31 for calculation methodology and details.
- 4) Core outstanding original issue discount balance (Core OID balance) is a non-GAAP financial measure for outstanding OID, primarily related to bond exchange OID which excludes international operations and future issuances. See page 31 for calculation methodology and details.
- 5) Core pre-tax income is a non-GAAP financial measure that adjusts pre-tax income from continuing operations by excluding (1) Core OID and (2) repositioning items primarily related to the extinguishment of high-cost legacy debt and strategic activities and (3) equity fair value adjustments related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. Management believes core pre-tax income can help the reader better understand the operating performance of the core businesses and their ability to generate earnings. See page 30 for calculation methodology and details.
- 6) Interest rate risk modeling We prepare our forward-looking baseline forecasts of net financing revenue taking into consideration anticipated future business growth, asset/liability positioning, and interest rates based on the implied forward curve. The analysis is highly dependent upon a variety of assumptions including the repricing characteristics of retail deposits with both contractual and non-contractual maturities. During the first quarter of 2017 we implemented a dynamic pass-through modeling assumption on our retail liquid deposit portfolio, whereby deposit pass- through levels increase as the absolute level of the Federal Funds Rate increases. Our baseline forecast assumes that our retail deposit beta, measured on a cumulative basis since the tightening cycle began in December 2015, increases to approximately 75%. We continually monitor industry and competitive repricing activity along with other market factors when contemplating deposit pricing actions. Please see the 10-Q for more details.
- 7) Net charge-off ratios are calculated as annualized net charge-offs divided by average outstanding finance receivables and loans excluding loans measured at fair value and loans held-for-sale.
- 8) Tangible Common Equity is a non-GAAP financial measure that is defined as common stockholders' equity less goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, net of deferred tax liabilities. Ally considers various measures when evaluating capital adequacy, including tangible common equity. Ally believes that tangible common equity is important because we believe readers may assess our capital adequacy using this measure. Additionally, presentation of this measure allows readers to compare certain aspects of our capital adequacy on the same basis to other companies in the industry. For purposes of calculating Core return on tangible common equity (Core ROTCE), tangible common equity is further adjusted for tax-effected Core OID balance and net deferred tax asset. See page 26 for more details.
- 9) U.S. consumer auto originations
 - New Retail standard and subvented rate new vehicle loans
 - Lease new vehicle lease originations
 - Used used vehicle loans
 - Growth total originations from non-GM/Chrysler dealers and direct-to-consumer loans
 - Nonprime originations with a FICO® Score of less than 620
- 10) Customer retention rate is the annualized 3-month rolling average of 1 minus the monthly attrition rate.



Adjusted Earnings per Share ("Adjusted EPS")											QU	ARTE	RLY TRE	ND											
		2Q 18		1Q 18	 IQ 17	_ 3	3Q 17	2	Q 17	1	Q 17	4	Q 16	3	3Q 16	2	Q 16	1	Q 16	_ 4	IQ 15	3	Q 15	2	Q 15
<u>Numerator</u> (\$ millions)																									
GAAP net income attributable to common shareholders	:	\$ 34	9 \$	250	\$ 181	\$	282	\$	252	\$	214	\$	248	\$	209	\$	345	\$	235	\$	(953)	\$	230	\$	(1,069)
Discontinued operations, net of tax			1)	2	(2)		(2)		2		(1)		(2)		52		(3)		(3)		13		5		(13)
Core OID		2	1	20	19		18		17		16		15		15		14		15		12		11		18
Repositioning items		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		4		7		3		2		154
Change in the fair value of equity securities			8)	40	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Tax on: core OID, repositioning items, & change in the fair value of equity securities (tax rate 21% starting 1Q18, 35% starting 1Q16; 34% prior)			(3)	(13)	(7)		(6)		(6)		(6)		(5)		(5)		(6)		(8)		(5)		(5)		(58)
Significant discrete tax items		-		-	119		-		-		-		-		-		(91)		7		-		-		-
Series G actions		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,179		-		1,171
Series A actions	_	-		-	 -				-		-		-		-		1		-		-		-		22
Core net income attributable to common shareholders	[a]	\$ 35	8 \$	300	\$ 310	\$	292	\$	265	\$	224	\$	256	\$	271	\$	263	\$	253	\$	249	\$	244	\$	224
Denominator																									
Weighted-average common shares outstanding - (Diluted, thousands)	[b]	432,55	4	438,931	444,985		451,078	4	158,819	4	166,829	4	474,505		483,575	4	486,074	4	184,654		484,845	4	84,399	4	483,687
<u>Metric</u>																									
GAAP EPS		\$ 0.8	1 \$	0.57	\$ 0.41	\$	0.63	\$	0.55	\$	0.46	\$	0.53	\$	0.43	\$	0.71	\$	0.49	\$	(1.97)	\$	0.47	\$	(2.22)
Discontinued operations, net of tax		(0.0	0)	0.00	(0.00)		(0.00)		0.00		(0.00)		(0.00)		0.11		(0.01)		(0.01)		0.03		0.01		(0.03)
Core OID		0.0		0.05	0.04		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.02		0.04
Repositioning items		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		0.01		0.01		0.01		0.00		0.32
Change in the fair value of equity securities		(0.0	2)	0.09	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-				-		-
Tax on Core OID, repositioning items, & change in the fair value of equity securities (tax rate 21%		(0.0	1)	(0.03)	(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.02)		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.12)
starting 1Q18, 35% starting 1Q16; 34% prior)		,		. ,	` '		. ,		. ,		, ,		. ,		. ,		` '				, ,		. ,		. ,
Significant discrete tax items		-		-	0.27		-		-		-		-		-		(0.19)		0.01		-		-		-
Series G actions		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2.43		-		2.42
Series A actions		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		0.05
Adjusted EPS	[a] / [b]	\$ 0.8	3 \$	0.68	\$ 0.70	\$	0.65		0.58	\$	0.48	\$	0.54	\$	0.56	\$	0.54	\$	0.52	\$	0.52	\$	0.51	\$	0.46

Adjusted earnings per share (Adjusted EPS) is a non-GAAP financial measure that adjusts GAAP EPS for revenue and expense items that are typically strategic in nature or that management otherwise does not view as reflecting the operating performance of the company. Management believes Adjusted EPS can help the reader better understand the operating performance of the core businesses and their ability to generate earnings. In the numerator of Adjusted EPS, GAAP net income attributable to common shareholders is adjusted for the following items: (1) excludes discontinued operations, net of tax, as Ally is primarily a domestic company and sales of international businesses and other discontinued operations in the past have significantly impacted GAAP EPS, (2) adds back the tax-effected non-cash Core OID, (3) adds back tax-effected repositioning items primarily related to the extinguishment of high-cost legacy debt and strategic activities, (4) excludes equity fair value adjustments (net of tax) related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity, (5) excludes certain discrete tax items that do not relate to the operating performance of the core businesses, and (6) adjusts for preferred stock capital actions (e.g., Series A and Series G) that have been taken by the company to normalize its capital structure.



Adjusted Tangible Book Value per Share ("Adjusted TBVPS")											QL	JARTE	RLY TRE	ND											
		2Q 18	1Q 18	_	4Q 17	3	3Q 17	- 2	Q 17	1	Q 17	4	Q 16	3	Q 16	- 2	Q 16	1	Q 16	4	IQ 15	3	Q 15	20	Q 15
<u>Numerator</u> (\$ billions)																									
GAAP shareholder's equity	\$	13.1	\$ 13.1	\$	13.5	\$	13.6	\$	13.5	\$	13.4	\$	13.3	\$	13.6	\$	13.6	\$	13.8	\$	13.4	\$	14.6	\$	14.3
Preferred equity		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(0.7)		(0.7)		(0.8)		(0.8)
GAAP common shareholder's equity	\$	13.1	\$ 13.1	\$	13.5	\$	13.6	\$	13.5	\$	13.4	\$	13.3	\$	13.6	\$	13.6	\$	13.1	\$	12.7	\$	13.8	\$	13.5
Goodwill and identifiable intangibles, net of DTLs		(0.3)	(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.0)		(0.0)		(0.0)		(0.0)
Tangible common equity		12.8	12.8		13.2		13.3		13.2		13.1		13.0		13.3		13.3		13.1		12.7		13.8		13.5
Tax-effected Core OID balance (21% tax rate starting 4Q17, 35% starting 1Q16; 34% prior)		(0.9)	(0.9)		(0.9)		(0.8)		(0.8)		(0.8)		(0.8)		(0.8)		(0.8)		(0.8)		(0.9)		(0.9)		(0.9)
Series G discount			-		-		-		-				-		-		-		-		-		(1.2)		(1.2)
Adjusted tangible book value	[a] \$	12.0	\$ 11.9	\$	12.3	\$	12.5	\$	12.4	\$	12.3	\$	12.2	\$	12.5	\$	12.5	\$	12.3	\$	11.9	\$	11.7	\$	11.4
Denominator																									
Issued shares outstanding (period-end, thousands)	[b]	425,752	432,691		437,054		443,796		452,292	4	462,193	4	67,000		475,470		483,753		483,475		481,980		481,750	4	81,750
Metric																									
GAAP shareholder's equity per share	\$	30.9	\$ 30.2	\$	30.9	\$	30.6	\$	29.8	\$	28.9	\$	28.5	\$	28.7	\$	28.1	\$	28.6	\$	27.9	\$	30.3	\$	29.7
Preferred equity per share		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(1.4)		(1.4)		(1.7)		(1.7)
GAAP common shareholder's equity per share	\$	30.9	\$ 30.2	\$	30.9	\$	30.6	\$	29.8	\$	28.9	\$	28.5	\$	28.7	\$	28.1	\$	27.2	\$	26.4	\$	28.6	\$	28.0
Goodwill and identifiable intangibles, net of DTLs per share		(0.7)	(0.7)		(0.7)		(0.6)		(0.6)		(0.6)		(0.6)		(0.6)		(0.6)		(0.1)		(0.1)		(0.1)		(0.1)
Tangible common equity per share		30.2	29.6		30.2		29.9		29.2		28.3		27.9		28.0		27.6		27.1		26.4		28.6		27.9
Tax-effected Core OID balance (21% tax rate starting 4Q17, 35% starting 1Q16; 34% prior) per share		(2.1)	(2.1)		(2.1)		(1.8)		(1.7)		(1.7)		(1.7)		(1.7)		(1.7)		(1.7)		(1.8)		(1.8)		(1.8)
Series G discount per share		`- '	`- '		`- '		- '		- '				`- '		`- '		- '		`-		`- '		(2.4)		(2.4)
Adjusted tangible book value per share	[a] / [b] \$	28.1	\$ 27.4	\$	28.1	\$	28.2	\$	27.4	\$	26.6	\$	26.2	\$	26.3	\$	25.9	\$	25.4	\$	24.6	\$	24.3	\$	23.7

Adjusted tangible book value per share (Adjusted TBVPS) is a non-GAAP financial measure that reflects the book value of equity attributable to shareholders even if Core OID balance were accelerated immediately through the financial statements. As a result, management believes Adjusted TBVPS provides the reader with an assessment of value that is more conservative than GAAP common shareholder's equity per share. Adjusted TBVPS generally adjusts common equity for: (1) goodwill and identifiable intangibles, net of DTLs, (2) tax-effected Core OID balance to reduce tangible common equity in the event the corresponding discounted bonds are redeemed/tendered and (3) Series G discount which reduces tangible common equity as the company has normalized its capital structure.

Note: in December 2017, tax-effected Core OID balance was adjusted from a statutory U.S. Federal tax rate of 35% to 21% ("rate") as a result of changes to U.S. tax law. The adjustment conservatively increased the tax-effected Core OID balance and consequently reduced Adjusted TBVPS as any acceleration of the non-cash charge in future periods would flow through the financial statements at a 21% rate versus a previously modeled 35% rate.



Core Return on Tangible Common Equity ("Core ROTCE")					QL	JARTE	RLY TRE	ND			
	_	2	Q 18	1	Q 18	4	Q 17	3	Q 17	2	Q 17
<u>Numerator</u> (\$ millions)	_										
GAAP net income attributable to common shareholders		\$	349	\$	250	\$	181	\$	282	\$	252
Discontinued operations, net of tax			(1)		2		(2)		(2)		2
Core OID			21		20		19		18		17
Change in the fair value of equity securities			(8)		40		-		-		-
Tax on Core OID & change in the fair value of equity securities (tax rate 21% starting in 1Q18, 35% prior)			(3)		(13)		(7)		(6)		(6)
Significant discrete tax items & other			-		-		119		-		-
Core net income attributable to common shareholders	[a]	\$	358	\$	300	\$	310	\$	292	\$	265
<u>Denominator</u> (2-period average, \$ billions)											
GAAP shareholder's equity		\$	13.1	\$	13.3	\$	13.5	\$	13.5	\$	13.4
Goodwill & identifiable intangibles, net of deferred tax liabilities ("DTLs")			(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)		(0.3)
Tangible common equity	_	\$	12.8	\$	13.0	\$	13.2	\$	13.2	\$	13.1
Core OID balance			(1.1)		(1.2)		(1.2)		(1.2)		(1.2)
Net deferred tax asset ("DTA")			(0.5)		(0.5)		(0.6)		(0.7)		(0.9)
Normalized common equity	[b]	\$	11.2	\$	11.3	\$	11.5	\$	11.3	\$	11.1
Core Return on Tangible Common Equity	[a] / [b]		12.8%		10.6%		10.8%		10.3%		9.6%

Core return on tangible common equity (Core ROTCE) is a non-GAAP financial measure that management believes is helpful for readers to better understand the ongoing ability of the company to generate returns on its equity base that supports core operations. For purposes of this calculation, tangible common equity is adjusted for Core OID balance and net DTA. Ally's Core net income attributable to common shareholders for purposes of calculating Core ROTCE is based on the actual effective tax rate for the period adjusted for any discrete tax items including tax reserve releases, which aligns with the methodology used in calculating adjusted earnings per share.

- (1) In the numerator of Core ROTCE, GAAP net income attributable to common shareholders is adjusted for discontinued operations net of tax, tax-effected Core OID, fair value adjustments (net of tax) related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, which requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity, certain discrete tax items and preferred stock capital actions.
- (2) In the denominator, GAAP shareholder's equity is adjusted for preferred equity and goodwill and identifiable intangibles net of DTL, Core OID balance, and net DTA.



Adjusted Efficiency Ratio					QU	JARTI	ERLY TREI	ND			
	_	2	Q 18	1	IQ 18	4	1Q 17	3	3Q 17	2	2Q 17
<u>Numerator</u> (\$ millions)	_										
GAAP noninterest expense		\$	839	\$	814	\$	769	\$	753	\$	810
Rep and warrant expense			2		0		0		0		0
Insurance expense	_		(268)		(231)		(213)		(218)		(280)
Adjusted noninterest expense for the Adjusted efficiency ratio	[a]	\$	573	\$	583	\$	556	\$	535	\$	530
<u>Denominator</u> (\$ millions)											
Total net revenue		\$	1,458	\$	1,403	\$	1,473	\$	1,462	\$	1,455
Core OID			21		20		19		18		17
Insurance revenue			279		258		293		287		259
Adjusted net revenue for the Adjusted efficiency ratio	[b]	\$	1,200	\$	1,165	\$	1,199	\$	1,193	\$	1,213
Adjusted Efficiency Ratio	[a] / [b]		47.7%		50.1%		46.4%		44.9%		43.7%

Adjusted efficiency ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure that management believes is helpful to readers in comparing the efficiency of its core banking and lending businesses with those of its peers. In the numerator of Adjusted efficiency ratio, total noninterest expense is adjusted for Insurance segment expense and Rep and warrant expense. In the denominator, total net revenue is adjusted for Insurance segment revenue and Core OID. See page 13 for the combined ratio for the Insurance segment which management uses as a primary measure of underwriting profitability for the Insurance segment.



Regulatory Capital - Basel III transition to fully phased-in (\$ billions) Numerator	 Q 18	1	Q 18	 4Q 17	;	3Q 17	 2Q 17
Common equity tier 1 capital (transition) DTAs arising from NOL and tax credit carryforwards phased-in during transition Intangibles phased-in during transition	\$ 13.3 - -	\$	13.1 - -	\$ 13.2 (0.1) (0.0)	\$	13.2 (0.1) (0.0)	\$ 13.1 (0.1) (0.0)
Common equity tier 1 capital (fully phased-in)	\$ 13.3	\$	13.1	\$ 13.2	\$	13.1	\$ 13.0
<u>Denominator</u>							
Risk-weighted assets (transition) DTAs arising from temporary differences that could not be realized through NOL,	\$ 141.6	\$	141.2	\$ 138.9	\$	135.6	\$ 137.9
net of VA and net of DTLs phased-in during transition	0.3		0.3	0.3		0.4	0.4
Intangibles phased in during transition	 			 (0.0)		(0.0)	(0.0)
Risk-weighted assets (fully phased-in)	\$ 141.9	\$	141.6	\$ 139.2	\$	136.0	\$ 138.4
<u>Metric</u>							
Common equity tier 1 (transition)	9.4%		9.3%	9.5%		9.7%	9.5%
Common equity tier 1 (fully phased-in)	9.3%		9.2%	9.5%		9.6%	9.4%

Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital fully phased-in: Under the Basel III regulatory framework as adopted in the United States, banking organizations like the company are required to comply with a minimum ratio of common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets (CET1 Capital Ratio). Common equity tier 1 capital generally consists of common stock (plus any related surplus and net of any treasury stock), retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income, and minority interests in the common equity of consolidated subsidiaries, subject to specified conditions and adjustments. The obligation to comply with the minimum CET1 Capital Ratio is subject to ongoing transition periods and other provisions under Basel III. Management believes that both the transitional CET1 Capital Ratio and the fully phased-in CET1 Capital Ratio are helpful to readers in evaluating the company's capital utilization and adequacy in absolute terms and relative to its peers. The fully phased-in CET1 Capital Ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure that is reconciled to the transitional CET1 Capital Ratio above.



(\$ millions)				2Q	18						1Q	18							2Q	17		
		GAAP	Core Ol Repositio Item	oning	Change in fair valu equity securiti	e of y	Non-C	GAAP (1)	 GAAP	Repo	OID & sitioning ems	Change fair val equi securi	ue of ty	Non-	-GAAP ⁽¹⁾		GAAP	Repo	e OID & sitioning ems	Change in the fair value of equity securities	Non-	-GAAP ⁽¹
Consolidated Ally																						
Net financing revenue	\$	1,094	\$	21	\$	-	\$	1,115	\$ 1,049	\$	20	\$	-	\$	1,069	\$	1,067	\$	17	\$ -	\$	1,084
Total other revenue		364		-		(8)		356	354		-		40		394		388		-	-		388
Provision for loan losses		158		-		-		158	261		-		-		261		269		-	-		269
Noninterest expense		839				-		839	814						814		810		<u> </u>			810
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	<u>\$</u>	461	\$	21	\$	(8)	\$	474	\$ 328	\$	20	\$	40	\$	388	\$	376	\$	17	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	393
Corporate / Other																						
Net financing revenue	\$	55	\$	21	\$	-	\$	76	\$ 39	\$	20	\$	-	\$	59	\$	41	\$	17	\$ -	\$	58
Total other revenue (loss)		19		-		-		19	33		-		-		33		25		-	-		25
Provision for loan losses		(6)		-		-		(6)	-		-		-		-		(4)		-	-		(4
Noninterest expense		84				-		84	 76						76		62		-			62
Pre-tax (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(4)	\$	21	\$	<u> </u>	\$	17	\$ (4)	\$	20	\$	<u> </u>	\$	16	\$	8	\$	17	<u>\$</u> -	\$	25
<u>Insurance</u>																						
Premiums, service revenue earned and other	\$	244	\$	-	\$	-	\$	244	\$ 262	\$	-	\$	-	\$	262	\$	232	\$	-	\$ -	\$	232
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		101		-		-		101	63		-		-		63		125		-	-		125
Acquisition and underwriting expenses		167		-		-		167	168				-		168		155		-	-		155
Investment income and other		35				(8)		27	 (4)				35		31		27		-			27
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$	11	\$		\$	(8)	\$	3	\$ 27	\$		\$	35	\$	62	\$	(21)	\$		\$ -	\$	(21
Corporate Finance																						
Net financing revenue	\$	57	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57	\$ 46	\$		\$	_	\$	46	\$	48	\$	-	\$ -	\$	48
Total other revenue		14		-		(0)		14	8				5		13		10		-	-		10
Provision for loan losses		(6)		-		-		(6)	_				_				6		-	-		
Noninterest expense		19						19	25		_				25		17		_	_		17
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	s	58	\$		\$	(0)	\$	58	\$ 29	\$		\$	5	\$	34	s	35	\$		s -	\$	35

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP line items walk to Core net income attributable to common shareholders, a non-GAAP financial measure that adjusts net income . See page 24 for definitions.



Original issue discount amortization expense												QUA	ARTER	LY TR	END											
(\$ millions)	20	18	1Q	18	4Q	17	3Q ²	17	2Q	17	10	Q 17	4Q	16	30	16	2Q	16	10	16	4Q	15	30	15	2Q	ว 15
Core original issue discount (Core OID) amortization expense (1) Other OID GAAP original issue discount amortization expense	\$	21 4 25	\$	20 4 24	\$	19 5 24	\$	18 5 23	\$	17 5 22	\$	16 5 21	\$	15 6 21	\$	15 6 21	\$	14 4 18	\$	13 5 18	\$	12 5	\$	11 5 16	\$	11 4 15
Outstanding original issue discount balance												QUA	ARTER	LY TR	END											
(\$ millions)	20	18	1Q	18	4Q	17	3Q ′	17	2Q	17	10	17	4Q	16	30	16	2Q	16	1Q	16	4Q	15	30	15	2Q	2 15
Core outstanding original issue discount balance (Core OID balance) Other outstanding OID balance GAAP outstanding original issue discount balance		1,137) (49) 1,187)		,158) (53) ,211)		(57) (57)	\$ (1,: \$ (1,:	(62)	\$ (1 \$ (1	,215) (67) ,282)		1,232) (72) 1,304)		,249) (77) ,326)		(83) (1,347)	\$ (1 ₁	(88)		(82) (375)		,304) (87) ,391)		,316) (84) ,400)		1, 327) (89) 1, 416)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes accelerated OID. See page 24 for definitions.

Net Financing Revenue (ex. Core OID)									QUA	ARTERLY	TRE	ND									
(\$ millions)		2Q 1	8	1Q 18	4Q 17	3Q 17	2Q 17	1	Q 17	4Q 16	<u> </u>	3Q 16	2	Q 16	1	Q 16	40	Q 15	30	ว 15	2Q 15
GAAP Net Financing Revenue		\$ 1,0		\$ 1,049	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,081	\$ 1,067	\$	979	\$ 97	-	\$ 996	\$	984	\$	951	\$	983	\$	970	\$ 916
Core OID			21	20	19	18	17		16		15	15		14		13		12		11	11
Net Financing Revenue (ex. Core OID)	[a]	\$ 1,1	15	\$ 1,069	\$ 1,113	\$ 1,099	\$ 1,084	\$	995	\$ 99	91	\$ 1,011	\$	998	\$	964	\$	995	\$	981	\$ 927
Adjusted Other Revenue									QUA	ARTERLY	TRE	ND									
(\$ millions)		2Q 1	8	1Q 18	4Q 17	3Q 17	2Q 17	1	Q 17	4Q 16	<u> </u>	3Q 16	2	Q 16	1	Q 16	40	Q 15	30	Q 15	2Q 15
GAAP Other Revenue		\$ 3	64	\$ 354	\$ 379	\$ 381	\$ 388	\$	396	\$ 39	92	\$ 388	\$	374	\$	376	\$	356	\$	332	\$ 211
Accelerated OID & repositioning items			-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-		4		2		-	157
Change in the fair value of equity securities			(8)	40	-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Adjusted Other Revenue	[b]	\$ 3	56	\$ 394	\$ 379	\$ 381	\$ 388	\$	396	\$ 39	92	\$ 388	\$	374	\$	380	\$	358	\$	332	\$ 368
Adjusted Total Net Revenue																					
(\$ millions)																					
Adjusted Total Net Revenue	[a],[b]	\$ 1,4	71	\$ 1,463	\$ 1,492	\$ 1,480	\$ 1,472	¢	1,391	\$ 1,38		\$ 1,399	•	1,372	¢	1,344	•	1,353	¢	1,313	\$ 1,295

Note: Accelerated OID and repositioning items primarily related to the extinguishment of high-cost legacy debt and strategic activities. Equity fair value adjustments related to ASU 2016-01, effective 1/1/2018, requires change in the fair value of equity securities to be recognized in current period net income as compared to prior periods in which such adjustments were recognized through other comprehensive income, a component of equity. See page 24 for definitions.