

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 27, 2016

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from            to

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**Jamba, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation)

001-32552  
(Commission  
File No.)

20-2122262  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

3001 Dallas Parkway, Suite 140, Frisco, Texas 75034  
(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (469) 294-9800

6475 Christie Avenue, Suite 150, Emeryville, California 94608  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/> (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of shares of common stock of Jamba, Inc. outstanding as of October 31, 2016 was 15,329,813.

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**JAMBA, INC.**  
**QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**  
**QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 27, 2016**

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JAMBA, INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 27, 2016	December 29, 2015
	(Unaudited)	
<b>(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)</b>		
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,257	\$ 19,730
Receivables, net of allowances of \$427 and \$618	11,705	16,932
Inventories	630	818
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,909	6,533
Total current assets	31,501	44,013
Property, fixtures and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$38,935 and \$36,815	19,114	18,744
Goodwill	1,184	1,184
Trademarks and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,580 and \$2,527	1,359	1,464
Other long-term assets	3,197	4,211
Total assets	<u>\$ 56,355</u>	<u>\$ 69,616</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,158	\$ 3,815
Accrued compensation and benefits	3,623	3,788
Workers' compensation and health insurance reserves	647	633
Accrued jambacard liability	23,713	29,306
Accrued expenses	10,176	9,977
Other current liabilities	8,139	8,116
Total current liabilities	48,456	55,635
Deferred rent and other long-term liabilities	7,185	8,990
Total liabilities	<u>55,641</u>	<u>64,625</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value—30,000,000 shares authorized; 18,187,950 and 15,329,133 shares issued and outstanding, respectively, at September 27, 2016, and 17,938,820 and 15,080,003 shares issued and outstanding, respectively, at December 29, 2015	18	18
Additional paid-in capital	406,591	403,605
Treasury shares, at cost	(40,009)	(40,009)
Accumulated deficit	(365,886)	(358,623)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>714</u>	<u>4,991</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 56,355</u>	<u>\$ 69,616</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**JAMBA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	13-Week Period Ended		39-Week Period Ended	
	September 27, 2016	September 29, 2015	September 27, 2016	September 29, 2015
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Company stores	\$ 14,350	\$ 28,213	\$ 40,177	\$ 124,301
Franchise and other revenue	7,711	7,284	22,178	17,826
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>22,061</b>	<b>35,497</b>	<b>62,355</b>	<b>142,127</b>
<b>Costs and operating expenses:</b>				
Cost of sales	3,437	6,626	9,720	30,507
Labor	4,644	8,843	13,470	39,807
Occupancy	1,879	3,980	5,815	16,946
Store operating	2,381	5,901	7,015	21,994
Depreciation and amortization	1,068	1,143	4,244	4,360
General and administrative	9,699	9,003	26,732	26,393
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	204	(16,076)	501	(21,334)
Store pre-opening	210	287	860	475
Impairment of long-lived assets	229	1,907	356	2,202
Store lease termination and closure costs	178	207	242	269
Other operating, net	104	375	620	2,414
<b>Total costs and operating expenses</b>	<b>24,033</b>	<b>22,196</b>	<b>69,575</b>	<b>124,033</b>
<b>(Loss) income from operations</b>	<b>(1,972)</b>	<b>13,301</b>	<b>(7,220)</b>	<b>18,094</b>
<b>Interest (expense) income, net:</b>				
Interest income	50	49	195	78
Interest expense	(51)	(53)	(169)	(162)
<b>Total interest (expense) income, net:</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>(84)</b>
<b>(Loss) income before income taxes</b>	<b>(1,973)</b>	<b>13,297</b>	<b>(7,194)</b>	<b>18,010</b>
Income tax benefit (expense)	9	(194)	(69)	(277)
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	<b>(1,964)</b>	<b>13,103</b>	<b>(7,263)</b>	<b>17,733</b>
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	52
<b>Net (loss) income attributable to Jamba, Inc.</b>	<b>\$ (1,964)</b>	<b>\$ 13,103</b>	<b>\$ (7,263)</b>	<b>\$ 17,681</b>
<b>Weighted-average shares used in the computation of (loss) earnings per share attributable to Jamba, Inc.</b>				
Basic	15,292,699	15,808,680	15,181,695	16,084,411
Diluted	15,292,699	16,214,943	15,181,695	16,558,680
<b>(Loss) earnings per share attributable to Jamba, Inc. common stockholders</b>				
Basic	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.83	\$ (0.48)	\$ 1.10
Diluted	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.81	\$ (0.48)	\$ 1.07

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**JAMBA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	39-Week Period Ended	
	September 27, 2016	September 29, 2015
<b>Cash flows used in operating activities:</b>		
Net (loss) income	\$ (7,263)	\$ 17,733
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,244	4,360
Store closure costs and gain on disposals	683	(25,394)
Jambacard breakage income	(2,180)	(2,649)
Gain on contingent consideration	-	(156)
Gain on sale of investment in joint venture	-	(662)
Stock-based compensation	2,366	3,633
Bad debt and purchase obligation reserves	(42)	1,433
Deferred rent	(1,334)	(1,330)
Loss on investment	26	173
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	5,269	997
Inventories	188	486
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,624	1,441
Other long-term assets	987	(1,696)
Accounts payable	(2,627)	(2,884)
Accrued compensation and benefits	(165)	(2,904)
Workers' compensation and health insurance reserves	14	(471)
Accrued jambacard liability	(3,413)	(6,736)
Accrued expenses	203	1,706
Other current liabilities	24	1,424
Other long-term liabilities	(809)	600
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,205)	(10,896)
<b>Cash flows (used in) provided by investing activities:</b>		
Capital expenditures	(3,884)	(3,907)
Proceeds from disposal of assets	-	46,926
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(3,884)	43,019
<b>Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:</b>		
Payment on capital lease obligations	(4)	(28)
Payments for treasury shares	-	(26,122)
Proceeds pursuant to stock issuance	620	1,565
Payments to noncontrolling interest	-	(52)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	616	(24,637)
<b>Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	(5,473)	7,486
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	19,730	17,750
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 14,257	\$ 25,236
<b>Supplemental cash flow information:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 14	\$ 23
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 13	\$ -
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Property, fixtures and equipment in accounts payable	\$ 971	\$ 383
Property, fixtures and equipment funded by a tenant allowance	\$ 380	\$ -
Note taken for store disposal	\$ -	\$ 2,000

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**JAMBA, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

*Business*

Jamba, Inc. consummated its initial public offering in July 2005. On November 29, 2006, Jamba, Inc. consummated the merger with Jamba Juice Company whereby Jamba Juice Company, which first began operations in 1990, became its wholly-owned subsidiary.

Jamba, Inc. through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Jamba Juice Company, is a healthy, active lifestyle brand with a robust, expanding global business driven by a portfolio of franchised and company-owned Jamba Juice<sup>®</sup> stores and Jamba Juice Express<sup>™</sup> formats. The Jamba<sup>®</sup> brand includes innovative product platforms and both licensed and company driven consumer packaged goods. The Company is a leading restaurant retailer of “better-for-you” specialty food and beverage offerings which include great tasting, whole fruit smoothies, fresh squeezed juices and juice blends, Energy Bowls<sup>™</sup> and a variety of food items including, hot oatmeal, breakfast wraps, Artisan Flatbreads<sup>™</sup>, baked goods and snacks. Jamba Juice Company continues to expand the Jamba brand by direct selling of consumer packaged goods (“CPG”) products, and by licensing its trademarks for CPG products sold through retail channels such as grocery stores, warehouse clubs and convenience stores. The Company’s headquarters were located in Emeryville, California and was relocated to Frisco, Texas in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2016.

As of September 27, 2016, there were 896 Jamba Juice stores globally, consisting of 69 Company-owned and operated stores (“Company Stores”), 759 franchisee-owned and operated stores (“Franchise Stores”) in the United States and 68 Franchise Stores in international locations (“International Stores”). The JambaGO<sup>®</sup> business consists of approximately 2,000 licensed units located across the United States.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

*Basis of presentation and consolidation*

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Jamba, Inc. have been prepared pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) for Form 10-Q. The December 29, 2015 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from the audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of the 13-week or 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the entire fiscal year.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its direct or indirect subsidiary, Jamba Juice Company. The accounts of Jamba Juice Southern California, LLC (“JJSC”) are included through April 28, 2015, when the Company sold its 88% interest in JJSC to the holder of JJSC’s non-controlling interest. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications were made to the Company’s prior financial statements to conform to current year presentation. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2015.

### ***Effect of prior period misstatements***

In the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016, the Company corrected certain errors including an overstatement of expenses included within depreciation expense of approximately \$0.6 million and other income, net of approximately \$0.3 million, related to prior period financial statements. These adjustments related to both the prior quarters of 2016 and prior year 2015 results. The Company determined that the corrections were neither quantitatively or qualitatively material to those periods individually and in the aggregate. In addition, these items are expected to have an immaterial impact on net income for the full 2016 fiscal year.

### ***Use of estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### ***Comprehensive Income***

Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity during a period from transactions and other events, excluding changes resulting from investments from owners and distributions to owners. The Company currently has no components of comprehensive income other than net income, therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income is presented.

### ***Earnings (Loss) Per Share***

Earnings (loss) per share is computed in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 260, *Earnings Per Share*. Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares and potentially dilutive securities, which includes preferred stock outstanding, outstanding warrants and outstanding options and restricted stock awards granted under the Company’s stock option plans.

Anti-dilutive common stock equivalents totaling 2.1 million and 1.9 million were excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted-average shares outstanding for the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016, respectively. Anti-dilutive common stock equivalents totaling 2.0 million and 1.9 million were excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted-average shares outstanding for the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015, respectively.

### ***Fair Value Measurement***

Fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. Refer to Note 4, Fair Value Measurement, for examples of fair values for assets and liabilities. A three-tier fair value hierarchy is established as a basis for considering such assumptions and for inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions that market participants would use in pricing.

### ***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

The Company has not yet adopted and is currently assessing the potential impact of the following pronouncements on its Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosure:

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued amended guidance on revenue from contracts with customers which amended the existing accounting standards for revenue recognition. Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, establishes principles for recognizing revenue upon the transfer of promised goods or services to customers, in an amount that reflects the expected consideration received in exchange for those goods or services. In July 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017 (including interim reporting periods within those periods). Early adoption is permitted to the original effective date of the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2016 (including interim reporting periods within those periods). The amendment guidance may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented with the option to apply practical expedients or retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized as of the date of initial application.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*, which will require lessees to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning fiscal year 2019, with early adoption permitted. The new standard is required to be applied with a modified retrospective approach to each prior reporting period presented with various optional practical expedients.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-04, *Recognition of Breakage for Certain Prepaid Stored-Value Products*. The new guidance creates an exception under ASC 405-20, *Liabilities-Extinguishments of Liabilities*, to derecognize financial liabilities related to certain prepaid stored-value products using a revenue-like breakage model. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning fiscal year 2018, with early adoption permitted. This guidance can be applied either retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation-Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. The updated guidance changes how companies account for certain aspects of share-based payment awards to employees, including the accounting for income taxes, forfeitures and statutory tax withholding requirements, as well as classification in the statement of cash flows. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning fiscal year 2017, with early application permitted.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows—Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*, which provides specific guidance for certain cash flow classification issues, previously not specifically addressed, including classification for debt prepayment, contingent consideration made after a business combination, insurance claim proceeds and corporate-owned life insurance policies, distributions received from equity method investees and certain other items. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning fiscal year 2018, with early application permitted.

The Company has not yet adopted and does not expect the adoption of the following pronouncements to have a significant impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosure:

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, *Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*. This update provides guidance on management’s responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about the ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related disclosures. This guidance will be effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, *Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory*. This update applies to inventory that is measured using first-in, first-out (“FIFO”) or average cost method and requires measurement of that inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is defined as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. This guidance will be effective for the Company beginning fiscal year 2017, with early adoption permitted.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. This update enhances the reporting model for financial instruments, which includes amendments to address aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning fiscal year 2018.

### **3. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

In November 2014, the Company announced plans to transition to an asset light model through the refranchising of Company Stores. In connection with that planned transition, 99 Company Stores and one unopened Company Store met the criteria as assets held for sale as of December 30, 2014. During fiscal 2015, an additional 125 stores met the criteria to be classified as assets held for sale increasing the total to 224 stores of which 176 stores were refranchised from assets held for sale. The 48 remaining stores were reclassified out of assets held for sale back to their original asset group based on management's decision to retain the stores. As of September 27, 2016 and December 29, 2015 there were no stores in assets held for sale and a zero balance was reflected in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Gain or loss on the disposal of assets held for sale is recorded within (loss) gain on disposal of assets in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company recognized a loss on disposal of assets of \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million during the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016, respectively.

The Company refranchised 110 and 163 stores, for total proceeds that include note receivables and receipts for inventory and operating fund of \$36.1 million and \$49.8 million in the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015, respectively. The Company recorded a gain of \$16.2 million and \$21.5 million from the disposal of assets held for sale primarily relating to refranchising during the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015, respectively.

### **4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT**

#### *Financial Assets and Liabilities*

The following instruments are not measured at fair value on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets but require disclosure of their fair values: cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables, notes receivable and accounts payable. The estimated fair value of such instruments, excluding notes receivable, approximates their carrying value as reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets due to the short-term nature. The estimated fair value of notes receivable approximates its carrying value due to the interest rates aligning with market rates. The fair value of such financial instruments is determined using the income approach based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. The fair value of these instruments would be categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, with the exception of cash and cash equivalents, which would be categorized as Level 1.

#### *Non-financial Assets and Liabilities*

The Company's non-financial assets and liabilities primarily consist of long-lived assets, trademarks and other intangibles, and are reported at carrying value. They are not required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company evaluates long-lived assets for impairment when facts and circumstances indicate that their carrying values may not be recoverable. Trademarks and other intangibles are evaluated for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired.

As a result of the quarterly impairment reviews, the Company recognized total losses of \$0.4 million and \$2.2 million for the 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, respectively, included in impairment of long-lived assets in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The loss in fiscal 2016 related to the impairment of fixed assets of several operating stores. The loss in fiscal 2015 primarily related to stores classified as assets held for sale to reflect the adjustment to fair value.

## 5. CREDIT AGREEMENT

On February 14, 2012, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association which, as amended on November 1, 2012, July 22, 2013, November 4, 2013, December 30, 2014 and December 29, 2015 (as amended, the "Credit Agreement"), made available to the Company a revolving line of credit in the amount of \$10.0 million. On July 22, 2016, the Credit Agreement expired with no amounts drawn on the credit facility since its inception. To acquire the credit facility, the Company incurred upfront fees which were amortized over the term of the Credit Agreement. During the term of the Credit Agreement, the unamortized commitment fee amount was not material.

After the expiration of the Credit Agreement, the Company subsequently collateralized the existing letters of credit with a restricted cash collateral account. Refer to Note 11, Subsequent Events, for additional information regarding the Company's credit facility.

## 6. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

On May 17, 2016, at its 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the Company's stockholders, upon the recommendation of the Board of Directors, approved an additional 900,000 shares of common stock to be offered or issued under the Company's 2013 Equity Incentive Plan ("the Plan").

In addition to the shareholder-approved shares mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the Company periodically authorizes grants of stock-based compensation as inducement awards to new employees. This type of award does not require shareholder approval in accordance with Rule 5635(c)(4) of the Nasdaq listing rules.

Share-based compensation expense, which is included in general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, was \$0.7 million and \$2.4 million for the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and \$1.0 million and \$3.6 million for the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015, respectively. At September 27, 2016, unvested share-based compensation for stock options and restricted stock awards, net of forfeitures, totaled \$4.0 million. This expense will be recognized over the remaining weighted-average vesting period of approximately two years.

**Stock Options** — A summary of stock option activity under the Plan as of September 27, 2016, and changes during the 39-week period then ended are presented below (shares in thousands):

<b>Options</b>	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Exercise Price</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Contractual Term Remaining (years)</b>	<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</b>
Balance at December 29, 2015	1,530	\$ 12.42	5.76	\$ 3,960
Granted	300	13.26		
Exercised	(132)	4.64		
Canceled	(310)	14.80		
Balance at September 27, 2016	<u>1,388</u>	\$ 12.81	5.72	\$ 1,579
Vested and expected to vest—September 27, 2016	<u>1,269</u>	\$ 12.74	5.46	\$ 1,579
Exercisable—September 27, 2016	<u>573</u>	\$ 11.68	1.86	\$ 1,576

During the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016, options exercisable for 18,000 and 300,000 shares of the Company's common stock were granted under the Plan at a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$3.96 and \$4.69, respectively. The fair value of stock options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

**39-Week  
Period Ended  
September 27, 2016**

Risk-free interest rate	1.34%
Expected term (in years)	5.21
Expected volatility	44.0%
Expected dividend yield	0%

During the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015, stock options of 6,500 and 962,000 were granted under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan at a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$6.51 and \$6.04 per share, respectively.

**Restricted Stock** — Information regarding activities during the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 for outstanding restricted stock units (“RSUs”) granted under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan is as follows (shares in thousands):

<b>RSUs</b>	<b>Number of Shares of RSUs</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Non-vested at December 29, 2015	190	\$ 14.09
Granted	549	3.70
Vested	(110)	14.01
Forfeited	(33)	13.93
Non-vested at September 27, 2016	<u>596</u>	<u>\$ 2.58</u>

During the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016, RSUs of 75,000 and 549,000 were granted at a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$3.32 and \$3.70 per share, respectively. The grant date fair value is primarily driven by achieving the growth rate targets of the market-based restricted stock units, included in the Chief Executive Officer’s equity awards and the inducement grant awards as discussed further in the paragraphs below. During the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015, RSUs of 4,000 and 39,000 were granted under the Plan at a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$13.71 and \$15.64 per share, respectively.

**Performance Stock** — Information regarding activities during the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 for outstanding performance stock units (“PSUs”) granted under the Plan is as follows (shares in thousands):

<b>PSUs</b>	<b>Number of Shares of PSUs</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Non-vested at December 29, 2015	57	\$ 13.89
Granted	-	-
Vested	(2)	14.04
Forfeited	(46)	13.85
Non-vested at September 27, 2016	<u>9</u>	<u>\$ 14.04</u>

No performance stock units were granted during the 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015. During the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, PSUs of 2,000 were vested and PSUs of 46,200 were forfeited. During the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, PSUs of 32,000 were vested and PSUs of 24,000 were forfeited.

In January 2016, in connection with the hiring of the Company's new Chief Executive Officer, the Company agreed to grant equity awards which included an award of 350,000 market-based restricted stock units vesting upon achievement of compound annual stock price growth rate targets of 15%, 22.5% and 30% over a three-year period, 50,000 "premium-priced" stock options with an exercise price determined based on a 15% compound annual stock price growth rate over three years and 150,000 stock options granted at 100% of fair market value on the grant date. The 150,000 stock options granted at 100% of fair market value on the grant date were granted in March 2016 and the 50,000 "premium-priced" stock options were granted in April 2016. The 350,000 market-based restricted stock units were granted in May 2016. These awards are included in the stock option and RSU tables presented above.

In addition, during the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, the Company agreed to grant inducement awards in connection with employee hiring which included an award of 70,000 market-based restricted stock units vesting upon achievement of compound annual stock price growth rate targets of 15%, 22.5% and 30%, 15,000 stock options granted at 100% fair market value on the grant date and 5,000 time-based restricted stock units. These equity awards vest over a three to four-year period. During the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, in connection with employee hiring, the Company agreed to grant inducement awards which included an award of 155,000 market-based restricted stock units vesting upon achievement of compound annual stock price growth rate targets of 15%, 22.5% and 30%, 90,000 stock options granted at 100% of fair market value on the grant date and 11,000 time-based restricted stock units. These equity awards vest over a three to four-year period and all inducement awards are included in the stock option and RSU tables presented above.

## **7. STOCK REPURCHASES**

On August 4, 2016, the Company announced that its Board of Directors has approved the terms of a share repurchase plan. Pursuant to the program, the Company is authorized to repurchase up to \$20.0 million of its common stock subject to available cash resources over the next two-year period. Under the program, the Company may repurchase shares on the open market, through privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, at times, in amounts and at prices considered appropriate by the Company. The number of shares to be purchased and the timing of any purchases are subject to various factors, including the price of the Company's common stock, the Company's capital position, the amount of retained earnings of the Company, general market conditions and other economic factors and corporate and regulatory requirements, and may be modified, suspended or terminated at any time. During the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016, the Company did not repurchase shares.

On October 29, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$25.0 million of shares of common stock over an 18-month period (the "2014 Stock Repurchase Program"). The Company's Board of Directors authorized an increase to the Stock Repurchase Program of \$15.0 million to a total of \$40.0 million in May 2015 and an additional \$5.0 million to a total of \$45.0 million in September 2015, which expired on May 4, 2016. Shares repurchased under the Stock Repurchase Program are considered treasury stock until retired. The Company did not repurchase shares under this program in fiscal 2016. The Company's total shares of common stock repurchased since inception through September 27, 2016 was 2.9 million, at an average price per share of \$13.99.

## 8. OTHER OPERATING, NET

For the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, the components of other operating, net, were as follows (in thousands):

	13-Week Period Ended		39-Week Period Ended	
	September 27, 2016	September 29, 2015	September 27, 2016	September 29, 2015
Jambacard breakage income	\$ (535)	\$ (653)	\$ (2,180)	\$ (2,649)
Jambacard expense	236	246	620	484
CPG and JambaGO® direct expense	260	474	1,411	1,717
Franchise jambacard discount expense	98	176	411	615
Sublease income	(180)	(143)	(477)	(59)
Franchise other expense	5	70	364	603
Bad debt	42	213	42	1,011
International expense	162	170	486	529
Loss (gain) on investments	-	(31)	26	173
Other expense (income)	16	(147)	(83)	(10)
Total other operating, net	<u>\$ 104</u>	<u>\$ 375</u>	<u>\$ 620</u>	<u>\$ 2,414</u>

## 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is a defendant in litigation arising in the normal course of business. Although there can be no assurance as to the ultimate disposition of these matters, it is the opinion of the Company's management, based upon the information available at this time, that the expected outcome of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the results of operations, liquidity or financial condition of the Company.

## 10. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the 39-week period ending September 27, 2016, the Company received \$0.2 million from Country Pure Foods related to vendor supply chain management fees and approximately \$0.2 million from Sodexo related to licensing fees for Jamba units operated by Sodexo. One Jamba Juice Director is on the Board of Directors of Country Pure Foods and another Jamba Juice Director is an executive with Sodexo.

## 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 5, 2016, the Company announced plans to exit JambaGO® by the end of the fiscal year 2016. As of September 27, 2016, the JambaGO® business consisted of approximately 2,000 licensed units located across the United States. During the fourth quarter, the Company expects to incur exit costs of up to \$2.2 million and non-cash expenses of approximately \$2.3 million relating to impairment or accelerated depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

On November 3, 2016, the Company entered into a credit agreement with Cadence Bank, NA ("New Credit Agreement"). The New Credit Agreement provides an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10.0 million. The credit facility also allows us to request an additional \$5.0 million for an aggregate principal amount of up to \$15.0 million. The New Credit Agreement accrues interest at a per annum rate equal to the LIBOR rate plus 2.50%. The New Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants and has a five-year term.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. Except for historical information, the discussion in this report contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and assumptions about future events. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology, such as "may," "should," "could," "predict," "potential," "continue," "expect," "anticipate," "future," "intend," "plan," "believe," "estimate," "forecast" and similar expressions (or the negative of such expressions). Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning projected new store openings, revenue growth rates and capital expenditures. Forward-looking statements are based on our beliefs as well as assumptions based on information currently available to us, including financial and operational information, the volatility of our stock price and current competitive conditions. As a result, these statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties. For a discussion of material risks and uncertainties that the Company faces, see the discussion titled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2015.*

### JAMBA, INC. OVERVIEW

Jamba, Inc. through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Jamba Juice Company, is a healthful, active lifestyle brand with a robust global business driven by a portfolio of franchised and company-owned Jamba Juice<sup>®</sup> stores and Jamba Juice Express<sup>™</sup> formats. The Jamba<sup>®</sup> brand includes innovative product platforms and both licensed and company driven consumer packaged goods ("CPG"). Jamba is a leading restaurant retailer of "better-for-you" specialty beverage and food offerings which include great tasting, whole fruit smoothies, fresh squeezed juices and juice blends, Energy Bowls<sup>™</sup>, and a variety of food items including, hot oatmeal, breakfast wraps, sandwiches, Artisan Flatbreads<sup>™</sup>, baked goods and snacks. Jamba Juice Company continues to expand the Jamba brand by direct selling of CPG products, and by licensing its trademarks for CPG products sold through retail channels such as grocery stores, warehouse clubs and convenience stores and focusing on the benefits of blending.

All references to store counts, including data for new store openings, are reported net of related store closures, unless otherwise noted.

### EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

During the third quarter, we accelerated the momentum related to the turnaround initiated earlier in the year. Operating performance during the third quarter was mixed, with sales and net income performance below internal expectations, but ahead of industry benchmarks for top line sales. While maintaining our focus on stellar retail performance, we also focused on critical transition efforts, including the move into our new offices in Frisco, Texas while continuing to rebuild the leadership and support teams that were affected by the move from Emeryville, California. This included the addition of Rachel Phillips-Luther as Chief Marketing Officer ("CMO"), previously the CMO for Zoes Kitchen, and a number of other critical hires across the organization. In addition to the transition and relocation, we have continued to re-assess the viability of all lines of business and subsequent to the quarter end announced our decision to exit JambaGO<sup>®</sup>. Additionally, we announced that we will explore opportunities to re-franchise our Chicago market, as a continuation of our re-franchising initiative from 2014, as well as the single Company-opened store still operating in Emeryville. Each of these decisions are rooted in the desire to refocus attention to the core store operating business and the continued growth of the franchise system.

We remain focused on delivering our five key strategies to re-energize the business:

- ***Build an Iconic Brand***
- ***Establish a Customer and Store-Centric Operating Environment***
- ***Drive Sales and Transactions through Innovation***
- ***Improve Store Profitability through Simplification***
- ***Expand Our Global Footprint***

## 2016 Third Quarter Financial Summary

- Total revenue for the quarter decreased 37.9% to \$22.1 million from \$35.5 million for the prior year, primarily due to the reduction in the number of Company Stores as part of our refranchising strategy.
- Company Store comparable sales declined 0.8% and Franchise Store comparable sales declined 1.1%. System-wide comparable sales (includes both Company and Franchise Stores) declined 1.1%. System-wide and Franchise Store comparable store sales are non-GAAP financial measures and represent the change in year-over-year sales, for stores opened for at least one full fiscal year.
- Net (loss) income attributable to Jamba, Inc. was \$(2.0) million compared to \$13.1 million for the prior year. Non-recurring transition costs of \$3.0 million are included in 2016 results. Included in the 2015 results was a \$16.1 million gain on disposal of assets relating to our refranchising strategy.
- General and administrative expenses for the 13-weeks ended September 27, 2016 increased 7.7% to \$9.7 million compared with \$9.0 million for the prior year period. Included in the 2016 results were \$3.0 million of expenses related to the relocation of our Corporate headquarters.
- Total Company-owned stores at the end of the third quarter of 2016 was 69, compared to 94 at the end of the third quarter of 2015.

## Fiscal 2016 Third Quarter Business Highlights

During the third quarter, we focused on smoothie, juice and bowl options featuring on-trend ingredients including our Protein Smoothies and Island Getaway Smoothies. Our local marketing efforts in supporting both established and emerging markets focused on Jamba's heritage as a strong community partner and our use of premium ingredients, amplifying our "Make it Real" consumer messaging.

"Island Getaway Smoothies", Gotta Guava™ Smoothie and Tropical Sunburst™ Smoothie, launched late in the second quarter and sales of those items continued to grow during the summer months. Our Protein Smoothies were developed to give guests' replenishment after workouts and as a meal replacement, and after a successful Q2 launch in California, were launched nationally in the third quarter. Late in the quarter we introduced our fall favorite, the Pumpkin Smash and a new line up of Almond Milk Smoothies. While these products resonated with existing guests, traffic count results in the third quarter were below our expectations and future product innovation will focus on incremental traffic growth.

We will continue to provide consumers with fresh, nutrient dense, on-trend beverages and food, at affordable prices while we refine our marketing efforts through the balance of the year and focus on an early 2017 relaunch of the Jamba brand. Ongoing product development will focus on keeping Jamba positioned at the intersection of fit and fun with a renewed focus on the benefits of blending.

Driving convenience for our guests was also a focus in the third quarter. We saw an increased adoption of the Jamba Juice mobile application ("app"), following an update that was executed in the second quarter, which provides Jamba guests with access to regionalized menus and the ability to customize smoothies, juices and bowls as part of their enhanced order ahead experience. Work is underway to further enhance the capabilities of the app in accordance with our ongoing commitment to meet the continually evolving needs of today's tech-savvy consumer.

Additionally, we continued to expand and refine programs with strategic partners in the digital and social media space, including Fishbowl, MomentFeed and others. Membership in our Jamba Insider Rewards ("JIR") program increased with more than three million loyalty members now engaged.

With our shift to a franchise business model, we are highly focused on improving franchisee profitability and 4-wall store margins. During the third quarter of 2016, we continued to operationalize several key initiatives that were launched in 2015, which had a significant positive impact on costs of goods sold. Our supply chain optimization efforts have significantly aided in offsetting the inflationary impact of commodity price increases.

Efforts to improve the profitability has allowed our franchisees to continue to open new stores both domestically and internationally. As of September 27, 2016, there were 896 Jamba Juice® stores globally, represented by 69 Company Stores and 759 Franchise Stores, of which 47 were Jamba Juice Express™ in the United States and 68 International Stores. The system is comprised of approximately 92% U.S. Franchise and International Store locations and 8% Company Store locations.

Global new unit development will continue to be a key driver in achieving our stated long term objectives. In 2016, we had international master development agreements with partners in Indonesia, Thailand, South Korea, the Philippines, Mexico and the countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council (Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates). During the third quarter, we opened our first location in Indonesia and anticipate that Thailand will open stores before the end of fiscal 2016 subject to an evolving political situation following the recent death of Thailand's long reigning king.

#### *Support Center Relocation*

During the second quarter, we announced the relocation of our corporate headquarters from Emeryville, California to Frisco, Texas, a suburb of Dallas. The move will be substantially completed as we enter the fourth quarter. The stated objectives of the move are to reduce costs, provide improved access to skilled restaurant talent and establish a more central location for our market expansion plans. We expect to incur expenses of approximately \$7.8 million as a result of the move from California, associated with personnel relocation, employee attrition, retention, severance and replacement, office relocation and other costs. These charges are expected to be incurred from the second quarter of fiscal year 2016 through the first quarter of 2017. As of the third quarter, we have incurred to date approximately \$5.6 million in expense and \$1.1 million of capital expenditures.

Along with the relocation, during the quarter, we announced the appointment of Rachel Phillips-Luther as CMO. Phillips-Luther joined Jamba, Inc. from Zoes Kitchen in Dallas where she also served as CMO. In addition, the relocation from California required us to replace a substantial number of positions across all functions. This transition, while broad-based, allowed us to re-align our support team with the skills required to support an asset-light, franchise business model. Hiring in the new organization is substantially complete in Development, Finance, IT and Operations and continues in the Marketing and Supply Chain teams which are expected to be completed early in the fourth quarter.

#### *Other Activities*

Subsequent to the quarter, after a detailed analysis of the performance and potential of JambaGO®, we announced that we would be managing a controlled exit to be substantially completed by the end of 2016. JambaGO® was performing below expectations and declining across several key metrics. As a result of our analysis, we anticipated that these numbers would continue to decline into 2017 under current operating conditions, contributing to the decision to exit this line of the business. Revenue attributable to JambaGO® for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$0.9 million compared to \$1.2 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. For the year, revenue attributable to JambaGO® for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$2.2 million compared to \$2.6 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. We will manage a controlled exit to cease operating, return and or de-image the equipment currently placed in the market. We are anticipating a cash charge of up to \$2.2 million and a non-cash charge, relating to impairment or accelerated depreciation of property, plant and equipment, of approximately \$2.3 million in 2016 related to the exit of JambaGO®.

We announced in the fourth quarter that we are exploring the refranchising of our company-owned operations in the Chicago area, as a continuation of our refranchising initiative from 2014, and the Company Store in Emeryville, California. There are 13 stores for sale in the Chicago market and one store for sale in Emeryville. We indicated that the sale of these stores if completed, would negatively impact total revenue, but positively impact net income. The Chicago transaction would include a development agreement to grow the market over the next several years.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — 13-WEEK PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 27, 2016 AS COMPARED TO 13-WEEK PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 29, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**  
(in thousands)

	13-Week Period Ended September 27, 2016	% <sup>(1)</sup>	13-Week Period Ended September 29, 2015	% <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Company stores	\$ 14,350	65.0%	\$ 28,213	79.5%
Franchise and other revenue	7,711	35.0%	7,284	20.5%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>22,061</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>35,497</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Costs and operating expenses:</b>				
Cost of sales	3,437	24.0%	6,626	23.5%
Labor	4,644	32.4%	8,843	31.3%
Occupancy	1,879	13.1%	3,980	14.1%
Store operating	2,381	16.6%	5,901	20.9%
Depreciation and amortization	1,068	4.8%	1,143	3.2%
General and administrative	9,699	44.0%	9,003	25.4%
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	204	0.9%	(16,076)	(45.3)%
Store pre-opening	210	1.0%	287	0.8%
Impairment of long-lived assets	229	1.0%	1,907	5.4%
Store lease termination and closure costs	178	0.8%	207	0.6%
Other operating, net	104	0.5%	375	1.1%
<b>Total costs and operating expenses</b>	<b>24,033</b>	<b>108.9%</b>	<b>22,196</b>	<b>62.5%</b>
(Loss) income from operations	(1,972)	(8.9)%	13,301	37.5%
<b>Other income (expense), net:</b>				
Interest income	50	0.2%	49	0.1%
Interest expense	(51)	(0.2)%	(53)	(0.1)%
<b>Total other income (expense), net</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>0.0%</b>
(Loss) income before income taxes	(1,973)	(8.9)%	13,297	37.5%
Income tax benefit (expense)	9	0.0%	(194)	(0.5)%
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	<b>(1,964)</b>	<b>(8.9)%</b>	<b>13,103</b>	<b>36.9%</b>
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
<b>Net (loss) income attributable to Jamba, Inc.</b>	<b>\$ (1,964)</b>	<b>(8.9)%</b>	<b>\$ 13,103</b>	<b>36.9%</b>

(1) Cost of sales, labor, occupancy and store operating percentages are calculated using Company Stores revenue. All other line items are calculated using Total revenue.

**Revenue**  
(in thousands)

	13-Week Period Ended September 27, 2016	% of Total Revenue	13-Week Period Ended September 29, 2015	% of Total Revenue
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Company stores	\$ 14,350	65.0%	\$ 28,213	79.5%
Franchise and other revenue	7,711	35.0%	7,284	20.5%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 22,061</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 35,497</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Total revenue is comprised of revenue from Company Stores, royalties and fees from Franchise Stores in the U.S. and from International Stores, income from JambaGO<sup>®</sup> locations, license income from sales of Jamba-branded CPG products and direct sales of CPG products. Total revenue for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$22.1 million, a decrease of \$13.4 million, or 37.9%, compared to \$35.5 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in total revenue was primarily due to a decrease in Company Stores for the quarter compared to the prior year. For the quarter ended September 27, 2016 we had 69 Company Stores compared to 94 in the prior year.

### *Company Store revenue*

Company Store revenue for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$14.4 million, a decrease of \$13.9 million or 49.1%, compared to Company Store revenue of \$28.2 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in Company Store revenue was due to a decrease in the number of Company Stores primarily as a result of our refranchising activities, as well as, a decline in same store sales as illustrated by the following table:

	<b>Company Store Decrease in Revenue</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>
<b>Third Quarter 2016 vs. Third Quarter 2015:</b>	
Company Stores comparable sales decrease	\$ (115)
Reduction in number of Company Stores, net	<u>(13,748)</u>
<b>Total change in Company Store revenue</b>	<b><u>\$ (13,863)</u></b>

Company Store comparable sales decreased \$0.1 million for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, or 0.8%, attributable to a decrease in transaction count of 1.8% and an increase of 0.9% in average check as compared to the same period in the prior year. Company Store comparable sales represents the change in year-over-year sales for all Company Stores opened for at least a full fiscal year. As of September 27, 2016, 97% of our Company Stores had been open for at least one full year.

### *Franchise and other revenue*

Franchise and other revenue was \$7.7 million, an increase of \$0.4 million or 5.9% for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to \$7.3 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase was primarily due to the increase in royalties associated with the net increase in the number of Franchise and International Stores partially offset by Franchise Store comparable store sales decrease of 1.1%.

The aggregate number of Franchise and International Stores as of September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015 was 827 and 790, respectively.

### *Cost of Sales*

Cost of sales is mostly comprised of fruit, dairy, and other products used to make smoothies and juices, paper products and delivery fees at Company Stores. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, cost of sales increased to 24.0% for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 23.5% for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase in cost of sales as a percentage of Company Store revenue was primarily due to higher discounts (approximately 0.8%), menu mix (approximately 0.2%) and change in the store portfolio mix (approximately 0.1%), partially offset by favorable commodities (approximately 0.7%). Cost of sales for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$3.4 million, a decrease of \$3.2 million, or 48.1%, compared to \$6.6 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, primarily related to the lower Company Store base as a result of refranchising initiatives.

### *Labor*

Labor costs are comprised of store management salaries and bonuses, hourly team member payroll, training costs and other associated fringe benefits. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, labor costs were 32.4% for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 compared to 31.3% for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase was primarily attributable to change in the store portfolio mix (approximately 2.0%) and wage rate increases (approximately 3.0%) partially offset by favorable workers' compensation costs (approximately 2.5%) and health and other fringe benefits (approximately 1.5%). Labor costs for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$4.6 million, a decrease of \$4.2 million, or 47.5%, compared to \$8.8 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, which is primarily due to the decrease in number of Company Stores as a result of our refranchising activities.

### ***Occupancy***

Occupancy costs include both fixed and variable portions of rent, common area maintenance charges, property taxes, licenses and property insurance for all Company Store locations. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, occupancy costs decreased to 13.1% for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 14.1% for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in occupancy costs as a percentage of Company Store revenue was primarily due to change in store portfolio, including the closure of stores in New York and Chicago, that had higher occupancy costs as a percent of sales for the quarter. Occupancy costs for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$1.9 million, a decrease of \$2.1 million, or 52.8%, compared to \$4.0 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, which is primarily due to the decrease in number of Company Stores as a result of our refranchising activities.

### ***Store Operating***

Store operating expenses consist primarily of various store-level costs such as utilities, marketing, repairs and maintenance, credit card fees and other store operating expenses. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, total store operating expenses decreased to 16.6% for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 20.9% for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in total store operating expenses as a percentage of Company Store revenue was primarily due to the change in the store portfolio mix (approximately 3.9%), lower local store marketing costs (approximately 0.7%) and utilities (approximately 0.9%). This decrease is partially offset by increased software/hardware expense (approximately 0.7%), training (approximately 0.2%) and blender expense (approximately 0.2%). Store operating expenses for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$2.4 million, a decrease of \$3.5 million or 59.7%, compared to \$5.9 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, primarily due to the decrease in the number of Company Stores as a result of our refranchising activities.

### ***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization expenses include the depreciation of fixed assets and the amortization of intangible assets. As a percentage of total revenue, depreciation and amortization increased to 4.8% for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 3.2% for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase in depreciation and amortization as a percentage of total revenue was primarily due to the discontinuation of depreciation relating to stores in assets held for sale prior to their refranchising in the prior year and an increase in depreciation relating to capitalized information technology corporate programs in the current year, partially offset by a correction of an immaterial prior period adjustment which overstated depreciation expense by approximately \$0.6 million for the 13-week period ending September 27, 2016. Depreciation and amortization for both the 13-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and 2015 was \$1.1 million.

### ***General and Administrative***

General and administrative (“G&A”) expenses include costs associated with our corporate headquarters (in Emeryville, California and Frisco, Texas), field supervision, performance related incentives, outside and contract services, accounting and legal fees, travel and travel-related expenses, share-based compensation and other G&A expenses. Also included in G&A are non-recurring costs related to the move of the support center to Frisco, Texas, settlement, legal and other transitional charges. Total G&A expenses for the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$9.7 million, an increase of \$0.7 million, or 7.7%, compared to \$9.0 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase in total G&A expenses results from increased payroll expenses due to severance and retention bonuses (approximately \$0.2 million) associated with the relocation of the corporate headquarters to Frisco, Texas, increased professional fees associated with litigation and temporary help (approximately \$0.7 million), and increased occupancy costs due to rent in the Frisco, Texas office (approximately \$0.2 million). These increases were offset by a decrease in shared based compensation expense (approximately \$0.3 million).

### ***Loss (gain) on Disposal of Assets***

Loss (gain) on disposal of assets includes losses from disposal of assets and gains from the refranchising of Company Stores and sales of related furniture, fixtures and equipment. For the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, loss on disposal of assets was \$0.2 million compared to a \$16.1 million gain for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, a change of \$16.3 million. The change was primarily due to the gain on refranchising of Company Stores in fiscal 2015 relating to our refranchising initiative. The refranchising initiative was substantially completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015.

### ***Store Pre-Opening***

For the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, store pre-opening expense was \$0.2 million compared to \$0.3 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, a decrease of approximately \$0.1 million due to fewer store openings in the current year.

### ***Impairment of Long-Lived Assets***

For the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, impairment of long-lived assets was \$0.2 million compared to \$1.9 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. Impairment in 2015 primarily related to the loss recorded to reflect the current fair value for a group of stores classified as assets held for sale.

### ***Store Lease Termination and Closure***

For the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, store lease termination and closure costs were \$0.2 million.

### ***Other Operating, Net***

Other operating, net consists primarily of income from jambacard breakage, jambacard-related fees, franchise expense, international expense, gain or loss on investments, bad debt expense and CPG and JambaGO<sup>®</sup> activities. For the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, other operating, net was an expense of \$0.1 million compared to an expense of \$0.4 million for the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015. Changes in the components of other operating, net include a decrease in bad debt (approximately \$0.2 million), a decrease in CPG and JambaGO<sup>®</sup> direct expense (approximately \$0.2 million), partially offset by a decrease in jambacard breakage income (approximately \$0.1 million). The decrease in other operating, net also includes a correction of an immaterial prior period adjustment that overstated other operating expenses by approximately \$0.3 million for the 13-week period ending September 27, 2016.

### ***Income Tax Expense***

We have recorded income tax expense for both the 13-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, respectively. Our effective income tax rates were (0.5%) and 2.0% for the 13-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, respectively. For the 13-week period ended September 27, 2016, the effective tax rate was primarily affected by pre-tax loss, foreign withholding and state minimum taxes. For the 13-week period ended September 29, 2015, the effective tax rate was primarily affected by pre-tax income, a change in the valuation allowance relating to deductible temporary differences, the alternative minimum taxes and foreign withholding taxes.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — 39-WEEK PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 27, 2016 AS COMPARED TO 39-WEEK PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 29, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**  
(in thousands)

	39-Week Period Ended September 27, 2016	% <sup>(1)</sup>	39-Week Period Ended September 29, 2015	% <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Company stores	\$ 40,177	64.4%	\$ 124,301	87.5%
Franchise and other revenue	22,178	35.6%	17,826	12.5%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>62,355</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>142,127</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Costs and operating expenses:</b>				
Cost of sales	9,720	24.2%	30,507	24.5%
Labor	13,470	33.5%	39,807	32.0%
Occupancy	5,815	14.5%	16,946	13.6%
Store operating	7,015	17.5%	21,994	17.7%
Depreciation and amortization	4,244	6.8%	4,360	3.1%
General and administrative	26,732	42.9%	26,393	18.6%
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	501	0.8%	(21,334)	(15.0)%
Store pre-opening	860	1.4%	475	0.3%
Impairment of long-lived assets	356	0.6%	2,202	1.5%
Store lease termination and closure costs	242	0.4%	269	0.2%
Other operating, net	620	1.0%	2,414	1.7%
<b>Total costs and operating expenses</b>	<b>69,575</b>	<b>111.6%</b>	<b>124,033</b>	<b>87.3%</b>
(Loss) income from operations	(7,220)	(11.6)%	18,094	12.7%
<b>Other income (expense), net:</b>				
Interest income	195	0.3%	78	0.1%
Interest expense	(169)	(0.3)%	(162)	(0.1)%
<b>Total other income (expense), net</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>(84)</b>	<b>(0.1)%</b>
(Loss) income before income taxes	(7,194)	(11.5)%	18,010	12.7%
Income tax expense	(69)	(0.1)%	(277)	(0.2)%
<b>Net (loss) income</b>	<b>(7,263)</b>	<b>(11.6)%</b>	<b>17,733</b>	<b>12.5%</b>
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	0.0%	52	0.0%
<b>Net (loss) income attributable to Jamba, Inc.</b>	<b>\$ (7,263)</b>	<b>(11.6)%</b>	<b>\$ 17,681</b>	<b>12.4%</b>

(1) Cost of sales, labor, occupancy and store operating percentages are calculated using Company Stores revenue. All other line items are calculated using Total revenue.

**Revenue**  
(in thousands)

	39-Week Period Ended September 27, 2016	% of Total Revenue	39-Week Period Ended September 29, 2015	% of Total Revenue
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Company stores	\$ 40,177	64.4%	\$ 124,301	87.5%
Franchise and other revenue	22,178	35.6%	17,826	12.5%
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 62,355</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 142,127</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Total revenue is comprised of revenue from Company Stores, royalties and fees from Franchise Stores in the U.S. and from International Stores, income from JambaGO<sup>®</sup> locations, license income from sales of Jamba-branded CPG products and direct sales of CPG products. Total revenue for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$62.4 million, a decrease of \$79.8 million, or 56.1%, compared to \$142.1 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in total revenue was primarily due to a decrease in Company Stores for the year compared to the prior year. As of September 27, 2016 we had 69 Company Stores compared to 94 in the prior year.

### Company Store revenue

Company Store revenue for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$40.2 million, a decrease of \$84.1 million or 67.7%, compared to Company Store revenue of \$124.3 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in Company Store revenue was primarily due to a decrease in the number of Company Stores primarily as a result of our refranchising activities, partially offset by an increase in Company Store comparable sales as illustrated by the following table:

	<b>Company Store Decrease in Revenue</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>
<b>Year-To-Date Q3 2016 vs. Year-To-Date Q3 2015:</b>	
Company Stores comparable sales increase	\$ 644
Reduction in number of Company Stores, net	(84,768)
<b>Total change in Company Store revenue</b>	<b>\$ (84,124)</b>

Company Store comparable sales increased \$0.6 million for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, or 1.6%, attributable to an increase of 3.2% in average check offset by a decrease in transaction count of 1.6% as compared to the same period in the prior year. Company Store comparable sales represents the change in year-over-year sales for all Company Stores opened for at least a full fiscal year. As of September 27, 2016, 97% of our Company Stores had been open for at least one full year.

### Franchise and other revenue

Franchise and other revenue was \$22.2 million, an increase of \$4.4 million or 24.4% for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 compared to \$17.8 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase was primarily due to the increase in royalties associated with the net increase in the number of Franchise and International Stores in addition to the Franchise Store comparable store sales increase of 0.2%.

The aggregate number of Franchise and International Stores as of September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015 was 827 and 790, respectively.

### Cost of Sales

Cost of sales is mostly comprised of fruit, dairy, and other products used to make smoothies and juices, paper products and delivery fees at Company Stores. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, cost of sales decreased to 24.2% for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 24.5% for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in cost of sales as a percentage of Company Store revenue was primarily due to retail price increase (approximately 0.5%), favorable commodities (approximately 0.4%) and menu mix (approximately 0.3%). This decrease is offset by a change in the store portfolio mix (approximately 0.6%) and discounts (approximately 0.3%). Cost of sales for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$9.7 million, a decrease of \$20.8 million, or 68.1%, compared to \$30.5 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, primarily related to the lower Company Store base as a result of refranchising initiatives.

### Labor

Labor costs are comprised of store management salaries and bonuses, hourly team member payroll, training costs and other associated fringe benefits. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, labor costs were 33.5% for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 compared to 32.0% for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in wage rate (approximately 2.9%) along with a change in the store portfolio mix (approximately 1.3%), partially offset by favorable fringe benefits (approximately 1.2%) and improved efficiencies (approximately 1.6%). Labor costs for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$13.5 million, a decrease of \$26.3 million, or 66.2%, compared to \$39.8 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, which is primarily due to the decrease in number of Company Stores as a result of our refranchising activities.

### ***Occupancy***

Occupancy costs include both fixed and variable portions of rent, common area maintenance charges, property taxes, licenses and property insurance for all Company Store locations. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, occupancy costs increased to 14.5% for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 13.6% for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase in occupancy costs as a percentage of Company Store revenue was primarily due to the refranchising of Company Stores that carried a lower rent as a percentage of Company Store revenue. Occupancy costs for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$5.8 million, a decrease of \$11.1 million, or 65.7%, compared to \$16.9 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, which is primarily due to the decrease in number of Company Stores as a result of our refranchising activities.

### ***Store Operating***

Store operating expenses consist primarily of various store-level costs such as utilities, marketing, repairs and maintenance, credit card fees and other store operating expenses. As a percentage of Company Store revenue, total store operating expenses decreased to 17.5% for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 17.7% for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The decrease in total store operating expenses as a percentage of Company Store revenue was primarily due to lower local marketing costs (approximately 2.5%) and partially offset by a change in the store portfolio mix (approximately 2.4%). Total store operating expenses for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$7.0 million, a decrease of \$15.0 million, or 68.1%, compared to \$22.0 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, primarily due to the decrease in number of Company Stores as a result of our refranchising activities.

### ***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization expenses include the depreciation of fixed assets and the amortization of intangible assets. As a percentage of total revenue, depreciation and amortization increased to 6.8% for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to 3.1% for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase in depreciation and amortization as a percentage of total revenue was primarily due to the discontinuation of depreciation relating to stores in assets held for sale prior to their refranchising in the prior year and an increase in depreciation relating to capitalized information technology corporate programs in the current year, partially offset by a correction of an immaterial prior period adjustment which overstated depreciation expense by approximately \$0.6 million for the 39-week period ending September 27, 2016. Depreciation and amortization for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 was \$4.2 million, a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 2.7%, compared to \$4.4 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015.

### ***General and Administrative***

G&A expenses include costs associated with our corporate headquarters (in Emeryville, California and Frisco, Texas), field supervision, performance related incentives, outside and contract services, accounting and legal fees, travel and travel-related expenses, share-based compensation and other G&A expenses. Also included in G&A are non-recurring costs related to the move of the support center to Frisco, Texas, settlement, legal and other transitional charges. Total G&A expenses for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 were \$26.7 million, an increase of \$0.3 million, or 1.3%, compared to \$26.4 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The increase in total G&A expenses was primarily due to increased professional fees associated with litigation and temporary help (approximately \$1.0 million), increased legal expenses (approximately \$0.5 million), and increased occupancy costs due to additional rent in the Frisco, Texas office (approximately \$0.2 million), partially offset by a decline in share-based compensation expenses (approximately \$1.3 million).

### ***Loss (gain) on Disposal of Assets***

Loss (gain) on disposal of assets includes losses from disposal of assets and gains from the refranchising of Company Stores and sales of related furniture, fixtures and equipment. For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, loss on disposal of assets was \$0.5 million compared to a \$21.3 million gain for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, a change of \$21.8 million. The change was primarily due to the gain on refranchising of Company Stores in fiscal 2015 relating to our refranchising initiative. The refranchising initiative was substantially completed in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015.

### ***Store Pre-Opening***

For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, store pre-opening expense was \$0.9 million compared to \$0.5 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, an increase of \$0.4 million. The increase was primarily due to an increase in the number of Franchise Stores opened this year.

### ***Impairment of Long-Lived Assets***

For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 impairment of long-lived assets was \$0.4 million compared to \$2.2 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. Impairment in 2015 primarily related to the loss recorded to reflect the current fair value for a group of stores classified as assets held for sale.

### ***Store Lease Termination and Closure***

For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 store lease termination and closure costs was \$0.2 million compared to \$0.3 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015 due to fewer company closures in the current year.

### ***Other Operating, Net***

Other operating, net consists primarily of income from jambacard breakage, jambacard-related fees, franchise related expenses and sublease income, international expense, gain/loss on investments, bad debt expense and CPG and JambaGO<sup>®</sup> activities. For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, other operating, net was \$0.6 million compared to \$2.4 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. Changes in the components of other operating, net include a decrease in bad debt (approximately \$1.0 million), an increase in sublease income due to an increase in subleased refranchise stores (approximately \$0.4 million), a decrease in CPG and JambaGO<sup>®</sup> direct expense (approximately \$0.3 million), a decrease in franchise expenses (approximately \$0.4 million), partially offset by a decrease in jambacard breakage income (approximately \$0.5 million). The decrease in franchise expenses was primarily related to a correction of an immaterial prior period adjustment that overstated other operating expenses by approximately \$0.3 million for the 39-week period ending September 27, 2016.

### ***Income Tax Expense***

We have recorded income tax expense for both the 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, respectively. Our effective income tax rates were (1.0%) and 1.6% for the 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015, respectively. For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, the effective tax rate was primarily affected by pre-tax loss, foreign withholding and state minimum taxes. For the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, the effective tax rate was primarily affected by pre-tax income, a change in the valuation allowance relating to deductible temporary differences, the alternative minimum taxes and foreign withholding taxes.

## **KEY FINANCIAL METRICS AND NON-GAAP MEASURES**

We review and discuss our operations based on both financial and non-financial metrics. Among the key financial metrics upon which management focuses is reviewing our performance based on our consolidated GAAP results, including Company Store comparable sales. We also use certain supplemental, non-GAAP financial metrics in evaluating financial results, including Franchise Store comparable sales and system-wide comparable sales.

Company Store comparable sales represents the change in year-over-year sales for all Company Stores opened for at least one full year. Franchise Store comparable sales, a non-GAAP financial measure, represents the change in year-over-year sales for all Franchise Stores opened for at least one full year, as reported by franchisees and excludes International Stores. System-wide comparable store sales, a non-GAAP financial measure, represents the change in year-over-year sales for all Company and Franchise Stores opened for at least one full year and is based on sales by both company-owned and domestic franchise-operated stores, as reported by franchisees, which are in the store base. System-wide comparable store sales do not include International Stores, JambaGO<sup>®</sup> units and Jamba Juice Express<sup>™</sup>. Comparable store sales exclude closed locations.

We review the increase or decrease in Company Store comparable sales, Franchise Store comparable sales and system-wide comparable sales compared with the same period in the prior year to assess business trends and make certain business decisions. We believe that Franchise Store comparable sales and system-wide comparable sales data, non-GAAP financial measures, are useful in assessing the overall performance of the Jamba brand and, ultimately, the performance of the Company.

The following table sets forth operating data that do not otherwise appear in our condensed consolidated financial statements as of, and for, the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2015:

	<u>13-Week Period Ended</u>		<u>39-Week Period Ended</u>	
	<u>September 27, 2016</u>	<u>September 29, 2015</u>	<u>September 27, 2016</u>	<u>September 29, 2015</u>
Percentage change in Company Store comparable sales <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.8)%	6.6%	1.6%	1.1%
Percentage change in Franchise Store comparable sales <sup>(1)</sup>	(1.1)%	5.3%	0.2%	2.5%
Percentage change in system-wide comparable sales <sup>(2)</sup>	(1.1)%	5.6%	0.4%	2.0%
Total Company Stores	69	94	69	94
Total Franchise Stores	759	720	759	720
Total International Stores	68	70	68	70

- (1) Percentage change in Company Store or Franchise Store comparable sales compares the sales of the specified stores during the specified period to the sales from the same set of stores for the equivalent period in the prior year. A store is included in this calculation after one full year of operations. Company Store comparable sales do not include Franchise Store sales.
- (2) Percentage change in system-wide comparable sales compares the combined sales of Company and Franchise Stores during the specified period to the combined sales from the same Company and Franchise Stores for the equivalent period in the prior year. A store is included in this calculation after one full year of operations.

The following table sets forth certain data relating to Company Stores, Franchise and International Stores for the periods indicated:

	<u>39-Week Period Ended</u>		<u>39-Week Period Ended</u>	
	<u>September 27, 2016</u>		<u>September 29, 2015</u>	
	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>International</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>International</u>
<b>Company Stores:</b>				
Beginning of period	70	-	263	-
Company Stores opened	2	-	-	-
Company Stores closed	(3)	-	(6)	-
Company Stores sold to franchisees	-	-	(163)	-
<b>Total Company Stores</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Franchise and International Stores:</b>				
Beginning of period	748	75	543	62
Franchise Stores opened	36	10	31	15
Franchise Stores closed	(25)	(17)	(17)	(7)
Franchise Stores purchased from the Company	-	-	163	-
<b>Total Franchise and International Stores</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>70</b>

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

### Cash Flows Summary

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the 39-week periods ended September 27, 2016 and September 29, 2015 (in thousands):

	39-Week Period Ended	
	September 27, 2016	September 29, 2015
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (2,205)	\$ (10,896)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(3,884)	43,019
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	616	(24,637)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (5,473)	\$ 7,486

### Liquidity

As of September 27, 2016, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$14.3 million compared to \$19.7 million as of December 29, 2015. As of September 27, 2016 and December 29, 2015, we had no short term or long term debt. Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows provided by operating activities. For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, the Company used \$2.2 million in cash for operating activities. The negative cash flow from operating activities resulted primarily from the costs the Company incurred as a result of the relocation of the corporate headquarters.

We expect that our cash on hand and future cash flows provided by operating activities and our refranchising initiative will be sufficient to fund our working capital and general corporate needs and the non-discretionary capital expenditures for the foreseeable future. During the remainder of 2016, our primary liquidity and capital requirements are for working capital and general corporate needs, costs associated with the relocation of the Company's corporate headquarters and cost related to the exit of JambaGO<sup>®</sup>. The use of cash to fund discretionary capital expenditures will be based on the need to conserve our capital.

As of the third quarter, we have incurred to date approximately \$5.6 million in expense and \$1.1 million of capital expenditures related to the relocation of our corporate headquarters. In aggregate, we expect to incur approximately \$7.8 million in personnel relocation, employee attrition, retention, severance and replacement, office relocation and other costs related to our relocation of our corporate headquarters, and approximately \$2.0 million in capital costs related to the buildout of our corporate headquarters and data center migration.

On July 22, 2016, the credit facility with Wells Fargo expired. Since the inception of the line of credit, we did not borrow on the facility and utilized it primarily for collateral against letters of credit. The existing letters of credit balance of \$0.4 million is collateralized by cash.

On November 3, 2016, we entered into a credit agreement with Cadence Bank, NA ("New Credit Agreement"). The New Credit Agreement provides an aggregate principal amount of up to \$10.0 million. The credit facility also allows us to request an additional \$5.0 million for an aggregate principal amount of up to \$15.0 million. The New Credit Agreement accrues interest at a per annum rate equal to the LIBOR rate plus 2.50%. The New Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants and has a five-year term.

The adequacy of our available funds will depend on many factors, including the macroeconomic environment, the operating performance of our Company Stores, the successful expansion of our franchise and licensing programs and the successful rollout and consumer acceptance of our new beverage and food initiatives. Given these factors, our foremost priorities for the near term continue to be preserving and generating cash sufficient to fund our liquidity needs.

### Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$2.2 million for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to \$10.9 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, reflecting a net decrease in cash flows used in operating activities of \$8.7 million. The decrease in cash used in operating activities was primarily due to the changes in operating assets and liabilities (approximately \$9.3 million), including an increase in collections of receivables and changes in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

The amount of cash provided by our operating activities during any particular fiscal year is highly subject to variations in the seasons. The first and fourth quarters of the fiscal year encompass the winter and holiday seasons when we traditionally generate our lowest revenue, and our second and third quarters of the fiscal year encompass the warmer seasons where a significant portion of our revenue and cash flows are realized. For more information on seasonality, refer to the section below entitled “*Seasonality and Quarterly Results.*”

#### **Investing Activities**

Net cash used in investing activities was \$3.9 million for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to net cash provided by investing activities of \$43.0 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The \$46.9 million change in net cash used in investing activities during the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016 was due to a decrease in proceeds from disposal of fixed assets (approximately \$46.9 million) due to franchising activity that occurred in fiscal year 2015.

For the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, cash used for capital expenditures was \$3.9 million, which includes store refreshes and redesigns and investing in improvements to our technology infrastructure, as well as maintenance capital. Additionally, we expect to incur an additional \$2 to \$3 million depending on our liquidity needs, which includes one-time outlays to complete the update of our servers as part of a broader data migration effort and complete the buildout of the Frisco Support Center as well as capital spending in the normal course of business.

#### **Financing Activities**

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$0.6 million for the 39-week period ended September 27, 2016, compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$24.6 million for the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015. The \$25.3 million change in net cash provided by financing activities was primarily due to the repurchase of the shares of our common stock (approximately \$26.1 million) under the stock repurchase plan approved by our Board of Directors in 2014 that occurred during the 39-week period ended September 29, 2015, partially offset by a decrease in receipts from our stock issuance plans, including from the exercise of stock options (approximately \$0.9 million).

#### **Contractual Obligations**

There have been no significant changes to our contractual obligations table as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2015.

#### **COMMODITY PRICES, AVAILABILITY AND GENERAL RISK CONDITIONS**

We contract for significant amounts of individually quick frozen fruit, fruit concentrate and dairy products to support the needs of both our Company Stores and Franchise Stores. The price and availability of these commodities directly impact our results of operations and can be expected to impact our future results of operations.

#### **SEASONALITY AND QUARTERLY RESULTS**

Our business is subject to seasonal fluctuations. We expect to realize significant portions of our revenue during the second and third quarters of the fiscal year, which align with the warmer summer season. In addition, quarterly results are affected by the timing of the opening of new stores and weather conditions. However, geographic diversification of our store locations may conceal or diminish the financial statement impact of such seasonal influences. Because of the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year or any subsequent quarter.

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to adopt accounting policies and make significant judgments and estimates to develop amounts reflected and disclosed in the financial statements. In many cases, there are alternative policies or estimation techniques that could be used. We maintain a process to review the application of our accounting policies and to evaluate the appropriateness of the many estimates that we are required to make in order to prepare the financial statements. However, even under optimal circumstances, estimates routinely require adjustment based on changing circumstances and the receipt of new or better information. There have been no significant changes to the policies and estimates as discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2015.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Recent Accounting Pronouncements section of Note 2 to our Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information about new accounting standards.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Interest Rates

We do not enter into market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes. We are exposed to financial market risks due primarily to changes in interest rates in our interest bearing accounts. We do not believe a change in interest rates will materially affect our financial position or results of operations. As of December 29, 2015 a one percent change of the interest rate would result in an annual change in the results of operations of approximately \$0.2 million.

#### Commodities Prices

We are exposed to the impact of commodity and utility price fluctuations related to unpredictable factors such as weather and various market conditions over which we do not have control. We purchase significant amounts of produce and dairy products to support the needs of our Company Stores. The price and availability of these commodities directly impact the results of operations and can be expected to impact the future results of operations.

We purchase fruit based on short-term seasonal pricing agreements. These short-term agreements generally set the price of procured frozen fruit and 100% pure fruit concentrates for less than one year based on estimated annual requirements. We purchase fresh produce based on annual pricing agreements. In order to mitigate the effects of price changes in any one commodity on our cost structure, we contract with multiple suppliers both domestically and internationally. These agreements typically set the price for some or all of our estimated annual fruit and fresh produce requirements, protecting us from short-term volatility. Nevertheless, these agreements typically contain a *force majeure* clause, which, if utilized (such as hurricanes in 2004 that destroyed the Florida orange crop and the 2007 freeze that affected California citrus), may subject us to significant price increases.

Our pricing philosophy is not to attempt to change consumer prices with every move up or down of the commodity market, but to take a longer term view of managing margins and the value perception of our products in the eyes of our customers. Our objective is to maximize our revenue through increased customer traffic.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established and maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company and our subsidiaries required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only a reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management was necessarily required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. We carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level as of September 27, 2016.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) during the fiscal quarter ended September 27, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. Based on the information currently available, the Company is not currently a party to any legal proceeding that management believes would have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Our risk factors are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2015 and have not materially changed except for the following additional risk factor:

*The relocation of our corporate headquarters and data center could adversely affect our operations, operating results and financial condition, as we may experience disruptions to our business and incur additional costs in connection with the relocation.*

We announced on May 4, 2016, the relocation of our corporate headquarters and data center from Emeryville, California to Frisco, Texas, a suburb of Dallas. The process of moving our headquarters is inherently complex and not part of our day-to-day operations, and includes the relocation of our data center, which contains a significant portion of our core business information and applications. The relocation process could cause significant disruption to our operations and cause the temporary diversion of management resources, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our operations, operating results and financial condition. The need to replace Company personnel who do not relocate, train new employees and transition Company operating knowledge may cause disruptions in our business. While we have implemented a transition plan to provide for the move of our corporate operations and data center, including relocation benefits for employees who may be transferring, and severance and retention benefits for employees who will not be continuing with the Company after the move, we may encounter difficulties retaining employees who elect to transfer and attracting new talent in the Dallas area to replace our employees who are unwilling to relocate, and we may also experience difficulties in retaining employees who will remain in Emeryville, California during the transition period and who we are relying on to facilitate the transition of the Company operating knowledge. In addition, we may incur additional costs for duplication in staff as we effect the transition. Furthermore, we may experience disruption in accessibility to our data as we migrate our data center, and any disruption could have a material adverse effect on our operations, operating knowledge and financial condition. Even though we are taking the necessary precautions, we can give no assurance that the relocation will be completed as planned or within the expected timeframe. In addition, the relocation may involve significant additional costs to us and the expected benefits of the move may not be fully realized due to associated disruption to our operations and personnel.

### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

### **Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

None.

### **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

Exhibit Number	Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed Herewith
10.1	Transition Services Agreement between Karen L. Luey and Jamba Juice Company dated effective August 3, 2016.					X
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.					X
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.					X
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document					
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document					
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 7<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2016.

JAMBA, INC.

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**/s/ David A. Pace**  
**David A. Pace**  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
**(Duly Authorized Officer)**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
**/s/ Marie L. Perry**  
**Marie L. Perry**  
**Chief Financial Officer, Chief Administrative**  
**Officer, Executive Vice President and Secretary**  
**(Principal Financial Officer and Chief**  
**Accounting Officer)**

## TRANSITION SERVICES AGREEMENT

This Transition Services Agreement (this "Agreement") is made and entered into between the undersigned (referred to herein as "Executive") and Jamba Juice Company, a California corporation (the "Company"), pursuant to the Executive Retention and Severance Plan adopted by Jamba, Inc. effective July 25, 2013 (the "Plan").

1. **Separation.** Executive's last day of work with the Company is anticipated to be March 20, 2017 (the actual termination date, the "Separation Date"), on which date the Company intends to terminate Executive without Cause (as such term is defined in the Plan).

2. **Accrued Salary and Vacation.** On the Separation Date, the Company will pay Executive all salary and unused vacation through the Separation Date, subject to standard payroll deductions and withholdings. Executive is entitled to these payments regardless of whether you sign this Agreement.

3. **Consideration.** In consideration for signing this release and an additional, substantially identical release setting forth the terms contained in Sections 5, 6 and 7 of this Agreement, no earlier than the Separation Date and no later than 60 days after the Separation Date, and provided that Executive does not revoke either release and complies with the other provisions as required by the Plan for receipt of Severance Benefits (as defined in the Plan), the Company will provide Executive with the Severance Benefits provided pursuant to Section 4.1 of the Plan. If Executive continues to work on a full-time basis and be employed by the Company through December 15, 2016, in lieu of the payment schedule set forth in the Plan, One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars of the Severance Benefits will be paid to Executive on December 15, 2016, subject to standard payroll deductions and withholdings, with the balance of the Severance Benefits paid to Executive as salary continuation in approximate equal payments over twelve (12) months in accordance with the Company's bi-weekly payroll schedule, beginning on the first payroll date after the Separation Date, subject to standard payroll deductions and withholdings.

( a ) **Additional Consideration.** For purposes of providing the Company an orderly transition, in addition to the Severance Benefits provided pursuant to Section 4.1 of the Plan, the Company will provide the following additional consideration if Executive continues to work on a full-time basis and be employed by Company through March 20, 2017 or such earlier Separation Date that the Company may otherwise determine and provide notice of same to Executive. If the Company determines an earlier Separation Date than March 20, 2017 other than due to a termination for Cause (as defined in the Plan), Executive shall nonetheless be paid salary through March 20, 2017, subject to standard payroll deductions and withholdings. If Executive resigns her employment or is terminated for Cause, death, or Disability prior to March 20, 2017 (or such earlier date as mutually determined with the Company), then, notwithstanding the release of claims being signed by Executive herein, Executive shall not be paid salary through March 20, 2017 but only through such last date of employment and shall not be eligible for the following additional consideration set forth today.

**(1) Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards**

**(i) Options.** Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in any plan or agreement evidencing an Option held by Executive, the vesting and exercisability of each such Option shall be accelerated by twelve (12) months upon the Separation Date, subject to Board approval.

**(ii) Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units.** Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in any plan or agreement evidencing Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units held by Executive, vesting of such Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units shall be accelerated by twelve (12) months upon the Separation Date.

**(iii) Time-Based Portion of Performance Based Awards.** Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in any plan or agreement evidencing performance based awards, if Executive is eligible to receive a performance based award on the Separation Date, vesting of such performance based award shall be accelerated by twelve (12) months upon the Separation Date, such that Executive shall be deemed to have completed an additional twelve (12) months of service to the Company to be eligible for achieve any time based portion of a performance based award, subject to the actual attainment of the performance metrics thereof.

**(iv) Other Performance Awards.** Except as set forth above, the treatment of stock-based compensation upon the consummation of a Change in Control shall be determined in accordance with the terms of the plans or agreements providing for such awards. In addition, any award of Options, Restricted Stock, or Restricted Stock Units, the value or vesting of which is determined based on attainment of performance metrics, such awards shall be governed by the terms of the award and not Section 5 of the Plan. Performance based awards are not affected by the accelerated vesting in clauses (i) or (ii) of Section 3(a)(1) above except to the extent of the deemed services for purposes of the time-based portion thereof. Performance metrics for determination of achievement of performance based awards measured based upon a future date shall instead be measured as of the Separation Date. Executive will be eligible to receive the 2016 Target Bonus if earned without any deduction based on Executive's Separation.

**(2) Health Insurance**

**( i )** To the extent provided by the federal COBRA law or, if applicable, state insurance laws, and by the Company's current group health insurance policies, Executive will be eligible to continue her group health insurance benefits at her own expense. For a period of twelve (12) months, the Company will continue to pay the employer portion of Executive group health insurance premiums and Executive will only be responsible for the employee portion of that monthly premium, provided Executive do not become eligible for health coverage from another employer during this period. After twelve (12) months, Executive will be responsible for paying the entire premium to maintain coverage. Later, Executive may be able to convert to an individual policy through the provider of the Company's health insurance, if Executive wishes. Executive will be provided with a separate notice of your COBRA rights.

(3) **No Duty to Mitigate.** Notwithstanding Section 16.2 of the Plan, Executive has no obligation to mitigate and any amounts payable under the Plan and/or this Agreement will not be reduced by any amounts earned by Executive from other employment or business activities during the Severance Benefit Period.

(b) **Retention Bonus.**

(i) So long as Executive continues her employment with Company and executes her duties through July 15, 2016, Executive will be eligible to receive a Retention Bonus in an amount of \$75,000.

(ii) In the event the Company ends Executive's employment prior to July 15, 2016 for any reason other than Cause, it will nevertheless pay Executive 100% of the Retention Bonus that would have been payable to Executive under this Agreement had the Company not ended your employment prior to July 15, 2016 .

(iii) The Company will pay the Retention Bonus Payment promptly on July 15, 2016. The Retention Bonus shall be subject to all withholdings required by law.

4 . **Other Compensation or Benefits.** Executive acknowledges that, except as expressly provided in Paragraph 3 of this Agreement, Executive will not receive any additional compensation, severance or benefits after the Separation Date.

5. **Release of Claims.**

( a ) **THIS IS A GENERAL RELEASE OF ALL CLAIMS** . As consideration for the Severance Benefits and Additional Consideration being provided to you, Executive, on his own behalf, and on behalf of his respective heirs, family members, executors, administrators, attorneys, representatives, and assigns, hereby fully and forever releases Company and its legal representatives, officers, directors, fiduciaries, employees, investors, shareholders, insurers, agents, administrators, affiliates, divisions, subsidiaries, predecessor and successor corporations, and assigns, both in their individual and corporate capacities (collectively, the "Releasees"), of and from any and all claims and causes of action, demands, duties, obligations, agreements, promises, liabilities, damages, costs, and/or fees, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, arising out of or relating to Executive's employment, including the termination of his employment, including without limitation: (i) any and all claims relating to or arising from Executive's employment relationship with Company and the termination of that relationship; (ii) any and all claims relating to, or arising from, Executive's right to purchase, or actual purchase of, shares of stock of Company, including, without limitation, any claims for fraud; misrepresentation; breach of fiduciary duty; breach of duty under applicable state corporate law; and securities fraud under any state or federal law; (iii) any and all claims under the law of any jurisdiction including without limitation wrongful discharge of employment; constructive discharge from employment; termination in violation of public policy; discrimination; breach of contract, both express and implied; breach of a covenant of good faith and fair dealing, both express and implied; promissory estoppel; negligent and intentional infliction of emotional distress; negligent and intentional misrepresentation; negligent and intentional interference with contract or prospective economic advantage; unfair business practices; defamation; libel; slander; negligence; personal injury; assault; battery; invasion of privacy; false imprisonment; and conversion; (iv) any and all claims for violation of any federal, state or municipal statute, including without limitation all employment laws, including without limitation the California Fair Employment and Housing Act; the California Unruh Act; the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended; Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; the Civil Rights Act of 1866; the Civil Rights Act of 1871; the Fair Labor Standards Act; the Americans with Disabilities Act; the Older Workers' Benefits Protection Act; the Family Medical Leave Act; the Equal Pay Act; the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974; the National Labor Relations Act; the California Constitution; the California Labor Code; the California Business & Professions Code; the California Government Code; the California Civil Code; and all other laws against discrimination or applicable to employment that may be the subject of a release under applicable law; (v) any and all claims for violation of the federal, or any state, constitution; (vi) any and all claims arising out of any other laws and regulations relating to employment or employment discrimination; (vii) any and all claims arising out of any personnel policies, contracts of employment, any other contracts, severance pay agreements, and covenants of good faith and fair dealing; (viii) any claim for any loss, cost, damage, or expense arising out of any dispute over the non-withholding or other tax treatment of any of the proceeds received by Executive as a result of this Agreement; (ix) any claim or damage arising out of Executive's employment with or separation from Company under any common law theory or any federal, state, or local statute or ordinance not specifically referred to above; (x) any and all claims for unpaid or withheld wages, severance, benefits, bonuses, commissions, and other compensation of any kind that Executive may have against the Releasees; and (xi) any and all claims for attorneys' fees and costs.

(b) Executive specifically agrees that this Agreement includes without limitation any and all claims that were raised, or that reasonably could have been raised, under the applicable Wage Order, Labor Code sections 201, 202, 203, 212, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 510, 512, 515, 558, 1194, and 1198, as well as claims under the Business & Professions Code sections 17200, et seq. and Labor Code sections 2698, et seq. based on alleged violations of Labor Code provisions. Executive further covenants that he will not seek to initiate any proceedings seeking penalties under Labor Code sections 2699, et seq. based upon the Labor Code provisions specified above.

(c) Executive understands and agrees that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, Executive is precluded from filing or pursuing any legal claim of any kind against any of the Releasees at any time in the future, in any federal, state, or municipal court, administrative agency, or other tribunal, arising out of any of the claims that Executive has waived by virtue of executing this Agreement. Executive agrees not to file or pursue any such legal claims and, if Executive does pursue such legal claims, Executive waives any right to receive monetary recovery. By Executive's signature below, Executive represents that she has not filed any such legal claims against any of the Releasees in any federal, state, or municipal court, administrative agency, or other tribunal.

(d) Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to waive any claims that cannot be waived as a matter of law. In addition, this Agreement does not prevent Executive from filing an administrative charge against any Releasee that may not be released as a matter of law; however, Executive agrees that Executive shall not be entitled to recover any monetary payments or other individual benefits in any such proceeding.

(e) Nothing in this Agreement will affect the ability of Executive or Company to enforce rights or entitlements specifically provided for under this Agreement as set forth above, or any rights or claims that may arise after the date that Executive executed this Agreement. By Executive's signature below, Executive represents that: (a) Executive is not aware of any unpaid wages, vacation, bonuses, expense reimbursements, or other amounts owed to Executive by Company, other than the Consideration specifically promised in this Agreement; (b) Executive has not been denied any request for leave to which Executive believes she was legally entitled, and Executive was not otherwise deprived of any of his rights under the Family and Medical Leave Act or any similar state or local statute; and (c) Executive has not assigned or transferred, or purported to assign or transfer, to any person, entity, or individual whatsoever, any of the claims released in the foregoing general release and waiver. Company's obligations under this Agreement are contingent upon Executive's compliance with all terms and conditions provided for herein.

6 . **Section 1542 Waiver/Release of Unknown Claims.** Executive expressly acknowledges that the releases given in this Agreement are intended to include, without limitation, claims that Executive did not know or suspect to exist in his favor at the time of the date of Executive's execution of this Agreement, regardless of whether the knowledge of such claims, or the facts upon which they might be based, would have materially affected the settlement of this matter; and that the Consideration provided under this Agreement are also for the release of those claims and contemplates the extinguishment of any such unknown claims, despite the fact that California Civil Code section 1542 may provide otherwise. Executive expressly waives any right or benefit available to him in any capacity under the provisions of California Civil Code section 1542, which provides as follows:

**A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR.**

7. **Age Discrimination in Employment Act.** Executive acknowledges, agrees and understands that:

(a) under the general release detailed above, Executive is waiving and releasing, among other claims, any rights and claims that may exist under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act ("ADEA");

(b) the waiver and release of claims set forth in the release above does not apply to any rights or claims that may arise under the ADEA after the date of execution of this Agreement;

(c) the payments and other consideration that are being provided to Executive are of significant value and are in addition to what Executive otherwise would be entitled;

(d) Executive is being advised in writing to consult with an attorney before signing this Agreement;

(e) Executive is being given a period of forty-five (45) days within which to review and consider this Agreement before signing it, though Executive may sign earlier, and if Executive fails to sign and return this Agreement within the forty-five (45) day consideration period, Company's offer and this Agreement will expire on its own terms;

(f) Executive may revoke his acceptance of this Agreement by providing written notice to Company within seven (7) days following its execution, and any notice of revocation of this Agreement must be in writing and transmitted by hand or certified mail to Jamba Juice Company, 6475 Christie Avenue, Suite 150, Emeryville, CA 94608, Attn: Kathy Wright; and

(g) Because of Executive's right to revoke this Agreement, this Agreement shall not become effective and enforceable until the eighth (8th) day after the return of an executed copy of this Agreement by Executive to Company (the "Effective Date"), and Executive will not be entitled to any of the benefits set forth in this Agreement until after the Effective Date.

8 . **Return of Company Property.** Within one (1) week the Separation Date, you agree to return to the Company all Company documents (and all copies thereof) and other Company property that you have had in your possession at any time, including, but not limited to, Company files, notes, drawings, records, manuals, business plans and forecasts, financial information, specifications, computer- recorded information, electronically stored information, passwords, usernames, tangible property (including, but not limited to, computers), credit cards, entry cards, identification badges and keys and any materials of any kind that contain or embody any proprietary or confidential information of the Company (and all reproductions thereof).

9 . **Proprietary Information Obligations.** Executive agrees to continue to abide by the terms and conditions of the confidentiality and/or proprietary rights agreement between the Participant and the Company or any other member of the Company Group.

10 . **Cooperation.** After the Separation Date, you agree to cooperate fully with the Company in connection with its actual or contemplated defense, prosecution, or investigation of any claims, demands, or other matters arising from events, acts or failures to act which occurred during the time period in which you were employed by the Company. Cooperation includes, without limitation, making yourself available upon reasonable notice at the Company's request for interviews, depositions and trial testimony.

11 . **Confidentiality.** The provisions of this Agreement will be held in strictest confidence by you and the Company and will not be publicized or disclosed in any manner whatsoever; *provided, however,* that: you may disclose this Agreement to your immediate family, attorneys, accountants, tax preparers and financial advisors, and you may also disclose this Agreement as may be required by law. In particular, and without limitation, you agree not to disclose the terms of this Agreement to any current or former Company employee.

12. **Public Communications; Non-Disparagement.** Executive agrees that all communications with Company's investors, the media, and franchisees shall be consistent with the written communication plan established by the Board with input from Executive. At all times prior to and after the Separation Date, Executive agrees that Executive will not make any disparaging or derogatory remarks about the Company or any of its officers, directors, employees, or agents or the Board at any time.

13. **Section 409A.** This Agreement shall be interpreted such that the payments made thereunder shall comply with, or be exempt from, Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations and any applicable guidance thereunder ("Section 409A"), and all provisions of this Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements for avoiding taxes or penalties under Section 409A. To the extent that the Company determines that any payment or benefit pursuant to this Agreement is subject to Section 409A, such payment or benefit shall be made at such times and in such forms as the Company determines are required to comply with Section 409A (including, without limitation, in the case of any amount that is payable in connection with termination of Executive's employment, such amount will only be paid in the event that such termination constitutes a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A and will be paid on the first business day following a six-month delay if Executive shall be a specified employee (within the meaning of Section 409A), in each case, to the extent necessary to comply with Section 409A). For purposes of Section 409A, each payment hereunder will be deemed to be a separate payment as permitted under Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-2(b)(2) (iii).

14. **No Claims Filed.** You represent and warrant that you have not filed or instituted any claim before any court, administrative agency, arbitrator, or other tribunal against the Company. This Agreement does not prevent you from filing an administrative charge against the Company that may not be released as a matter of law; however, you agree that you shall not be entitled to recover any monetary payments or other individual benefits in any such proceeding.

15. **Entire Agreement.** This Agreement and the Plan constitute the complete, final and exclusive embodiment of the entire agreement between you and the Company with regard to this subject matter. It supersedes any and all agreements entered into by and between you and the Company. It is entered into voluntarily, without reliance on any promise or representation, written or oral, other than those expressly contained herein.

16. **Non-Admission of Liability.** This Agreement shall not in any way be construed as an admission of liability by either the Company or you or that either the Company or you have acted wrongfully with respect to the other, and the Company and you specifically disclaim any liability to or wrongful acts against one another.

17. **Applicable Law.** This Agreement will be deemed to have been entered into and will be construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of California as applied to contracts made and to be performed entirely within California.

The parties having read the Agreement and accept and agree to the provisions it contains and hereby execute it with full understanding of its consequences.

**Jamba Juice Company**

/s/ David A. Pace  
Signature

August 3, 2016  
Date

David A. Pace  
Print Name

Chief Executive Officer  
Title

**Executive**

**Karen L. Luey**

/s/ Karen L. Luey  
Signature

August 3, 2016  
Date

## CERTIFICATIONS

I, David A. Pace, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Jamba, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**/s/ David A. Pace**  
**David A. Pace**  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
**(Principal Executive Officer)**

Date: November 7, 2016

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## CERTIFICATIONS

I, Marie L. Perry, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Jamba, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**/s/ Marie L. Perry**  
**Marie L. Perry**  
**Chief Financial Officer, Chief Administrative Officer,**  
**Executive Vice President and Secretary**  
**(Principal Financial Officer)**

Date: November 7, 2016

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Jamba, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 27, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David A. Pace, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("Section 906"), that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

**/s/ David A. Pace**  
\_\_\_\_\_  
**David A. Pace**  
**Chief Executive Officer**

Date: November 7, 2016

*A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.*

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Jamba, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 27, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Marie L. Perry, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("Section 906"), that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Marie L. Perry  
**Marie L. Perry**  
**Chief Financial Officer, Chief Administrative Officer,**  
**Executive Vice President and Secretary**

Date: November 7, 2016

*A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.*

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