

Bank of America Review & Update

First Quarter 2018

Bank of America 

Bank of America Merrill Lynch U.S. Bank of America
America Lynch Trust Merrill Lynch

The background features several thick, beige-colored lines that intersect and cross each other in a non-parallel, geometric pattern. The lines vary in orientation, creating a sense of depth and movement. The overall aesthetic is clean and modern.

BAC Overview

Driving Responsible Growth

We live our **values**, deliver our **purpose** and drive **responsible growth**

Values	Purpose	Responsible Growth
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliver together • Act responsibly • Realize the power of our people • Trust the team 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To help make financial lives better, through the power of every connection 	<p>We must grow...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • And win in the market—no excuses • Within our customer-focused strategy • Within our risk framework • In a sustainable manner

by focusing on the core financial needs of **three groups of customers**

People	Companies	Institutional Investors
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via **four reported segments** that encompass **eight lines of business** ¹

Consumer Banking		Global Wealth & Investment Management		Global Banking			Global Markets
Retail	Preferred & Small Business	Merrill Lynch	U.S. Trust	Business Banking	Global Commercial Banking	Global Corporate & Investment Banking	Global Markets

¹All remaining results outside of the four segments are recorded in All Other.

Coast to Coast U.S. Footprint

U.S. Market Leader ¹

- No. 1 Consumer Deposit Market Share ²
- No. 1 in online banking functionality ³ and digital U.S. credit card sales functionality ⁴
 - 35.5MM active digital banking users
- No. 1 in mobile banking functionality ⁵
 - 24.8MM mobile banking active users, up 12% from 1Q17
 - 24% of total deposit transactions completed via mobile devices
 - 2018 JD Power Certified Mobile App
- Issued 1.2 million new credit cards in 1Q18
- \$2.7T of client balances in Merrill Lynch Global Wealth Management and U.S. Trust
- No. 2 Small Business Lender ⁶
- 4,435 financial centers, including 32 openings and 316 renovations in the last 12 months
- Approximately 16,000 ATMs with 94% cardless-enabled (accessible via mobile devices)

¹ Data is as of March 31, 2018, except as noted.

² Source: June 2017 FDIC deposit data.

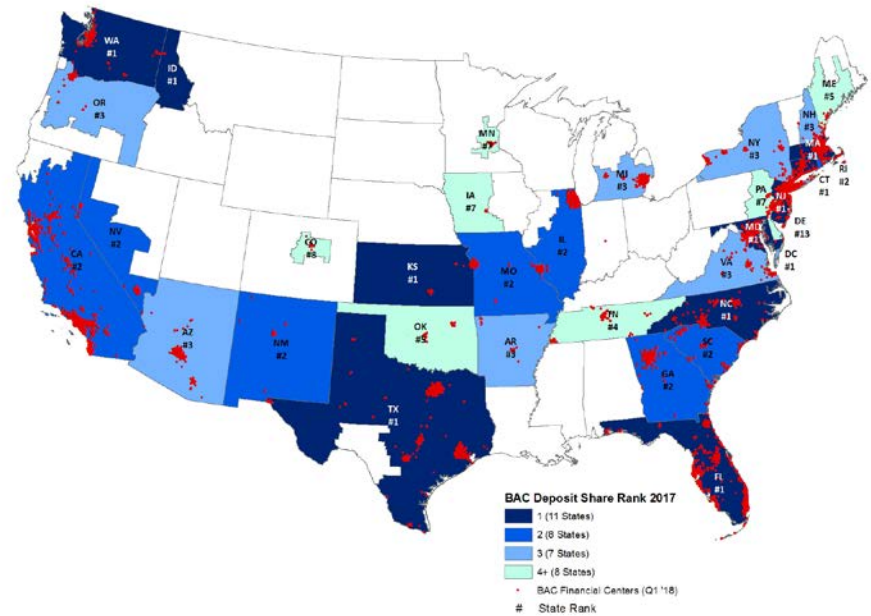
³ Source: Dynatrace 4Q17 Online Banker Scorecard and Javelin 2017 Online Banking Scorecard.

⁴ Forrester 2017 Credit Card Functionality.

⁵ Source: Javelin 2017 Mobile Banking Scorecard.

⁶ Source: FDIC (4Q17).

Deposit Market Share Rankings by State ²

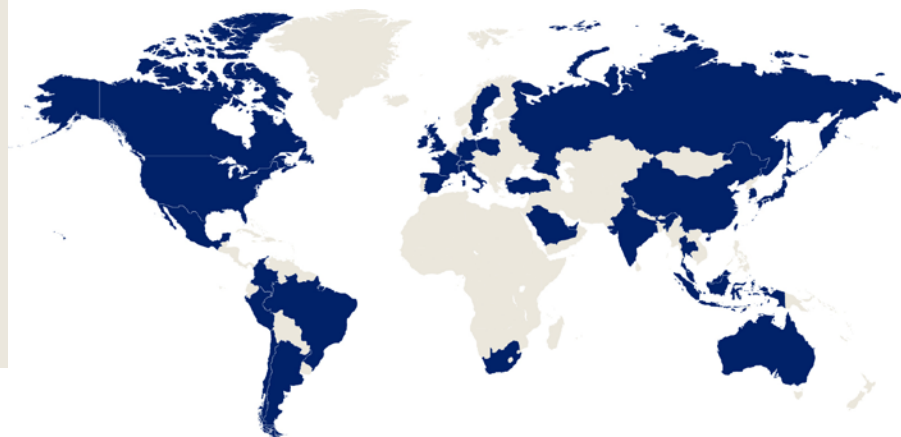


Leading Capabilities in Global Banking and Global Markets

- Global footprint serving middle market, large corporate, and institutional clients, with operations in more than 35 countries
- Outstanding commercial and investment banking capabilities; raised \$188.4B in capital for clients globally in 1Q18
- A leading provider of sales, trading, and research services to clients in all major markets
 - 650+ research analysts across Equity, Credit, Rates & FX, Commodities, Economics, Global Emerging Markets, Fixed Income, and Equity Strategy Research
 - In-depth analysis on 3,000 companies and 1,100+ corporate bond issuers
 - Economic forecasts for 59 economies; coverage on 36 commodities and 47 currencies
- Notable accolades received by Bank of America Merrill Lynch: ¹
 - Institutional Investor’s Top Global Research Firm 2011-2016, No.2 in 2017
 - No. 4 in Global Investment Banking Fees for 1Q18 ²
 - Quants of the Year at Risk Magazine’s annual Risk Awards 2018
 - The Banker’s Most Innovative Investment Bank of the Year
 - World’s Best Bank from Euromoney in two categories: Corporate Social Responsibility and Advisory; nine additional awards including the Best Bank in the U.S.

1Q18 Market Position by Product (Volume) ²

Product	Global	U.S.
Net investment banking revenue	No. 4	No. 4
Announced mergers and acquisitions	No. 4	No. 5
Debt capital markets	No. 3	No. 1
Investment-grade corporate debt	No. 1	No. 1
Syndicated loans	No. 2	No. 2
High-yield corporate debt	No. 4	No. 4
Leveraged loans	No. 1	No. 1
Mortgage-backed securities	No. 3	No. 4
Asset-backed securities	No. 2	No. 2
Equity capital markets	No. 5	No. 5
Convertible debt	No. 3	No. 2
Common stock underwriting	No. 5	No. 6

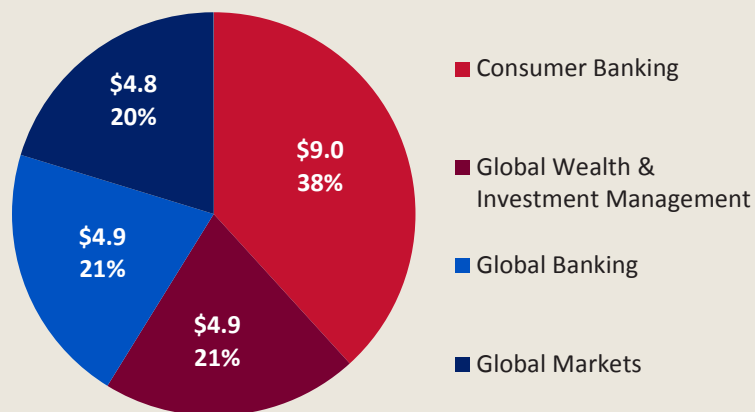


¹ Source: Institutional Investor, December 2017; Risk Magazine, January 2018; The Banker, 2017; Euromoney, July 2017.

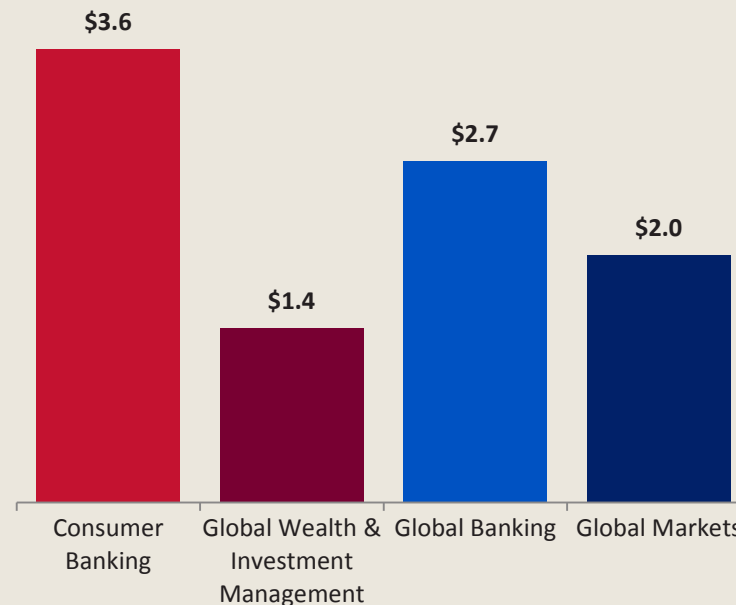
² Source: Rankings per Dealogic as of April 2, 2018 for the three months that ended March 31, 2018. Includes self-led transactions.

Diverse Business Mix ^{1,2}

1Q18 Net Revenues by Segment (\$B)



1Q18 Pre-tax Earnings by Segment (\$B)



- Revenues are diversified across segments, customers, products, and geographies. Net revenues and pre-tax earnings for the four business segments totaled \$23.6B and \$9.7B in the first three months of 2018, respectively
- 1Q18 net revenues for the business segments increased by 5% compared to 1Q17 with three segments improving: Consumer Banking (+9%), Global Wealth and Investment Management (+6%) and Global Markets (+2%), and Global Banking relatively flat
- 86% of the Corporation's FY 2017 net revenues were generated in the U.S.; 9% in Europe, the Middle East, and Africa; 4% in Asia; and 1% in Latin America and the Caribbean

Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Presented on a fully taxable-equivalent basis, except for the FY 2017 geographic revenue breakout which is presented on a GAAP basis.

² Bank of America (the "Corporation") reports the results of its operations through four segments with the remaining operations recorded in All Other. 1Q18 net revenue (FTE basis) and pre-tax earnings (loss) for All Other were (\$0.3B) and (\$1.2B), respectively. On a GAAP basis, the Corporation's 1Q18 net revenues and pre-tax earnings inclusive of All Other were \$23.1B and \$8.4B and increased by 4% and 15% compared to 1Q17 respectively.



First Quarter 2018 Results

First Quarter 2018 Highlights

(Comparisons to 1Q17)

- **Earnings**

- Record net income of \$6.9B and diluted earnings per share of \$0.62, up 30% and 38%, respectively
 - Effective tax rate benefited by 9 percentage points due to the Tax Act ¹
- Pretax income of \$8.4B, up 15%
- Total revenue of \$23.1B grew 4% (net interest income +5% and noninterest income +3%)
- Noninterest expense of \$13.9B declined 1%
 - 13th straight quarter of positive YoY operating leverage
- Provision for credit losses remained low and stable

- **Balances**

- Average loans and leases in business segments grew 5%
- Average deposits increased more than 3%
- GWIM assets under management rose 15%
- Average assets in Global Markets up 12%

- **Return Metrics and Efficiency**

- Return on average common shareholders' equity of 10.8%, up 276 bps
 - Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity improved 382 bps to 15.3% ²
- Return on average assets increased 24 bps to 1.21%
- Efficiency ratio improved 325 bps to 60%

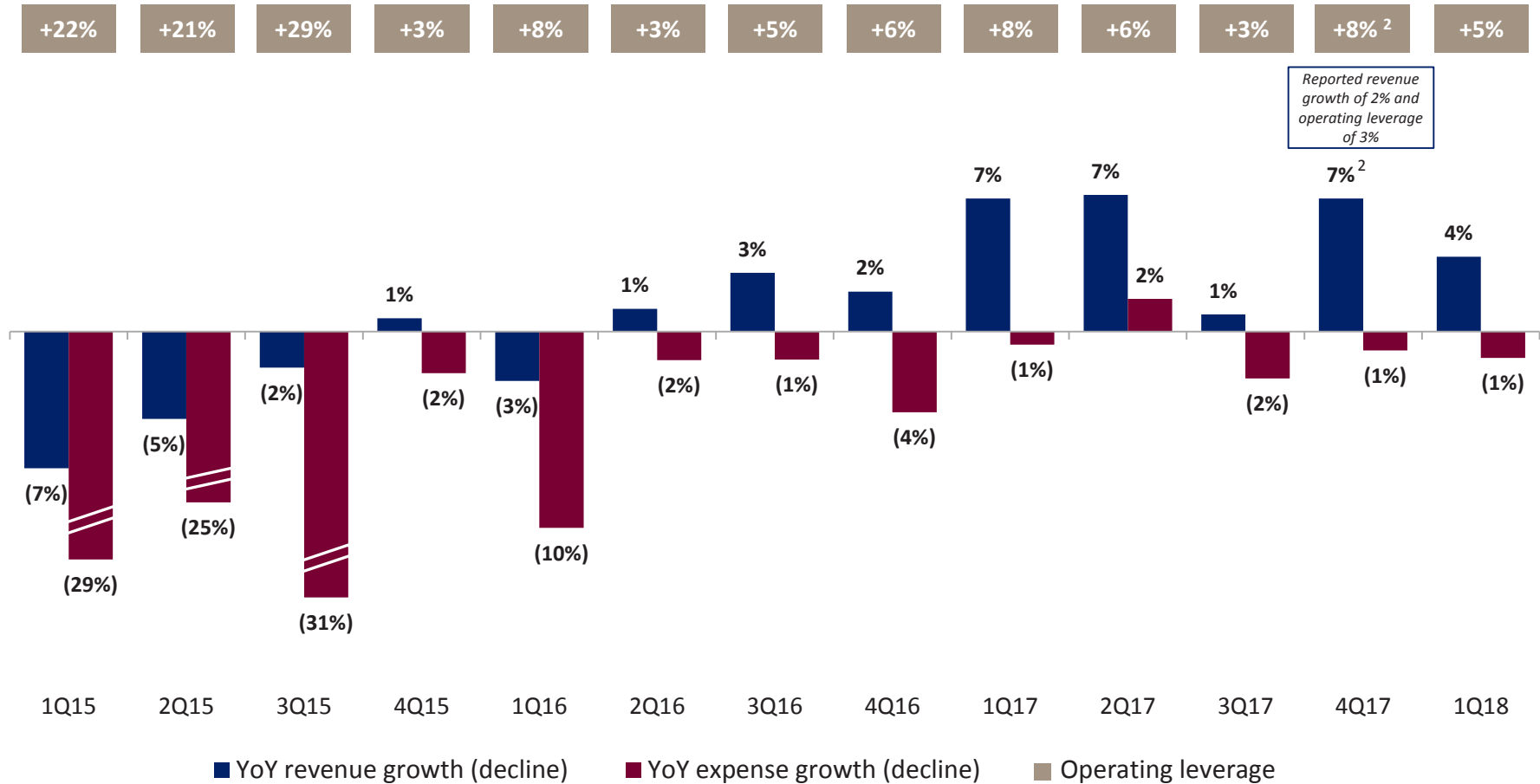
Note: GWIM defined as Global Wealth & Investment Management.

¹ On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") was enacted, which included a lower U.S. corporate tax rate effective in 2018.

² Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For important presentation information, see slide 38.

Operating Leverage Trend

Positive YoY Operating Leverage for 13 Consecutive Quarters ¹



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Operating leverage calculated as the year-over-year percentage change in revenue, net of interest expense, less the percentage change in noninterest expense. Quarterly expense for 2017 and 2016 has been restated to reflect the accounting change for retirement-eligible equity incentives adopted in 4Q17; 2015 and 2014 periods are as reported.

² Revenue growth and operating leverage adjusted to exclude the \$0.9B noninterest income charge in 4Q17 from the Tax Act; represents a non-GAAP financial measure.

Financial Results

Summary Income Statement (\$ in billions, except per share data)	1Q18	1Q17	% Inc / (Dec)
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$23.1	\$22.2	4 %
Noninterest expense	13.9	14.1	(1)
Provision for credit losses	0.8	0.8	–
Pretax income	8.4	7.3	15
Income tax expense	1.5	2.0	(26)
Net income	6.9	5.3	30
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.62	\$0.45	38 %
Average diluted common shares (in millions)	10,473	10,920	(4)

Return Metrics and Efficiency	1Q18	1Q17	Inc / (Dec)
Return on average assets	1.21 %	0.97 %	24 bps
Return on average common shareholders' equity	10.8	8.1	276
Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity ¹	15.3	11.4	382
Efficiency ratio	60	63	(325)

Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For important presentation information, see slide 38.

Balance Sheet, Liquidity and Capital

\$ in billions, except per share data	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Balance Sheet (end of period balances)			
Total assets	\$2,328.5	\$2,281.2	\$2,247.8
Total loans and leases	934.1	936.7	906.2
Total loans and leases in business segments ¹	869.5	867.3	823.0
Total deposits	1,328.7	1,309.5	1,272.1
Funding & Liquidity			
Long-term debt	\$232.3	\$227.4	\$221.4
Global Liquidity Sources (average) ²	522	522	507
Liquidity coverage ratio ^{2,3}	124 %	125 %	n/a
Time to Required Funding (in months) ²	56	49	40
Equity			
Common shareholders' equity	\$241.6	\$244.8	\$242.8
Common equity ratio	10.4 %	10.7 %	10.8 %
Tangible common shareholders' equity ⁴	\$171.3	\$174.5	\$171.7
Tangible common equity ratio ⁴	7.6 %	7.9 %	7.9 %
Per Share Data			
Book value per common share	\$23.74	\$23.80	\$24.34
Tangible book value per common share ⁴	16.84	16.96	17.22
Common shares outstanding (in billions) ⁵	10.18	10.29	9.97

\$ in billions	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Basel 3 Capital ³			
Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1)	\$164.8	\$168.5	\$164.3
Standardized approach			
Risk-weighted assets	\$1,452	\$1,443	\$1,416
CET1 ratio	11.4 %	11.7 %	11.6 %
Advanced approaches			
Risk-weighted assets	\$1,458	\$1,459	\$1,498
CET1 ratio	11.3 %	11.5 %	11.0 %
Supplementary leverage ratio (SLR) ²			
Bank holding company SLR	6.8 %	6.9 %	7.0 %

¹ Excludes loans and leases in All Other.

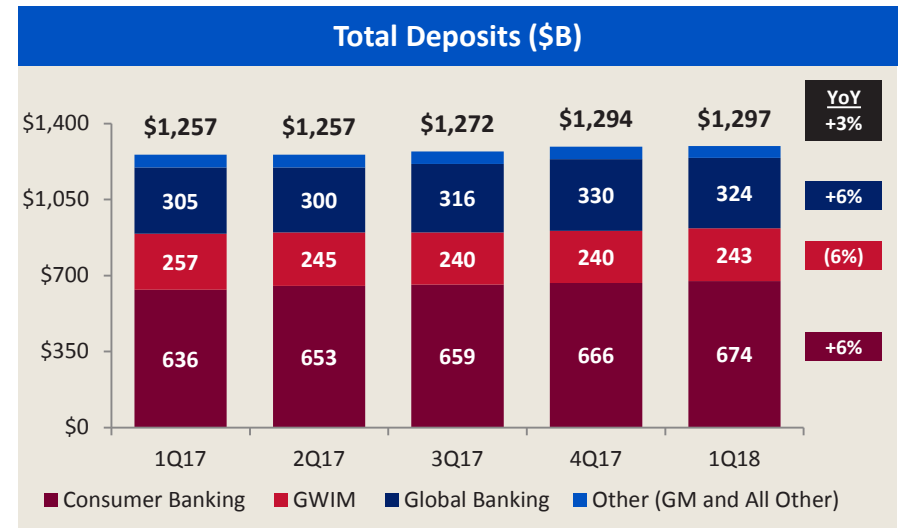
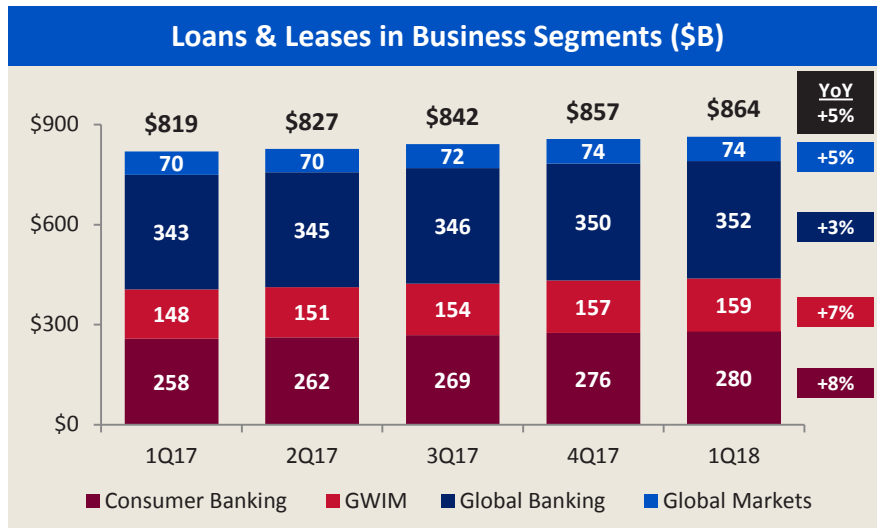
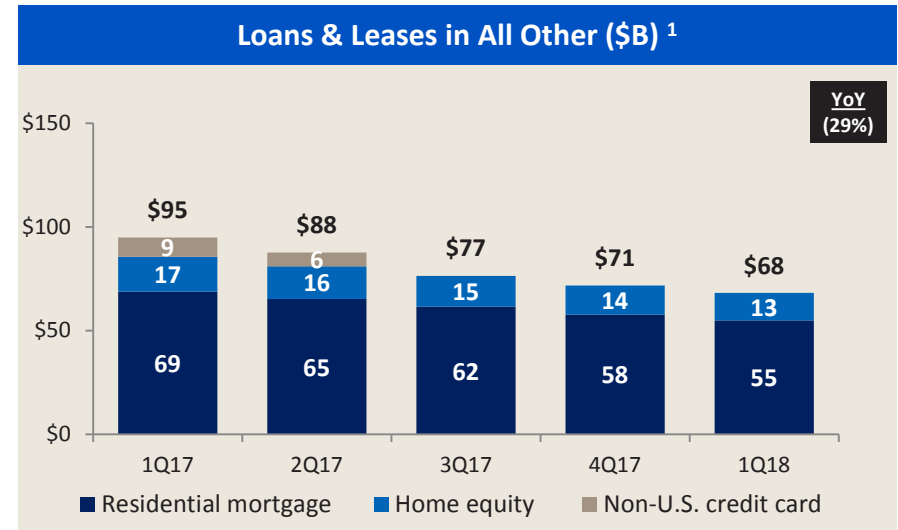
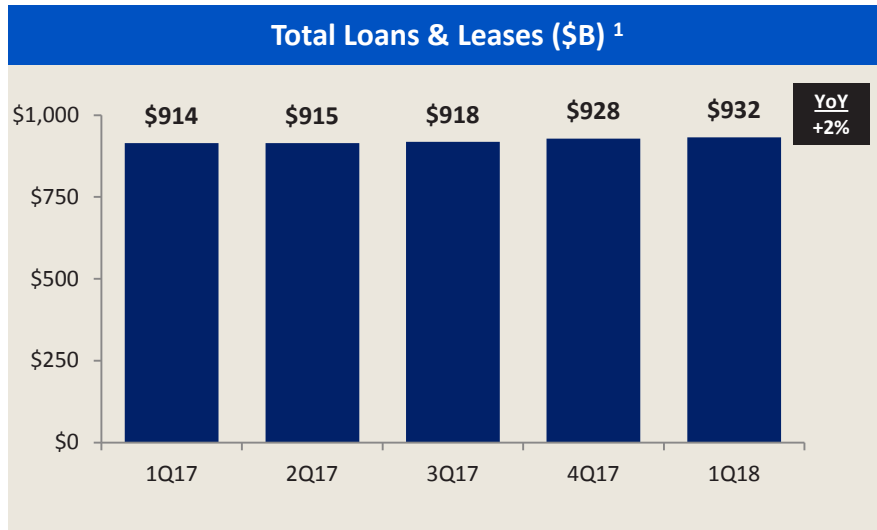
² See notes A, B, C and D on slide 36 for definitions of Global Liquidity Sources, Liquidity Coverage Ratio, Time to Required Funding and Supplementary Leverage Ratio, respectively.

³ Regulatory capital and liquidity ratios at March 31, 2018 are preliminary. Bank of America reports regulatory capital ratios under both the Standardized and Advanced approaches. The approach that yields the lower ratio is used to assess capital adequacy, which is the Advanced approaches for the periods presented. Transition provisions of Basel 3 are fully phased-in as of January 1, 2018. Prior periods are presented on a fully phased-in basis.

⁴ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For important presentation information, see slide 38.

⁵ Berkshire Hathaway exercised its warrants to purchase 700 million shares of BAC common stock in 3Q17 using its Series T preferred shares, which resulted in an increase to common shares outstanding.

Average Loans and Deposits

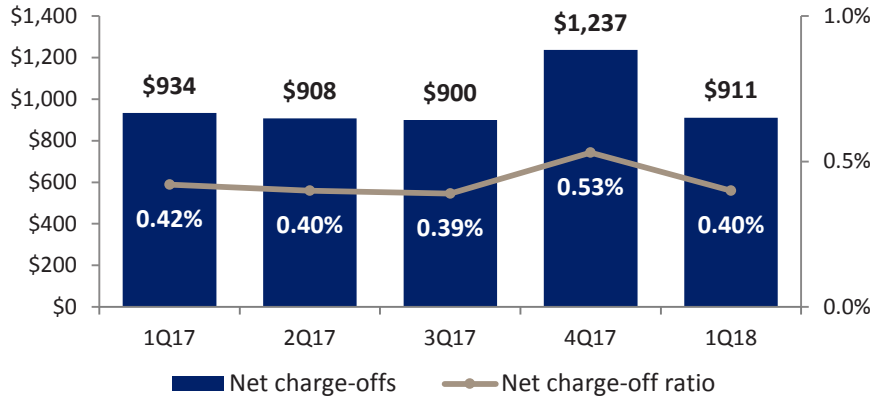


Notes: Amounts may not total due to rounding. GWIM defined as Global Wealth & Investment Management and GM defined as Global Markets.

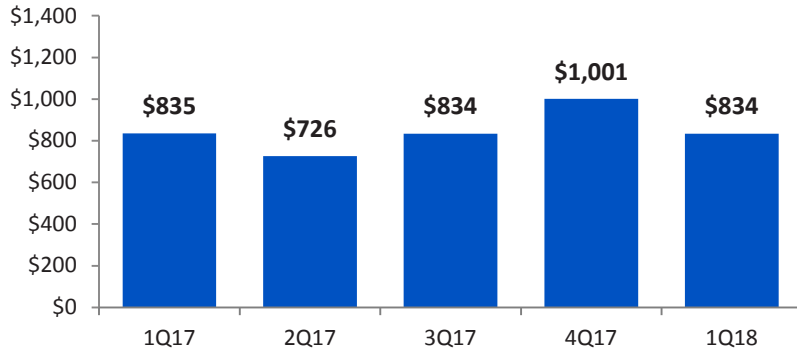
¹ Includes \$6B and \$9B of average non-U.S. consumer credit card loans in 2Q17 and 1Q17, respectively. During 2Q17, the Company sold its non-U.S. consumer credit card business.

Asset Quality

Net Charge-offs (\$MM)



Provision for Credit Losses (\$MM)

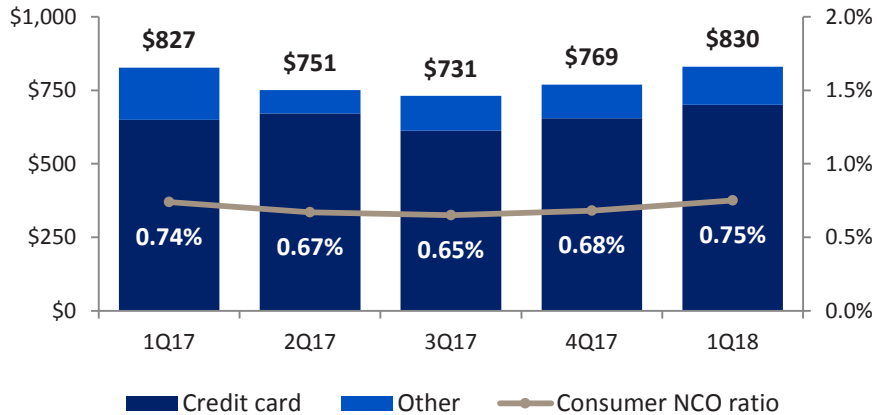


- Total net charge-offs of \$0.9B declined \$0.3B from 4Q17, and total net charge-off ratio improved to 40 bps
 - Consumer net charge-offs of \$0.8B increased \$0.1B, driven by seasonally higher losses in credit card
 - Net charge-off ratio remained low at 75 bps
 - Commercial net charge-offs of \$0.1B decreased \$0.4B, primarily driven by the absence of a \$0.3B single-name non-U.S. charge-off in 4Q17
 - Net charge-off ratio improved to 7 bps
- Provision expense of \$0.8B decreased \$0.2B from 4Q17
 - Net reserve release of \$0.1B in 1Q18 reflected improvements in consumer real estate and energy, partially offset by seasoning in the credit card portfolio
- Allowance for loan and lease losses of \$10.3B, which represents 1.11% of total loans and leases ¹
- Nonperforming loans (NPLs) decreased \$0.1B from 4Q17
 - Current consumer NPLs remained at 45%
- Commercial reservable criticized utilized exposure decreased \$0.2B from 4Q17, driven by improvement in energy exposures

¹ Excludes loans measured at fair value.

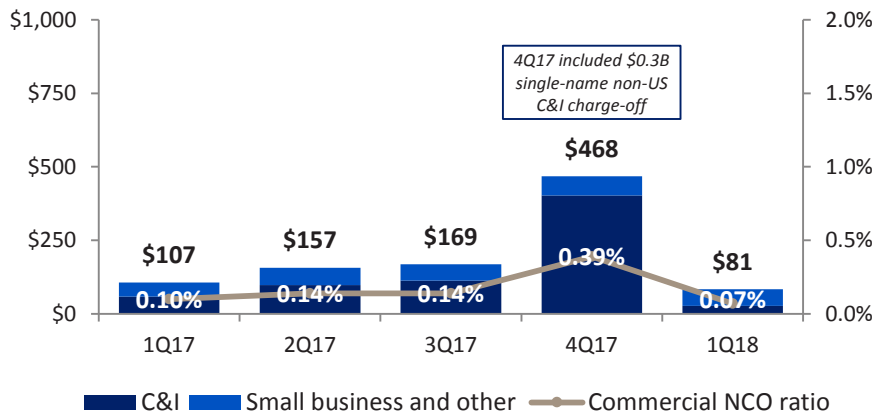
Asset Quality – Consumer and Commercial Portfolios

Consumer Net Charge-offs (\$MM)



Consumer Asset Quality Metrics (\$MM)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Provision	\$748	\$619	\$772
Nonperforming loans and leases	4,906	5,166	5,546
% of loans and leases ¹	1.10 %	1.14 %	1.23 %
Consumer 30+ days performing past due	\$7,823	\$8,811	\$9,451
Fully-insured ²	3,915	4,466	5,531
Non fully-insured	3,908	4,345	3,920
Allowance for loans and leases	5,250	5,383	6,136
% of loans and leases ¹	1.18 %	1.18 %	1.36 %
# times annualized NCOs	1.56 x	1.76 x	1.83 x

Commercial Net Charge-offs (\$MM)



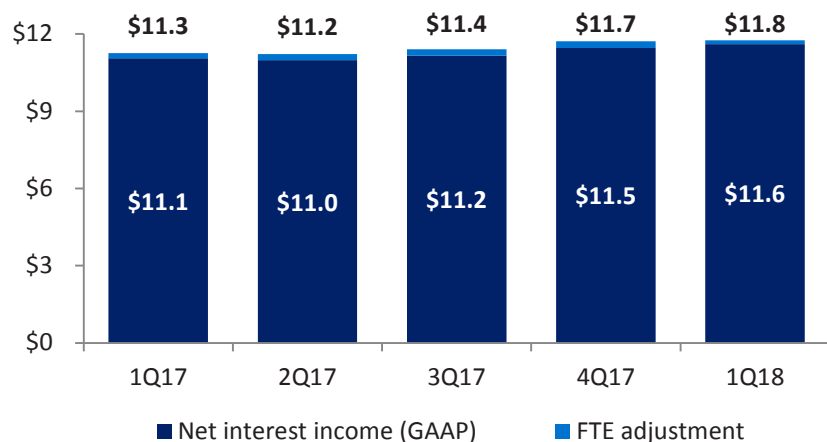
Commercial Asset Quality Metrics (\$MM)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Provision	\$86	\$382	\$63
Reservable criticized utilized exposure	13,366	13,563	16,068
Nonperforming loans and leases	1,472	1,304	1,728
% of loans and leases ¹	0.31 %	0.27 %	0.38 %
Allowance for loans and leases	\$5,010	\$5,010	\$5,218
% of loans and leases ¹	1.04 %	1.05 %	1.14 %

¹ Excludes loans measured at fair value.

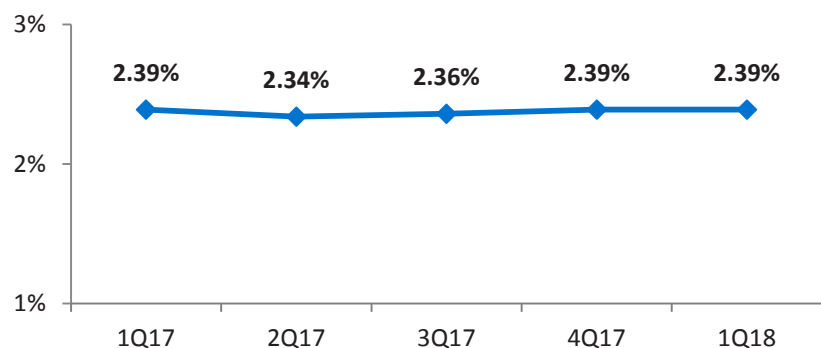
² Fully-insured loans are FHA-insured loans and other loans individually insured under long-term standby agreements.

Net Interest Income

Net Interest Income (FTE, \$B) ¹



Net Interest Yield (FTE) ¹



Note: FTE defined as fully taxable-equivalent basis.

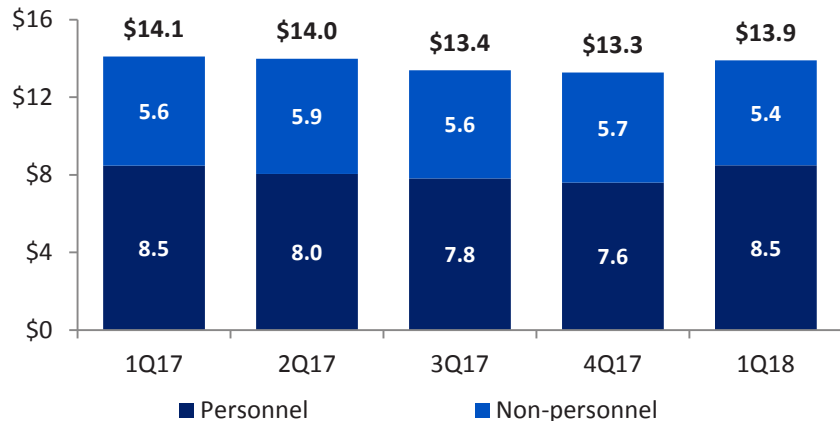
¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For important presentation information, see slide 38.

² NII asset sensitivity represents banking book positions.

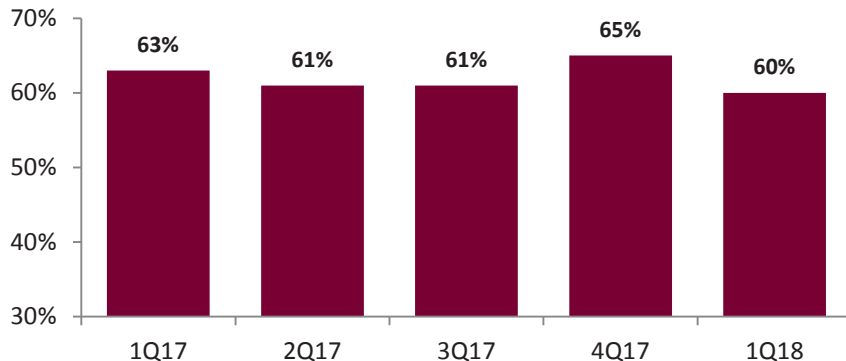
- Net interest income of \$11.6B (\$11.8B FTE ¹)
 - Increased \$0.6B from 1Q17, reflecting the benefits from higher interest rates and loan and deposit growth, partially offset by a decline resulting from the sale of the non-U.S. consumer credit card business in 2Q17 and higher funding costs in Global Markets
 - Increased \$146MM from 4Q17, driven by higher interest rates, partially offset by two fewer interest accrual days
- Net interest yield of 2.39% was flat compared to 1Q17
 - Reflects the benefits from spread improvement offset by a reduction in the non-U.S. consumer credit card portfolio (higher-yielding asset), as well as the impact from an increase in Global Markets assets (lower-yielding)
- Interest rate sensitivity as of March 31, 2018 ²
 - Remain positioned for NII to benefit as rates move higher
 - +100bps parallel shift in interest rate yield curve is estimated to benefit NII by \$3.0B over the next 12 months, driven primarily by sensitivity to short-end interest rates ²

Expense and Efficiency

Total Noninterest Expense (\$B)



Efficiency Ratio



- Total noninterest expense of \$13.9B declined \$0.2B, or 1%, from 1Q17, driven by lower non-personnel costs
- Efficiency ratio improved to 60% in 1Q18
- Total noninterest expense increased \$0.6B from 4Q17, driven by seasonally elevated payroll tax costs of \$0.4B and higher revenue-related incentives
- Total headcount was 208K, down 1% from 1Q17
 - Growth of 1.6K in primary sales professionals across Consumer Banking, GWIM and Global Banking was more than offset by reductions from the sale of the non-U.S. consumer credit card business and declines in non-sales professionals

Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding. Certain amounts have been reclassified to reflect new accounting pronouncements. See slide 38 for important presentation information.

Consumer Banking

\$ in millions	1Q18	Inc/(Dec)	
		4Q17	1Q17
Total revenue, net of interest expense ¹	\$9,032	\$77	\$748
Provision for credit losses	935	49	97
Noninterest expense	4,480	(27)	70
Pretax income ¹	3,617	55	581
Income tax expense ¹	922	(443)	(222)
Net income	\$2,695	\$498	\$803

Key Indicators (\$ in billions)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Average deposits	\$674.4	\$665.5	\$635.6
Rate paid on deposits	0.05 %	0.04 %	0.03 %
Cost of deposits ²	1.61	1.61	1.63
Average loans and leases	\$279.6	\$275.7	\$257.9
Net charge-off ratio	1.27 %	1.21 %	1.21 %
Client brokerage assets	\$182.1	\$177.0	\$153.8
Active mobile banking users (MM)	24.8	24.2	22.2
% Consumer sales through digital channels	26 %	24 %	22 %
Number of financial centers	4,435	4,470	4,559
Combined credit / debit purchase volumes ³	\$137.4	\$143.4	\$125.9
Total U.S. consumer credit card risk-adjusted margin ³	8.32 %	8.74 %	8.89 %
Return on average allocated capital	30	24	21
Allocated capital	\$37	\$37	\$37
Efficiency ratio ¹	50 %	50 %	53 %

Note: ROAAC defined as return on average allocated capital

¹ FTE basis.

² Cost of deposits calculated as annualized noninterest expense as a percentage of total average deposits within the Deposits subsegment.

³ Includes portfolios in Consumer Banking and GWIM.

⁴ Represents the percentage of consumer checking accounts that are estimated to be the customer's primary account based on multiple relationship factors (e.g., linked to their direct deposit).

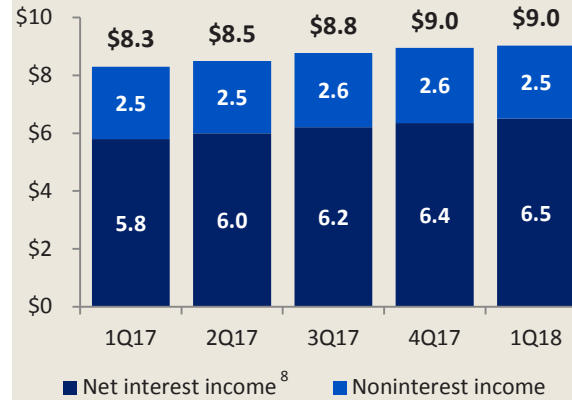
- Net income of \$2.7B and ROAAC of 30%
 - Pretax income of \$3.6B, up 19% from 1Q17
- Revenue of \$9.0B increased \$0.7B, or 9%, from 1Q17
 - Strong NII growth, driven by higher interest rates and growth in deposits and loans
 - Noninterest income increased as higher card income more than offset lower mortgage banking income
- Provision increased from 1Q17, primarily due to credit card portfolio seasoning and loan growth
 - Net charge-offs increased \$0.1B to \$0.9B
- Noninterest expense up \$0.1B, or 2%, from 1Q17, reflecting investments for business growth
 - Efficiency ratio improved 364 bps to below 50%
 - Continued investment in primary sales professionals, financial center builds/renovations and digital capabilities
- Average deposits of \$674B grew \$39B, or 6%, from 1Q17
 - 51% of deposits in checking accounts; 90% primary accounts ⁴
 - Average cost of deposits of 1.61% ²
- Average loans and leases of \$280B increased \$22B, or 8%, from 1Q17, driven by growth in residential mortgage and credit card
- Client brokerage assets of \$182B grew \$28B, or 18%, from 1Q17, driven by record client flows and market performance
- Combined YoY growth in card spend accelerated to 9% (credit +11%, debit +8%) vs. 5% in the year-ago period
- Active mobile banking users of 24.8MM, up 12% from 1Q17, and mobile channel usage up 32% from 1Q17

Consumer Banking Trends

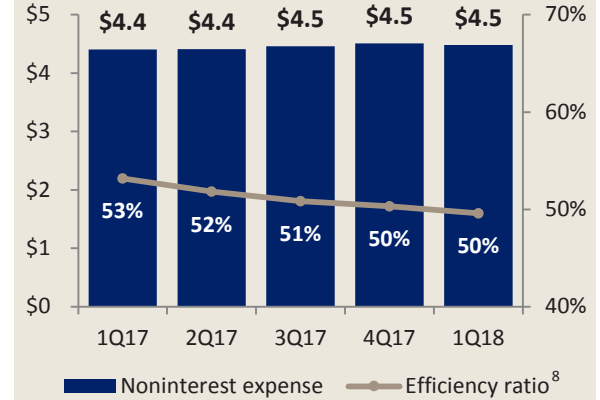
Business Leadership

- #1 Consumer Deposit Market Share ¹
- 2018 JD Power Certified Mobile App
- #1 Online Banking and Mobile Banking Functionality ²
- #1 Digital U.S. Credit Card Sales Functionality ³
- #1 Online Broker ⁴
- #1 Home Equity Lender and #2 bank for Retail Mortgage Originations ⁵
- #1 in Prime Auto Credit distribution of new originations among peers ⁶
- #2 Small Business Lender ⁷

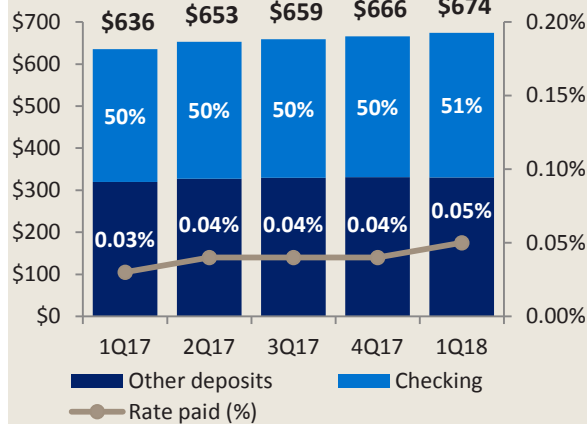
Total Revenue (\$B) ⁸



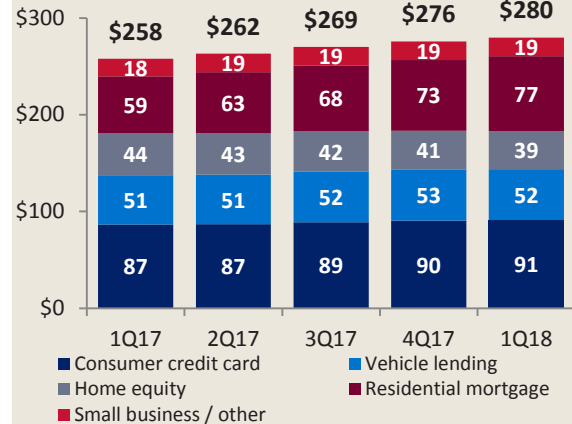
Total Expense (\$B) and Efficiency ⁸



Average Deposits (\$B)



Average Loans and Leases (\$B)



Client Brokerage Assets (EOP, \$B)



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Source: June 2017 FDIC deposit data.

² Source: Dynatrace 4Q17 Online Banker Scorecard and Javelin 2017 Mobile Banking Scorecard.

³ Source: Forrester 2017 Credit Card Functionality.

⁴ Source: Kiplinger's 2017 Best Online Brokers Review.

⁵ Source: Inside Mortgage Finance (YTD 3Q17 and YTD 4Q17).

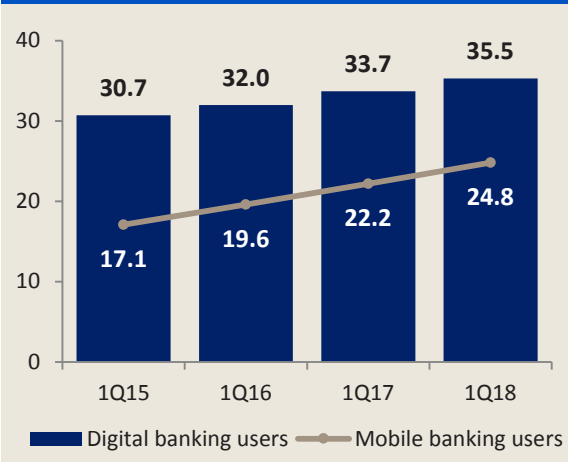
⁶ Source: Experian. Largest percentage of 740+ Scorex customers among key competitors as of January 2018.

⁷ Source: FDIC (4Q17).

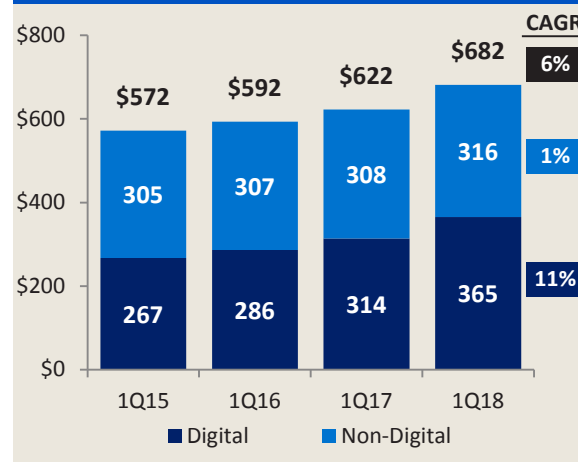
⁸ FTE basis.

Consumer Banking Digital Trends

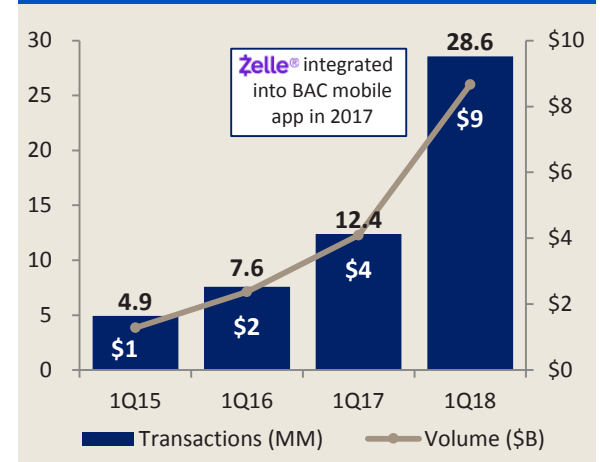
Active Digital Banking Users (MM) ¹



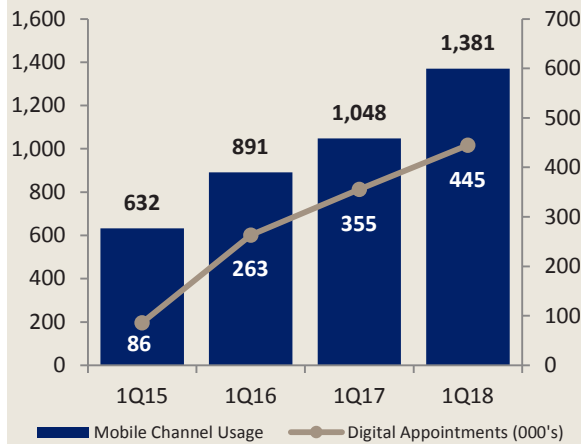
Total Payments (\$B)



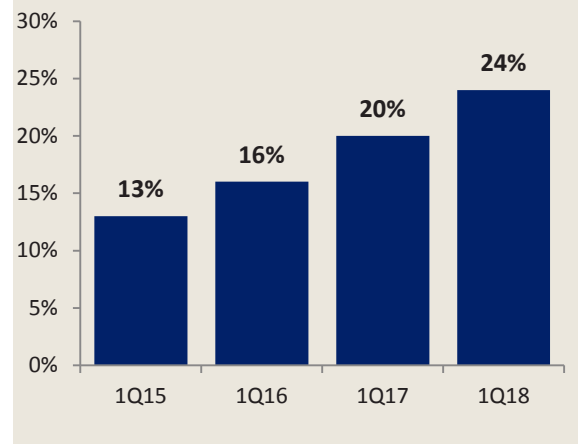
Person-to-Person Payments (Zelle) ²



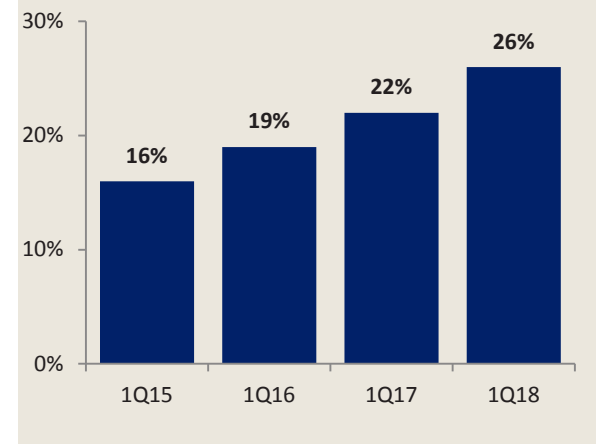
Mobile Channel Usage (MM) ³



% Mobile Deposit Transactions



% Digital Sales



¹ Digital users represent mobile and / or online users in consumer businesses.

² Includes person-to-person payments sent and / or received through e-mail or mobile identification.

³ Represents the total number of application logins using a smartphone or tablet. Digital appointments represent the number of appointments made using a smartphone or tablet.

Global Wealth & Investment Management

\$ in millions	1Q18	Inc/(Dec)	
		4Q17	1Q17
Total revenue, net of interest expense ¹	\$4,856	\$173	\$264
Provision for credit losses	38	32	15
Noninterest expense	3,428	(45)	99
Pretax income ¹	1,390	186	150
Income tax expense ¹	355	(107)	(112)
Net income	\$1,035	\$293	\$262

Key Indicators (\$ in billions)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Average deposits	\$243.1	\$240.1	\$257.4
Average loans and leases	159.1	157.1	148.4
Net charge-off ratio	0.06 %	0.01 %	0.06 %
AUM flows	\$24.2	\$18.2	\$29.2
Pretax margin	29 %	26 %	27 %
Return on average allocated capital	29	21	22
Allocated capital	\$14.5	\$14.0	\$14.0

- Net income of \$1.0B and ROAAC of 29%
 - Record pretax income of \$1.4B, up 12% from 1Q17, and pretax margin of 29%
- Revenue increased to a record \$4.9B, up 6% from 1Q17, reflecting higher asset management fees and NII, partially offset by lower transactional revenue
 - 85% of revenue from asset management fees and NII vs. 81% in 1Q17
- Noninterest expense increased 3% from 1Q17, primarily due to higher revenue-related incentive costs
- Client balances grew 5% from 1Q17 to \$2.7T, driven by higher market valuations and strong net flows
 - Assets under management (AUM) flows of \$24B in 1Q18, reflected solid client activity and, to a lesser extent than the year-ago period, a shift from brokerage to AUM
- Average deposits of \$243B declined 6% from 1Q17, primarily due to clients shifting balances into investments during 1H17
 - Growth of \$3B, or 1%, compared to 4Q17
- Average loans and leases of \$159B increased \$11B, or 7%, from 1Q17, driven by mortgage and structured lending; 32nd consecutive quarter of loan growth
- Wealth advisors grew 4% from 1Q17 to 19,276 ²
 - Record low competitive attrition rate

¹ FTE basis.

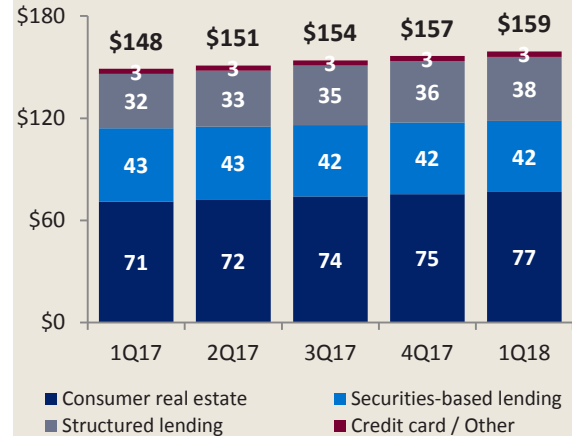
² Includes financial advisors in Consumer Banking of 2,538 and 2,121 in 1Q18 and 1Q17.

Global Wealth & Investment Management Trends

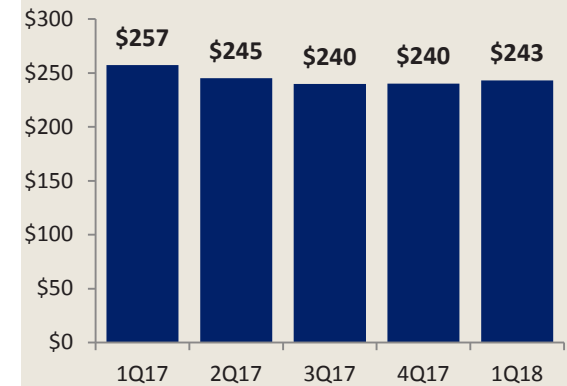
Business Leadership

- #1 U.S. wealth management market position across client assets, deposits and loans ¹
- #1 in personal trust assets under management ²
- #1 in Barron's U.S. high net worth client assets (2017)
- #1 in Barron's Top 1,200 ranked Financial Advisors (2018)
- #1 in Forbes' Top 500 America's Top Next Generation Advisors (2017)
- #1 in Financial Times Top 401K Retirement Plan Advisers (2017)
- #2 in Barron's Top 100 Women Advisors (2017)

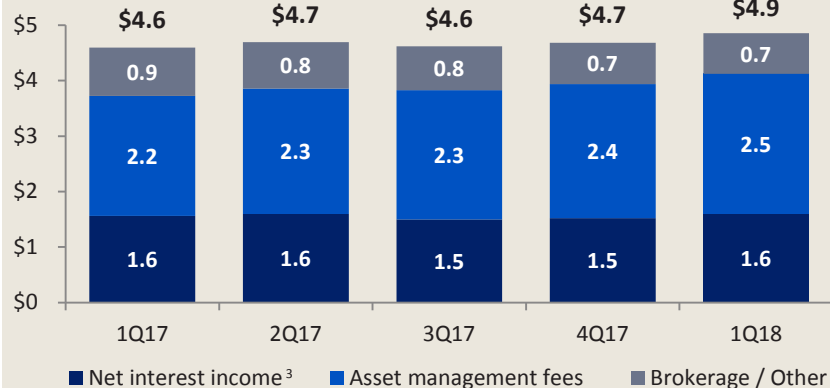
Average Loans and Leases (\$B)



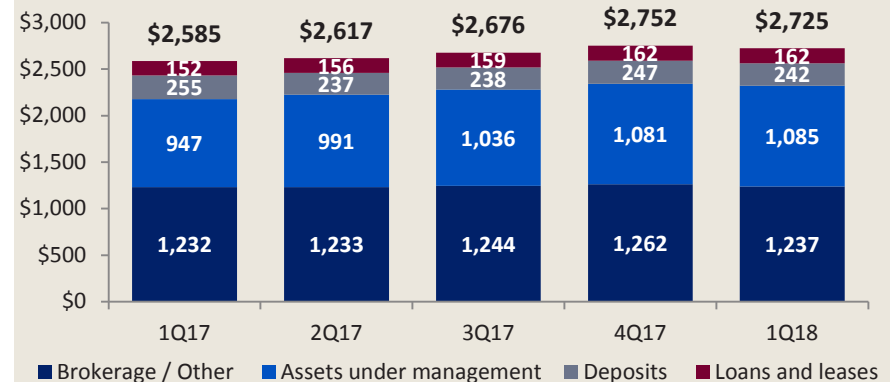
Average Deposits (\$B)



Total Revenue (\$B) ³



Client Balances (EOP, \$B) ⁴



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Source: U.S.-based full-service wirehouse peers based on 4Q17 earnings releases.

² Source: Industry 4Q17 call reports.

³ FTE basis.

⁴ Loans and leases include margin receivables which are classified in customer and other receivables on the consolidated balance sheet.

Global Banking

\$ in millions	1Q18	Inc/(Dec)	
		4Q17	1Q17
Total revenue, net of interest expense ^{1,2}	\$4,934	(\$85)	(\$21)
Provision for credit losses	16	(116)	(1)
Noninterest expense	2,195	34	32
Pretax income ¹	2,723	(3)	(52)
Income tax expense ¹	707	(339)	(339)
Net income	\$2,016	\$336	\$287

Selected Revenue Items (\$ in millions)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Total Corporation IB fees (excl. self-led) ²	\$1,353	\$1,418	\$1,584
Global Banking IB fees ²	744	811	925
Business Lending revenue	2,124	2,262	2,247
Global Transaction Services revenue	1,930	1,876	1,701

Key Indicators (\$ in billions)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Average deposits	\$324.4	\$329.8	\$305.2
Average loans and leases	351.7	350.3	342.9
Net charge-off ratio	0.02 %	0.30 %	0.06 %
Return on average allocated capital	20	17	18
Allocated capital	\$41	\$40	\$40
Efficiency ratio ¹	44 %	43 %	44 %

- Net income of \$2.0B and ROAAC of 20%
 - Pretax income of \$2.7B, down 2% from 1Q17
- Revenue of \$4.9B decreased modestly from 1Q17
 - Reflects lower investment banking fees and the impact of tax reform on certain tax-advantaged investments, partially offset by the benefit from higher interest rates and growth in loans and deposits
- Total Corporation investment banking fees of \$1.4B (excl. self-led) declined 15% from a strong 1Q17 performance
- Noninterest expense increased 1% from 1Q17, driven by higher personnel expense
 - Added additional client-facing professionals to further strengthen local market coverage
 - Efficiency ratio remained low at 44%
- Average loans and leases of \$352B increased 3% from 1Q17, primarily driven by growth in international and domestic C&I
- Average deposits of \$324B grew 6% from 1Q17

¹ FTE basis.

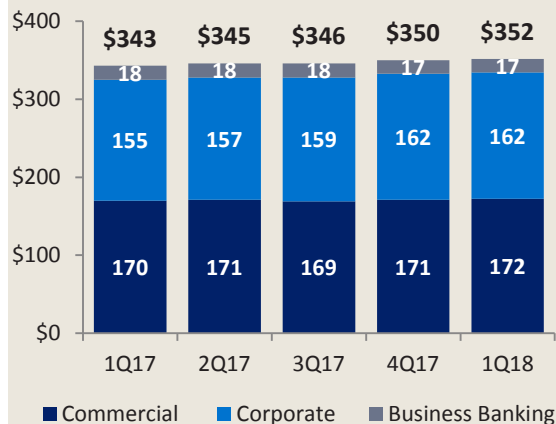
² Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities and sales and trading activities.

Global Banking Trends

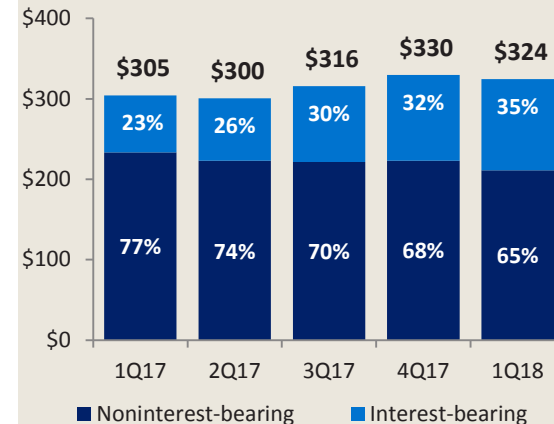
Business Leadership

- World's Best Bank for Advisory and North America's Best Bank for Small to Medium-sized Enterprises (Euromoney, '17)
- Most Innovative Investment Bank of the Year and Best Bank for Global Payments (The Banker, '17)
- Best Global Debt Bank (Global Finance, '18)
- 2017 Share and Quality Leader in U.S. Large Corporate Banking & U.S. Cash Management (Greenwich)
- Best Brand for Overall Middle Market Banking and Excellence Award for International Middle Market Banking - Payments, FX, Trade Finance (Greenwich, '17)
- Relationships with 79% of the Global Fortune 500; 95% of the U.S. Fortune 1,000 (2017)

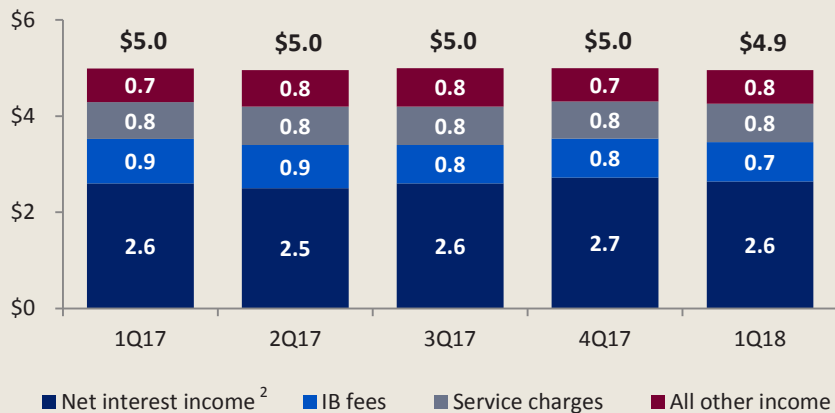
Average Loans and Leases (\$B)



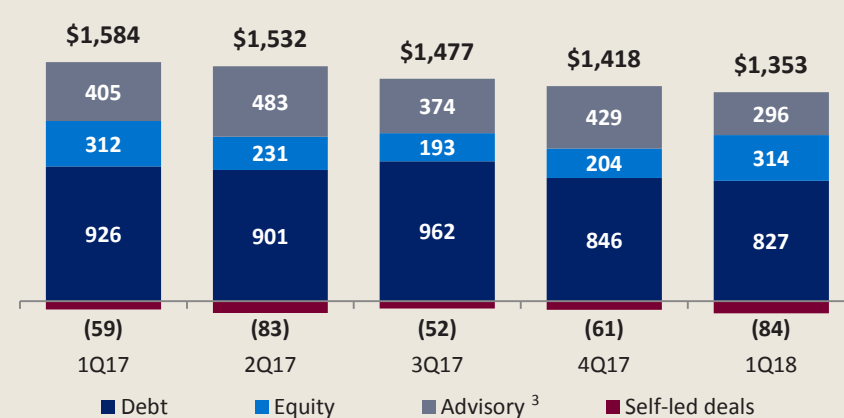
Average Deposits (\$B)



Total Revenue (\$B) ^{1, 2}



Total Corporation IB Fees (\$MM) ¹



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities and sales and trading activities.

² FTE basis.

³ Advisory includes fees on debt and equity advisory and mergers and acquisitions.

Global Markets

\$ in millions	1Q18	Inc/(Dec)	
		4Q17	1Q17
Total revenue, net of interest expense ^{1,2}	\$4,786	\$1,390	\$78
Net DVA	64	182	194
Total revenue (excl. net DVA) ^{1,2,3}	4,722	1,208	(116)
Provision for credit losses	(3)	(165)	14
Noninterest expense	2,818	204	61
Pretax income ¹	1,971	1,351	3
Income tax expense ¹	513	303	(158)
Net income	\$1,458	\$1,048	\$161
Net income (excl. net DVA) ³	\$1,409	\$926	\$31

Selected Revenue Items (\$ in millions) ²	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Sales and trading revenue	\$4,117	\$2,539	\$3,899
Sales and trading revenue (excl. net DVA) ³	4,053	2,657	4,029
FICC (excl. net DVA)	2,536	1,709	2,930
Equities (excl. net DVA)	1,517	948	1,099
Global Markets IB fees	609	597	666

Key Indicators (\$ in billions)	1Q18	4Q17	1Q17
Average total assets	\$678.4	\$659.4	\$607.0
Average trading-related assets	463.2	449.7	422.4
Average 99% VaR (\$ in MM) ⁴	40	36	38
Average loans and leases	73.8	73.6	70.1
Return on average allocated capital	17 %	5 %	15 %
Allocated capital	\$35	\$35	\$35
Efficiency ratio ¹	59 %	77 %	59 %

¹ FTE basis.

² Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities and sales and trading activities.

³ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure; see note E on slide 36.

⁴ See note F on slide 36 for definition of VaR.

- Net income of \$1.5B and ROAAC of 17%
 - Pretax income of \$2.0B was stable compared to 1Q17
- Revenue grew 2% from 1Q17, driven by sales and trading revenue
- Sales and trading revenue of \$4.1B increased 6% from 1Q17, with FICC down 7% to \$2.6B and Equities up 38% to \$1.5B
- Excluding net DVA, sales and trading revenue of \$4.1B increased 1% from 1Q17 ³
 - FICC revenue of \$2.5B declined 13% from a strong 1Q17, due to lower activity and less favorable market conditions in credit-related products, partially offset by improved activity in rates and currencies
 - Record Equities revenue of \$1.5B increased 38% from 1Q17, driven by increased client activity and a strong trading performance in derivatives
- Noninterest expense increased 2% versus 1Q17, driven by continued investments in technology
- Average total assets increased from 1Q17, primarily due to targeted growth in both Equities and FICC
- Average VaR remained low at \$40MM in 1Q18 ⁴
- No trading loss days recorded in any of the periods presented

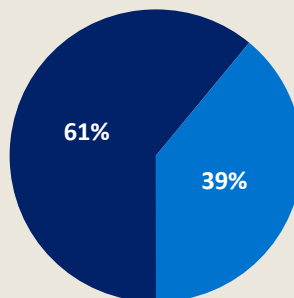
Global Markets Trends and Revenue Mix

Business Leadership

- Best Bank for Markets in Asia (Euromoney, 2017)
- European Trading House of the Year (Financial News, 2017)
- Equity Derivatives House of the Year (Risk Magazine, 2017)
- #1 Equity Portfolio Trading Share – North American Institutions (Greenwich, 2017)
- 2017 U.S. Fixed Income Quality Leader in Credit and Securitized Products (Greenwich, 2017)
- 2017 Quality Leader in Global Top-Tier Foreign Exchange Service and Sales (Greenwich, 2017)
- #2 Global Research Firm (Institutional Investor, 2017)

1Q18 Global Markets Revenue Mix

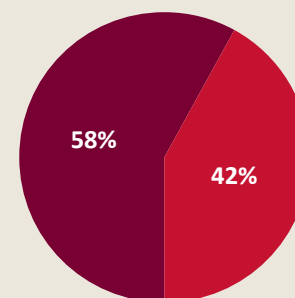
(excl. net DVA)¹



■ U.S. / Canada ■ International

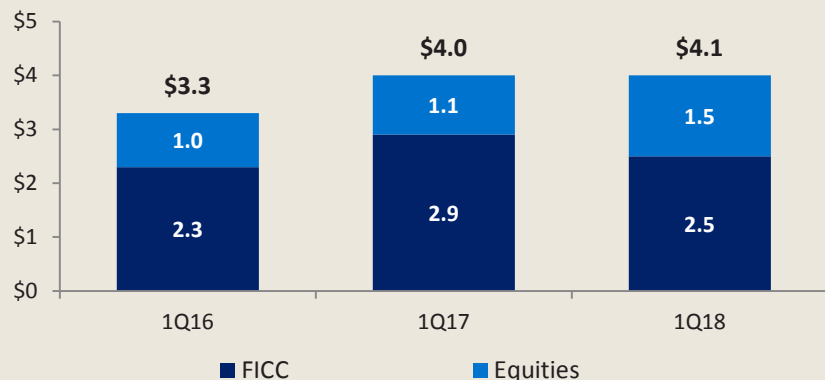
1Q18 Total FICC S&T Revenue Mix

(excl. net DVA)¹

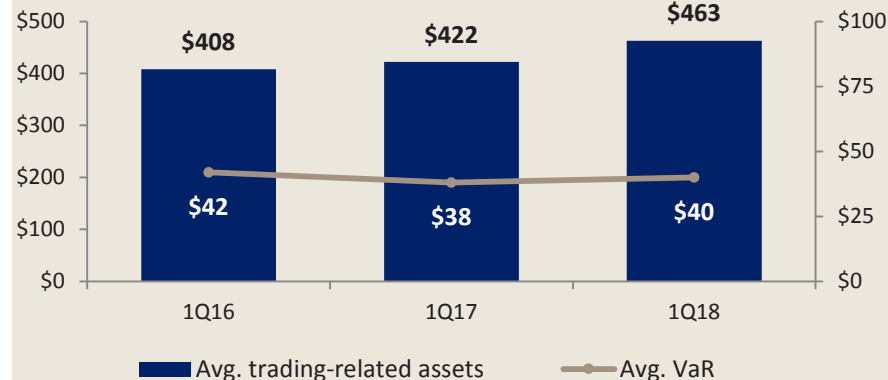


■ Credit / other ■ Macro²

Total Sales & Trading Revenue (excl. net DVA) (\$B)¹



Average Trading-related Assets (\$B) and VaR (\$MM)³



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Reported sales & trading revenue was \$4.1B, \$3.9B and \$3.4B for 1Q18, 1Q17 and 1Q16, respectively. Reported FICC sales & trading revenue was \$2.6B, \$2.8B and \$2.4B for 1Q18, 1Q17 and 1Q16, respectively. Reported Equities sales & trading revenue was \$1.5B, \$1.1B and \$1.0B for 1Q18, 1Q17 and 1Q16, respectively. See note E on slide 36.

² Macro includes G10 FX, rates and commodities products.

³ See note F on slide 36 for definition of VaR.

All Other ¹

\$ in millions	1Q18	Inc/(Dec)	
		4Q17	1Q17
Total revenue, net of interest expense ²	(\$333)	\$1,033	(\$239)
Provision (benefit) for credit losses	(152)	33	(126)
Noninterest expense	976	457	(458)
Pretax income (loss) ²	(1,157)	543	345
Income tax expense (benefit) ²	(871)	(1,835)	277
Net income (loss)	(\$286)	\$2,378	\$68

- Net loss of \$0.3B in 1Q18
- Revenue declined \$0.2B from 1Q17, primarily due to the absence of the non-U.S. consumer credit card business sold in 2Q17
 - Improvement from 4Q17, driven largely by the absence of a \$0.9B charge related to the Tax Act
- Provision improved from 1Q17, primarily driven by continued runoff of the non-core portfolio
- Noninterest expense improved \$0.5B from 1Q17, due to lower litigation expense, reduced operational costs from the sale of the non-U.S. consumer credit card business and lower non-core mortgage costs
- 1Q18 and 1Q17 included a \$0.2B tax benefit related to stock-based compensation
- Tax expense in 4Q17 included the negative impact associated with the Tax Act

¹ All Other consists of ALM activities, equity investments, non-core mortgage loans and servicing activities, the net impact of periodic revisions to the MSR valuation model for both core and non-core MSRs and the related economic hedge results, liquidating businesses and residual expense allocations. ALM activities encompass certain residential mortgages, debt securities, interest rate and foreign currency risk management activities, the impact of certain allocation methodologies and hedge ineffectiveness. The results of certain ALM activities are allocated to our business segments. Equity investments include our merchant services joint venture, as well as a portfolio of equity, real estate and other alternative investments. During 2Q17, the Company sold its non-U.S. consumer credit card business.

² FTE basis.

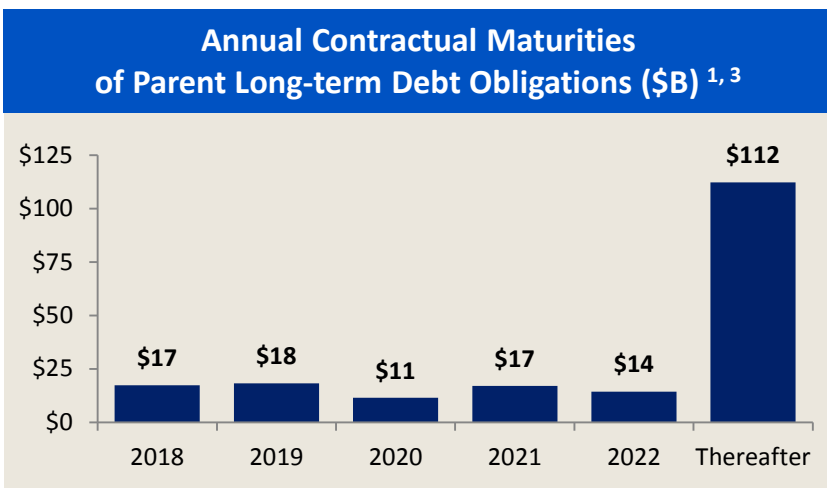
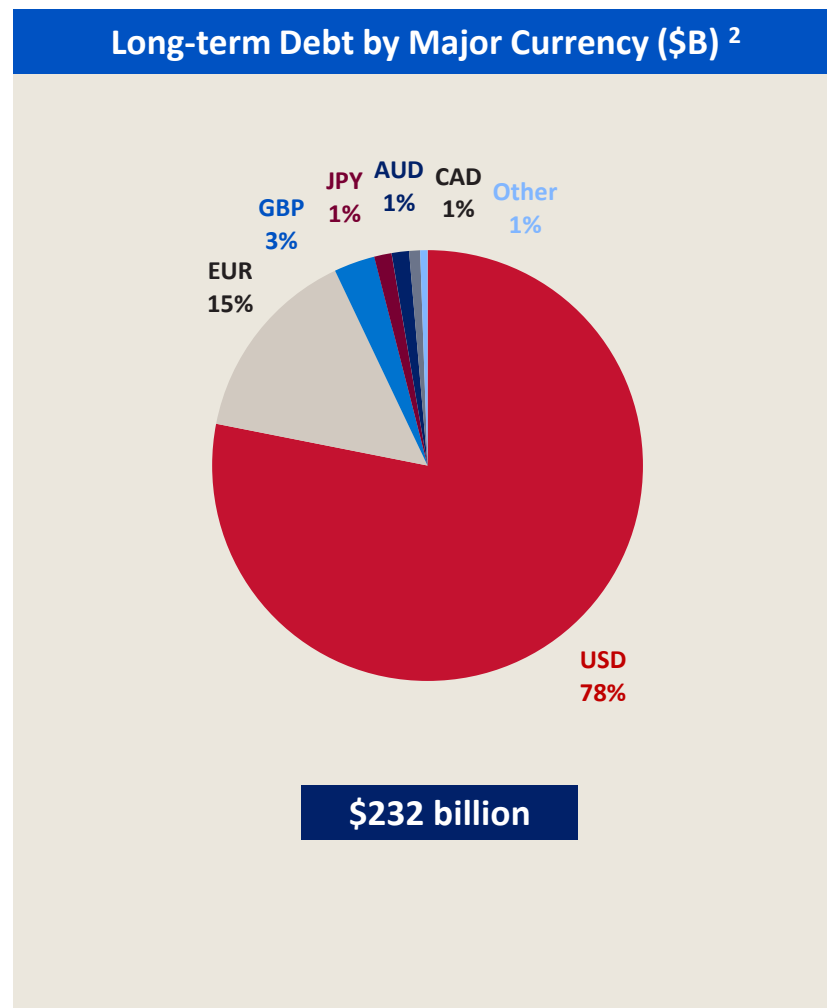
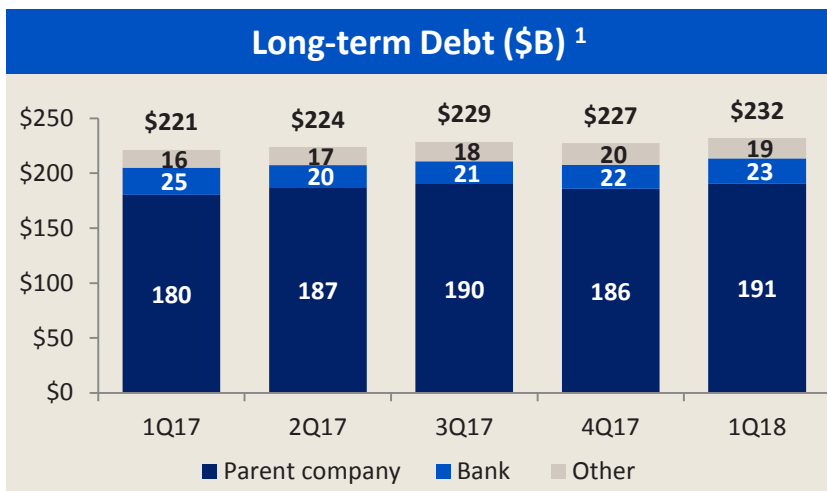
First Quarter 2018 Key Takeaways

- Produced solid returns
- Delivered responsible growth
- Solid client activity with good deposit, loan and AUM growth
- Maintained positive operating leverage
- Asset quality remained strong
- Increased capital returned to shareholders; repurchased \$4.9B of common shares and paid \$1.2B in common dividends
- Positioned to benefit from higher interest rates and an improving economic environment



Appendix: Funding

Long-term Debt as of March 31, 2018



Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

¹ Parent company long-term debt reflects the carrying value of annual contractual maturities of long-term debt obligations of Bank of America Corporation only. Substantially all of our senior and subordinated debt obligations contain no put or trigger provisions that could result in early redemption of debt, require additional collateral support, result in changes to terms or maturity date, or create additional financial obligations upon an adverse change in our credit ratings, financial ratios, earnings, cash flows, or stock price.

² Other includes individual currency denominations that are below \$1B as of March 31, 2018, the largest of which is Brazilian real at \$477MM or 0.2%.

³ 2018 total includes remaining contractual maturities as of March 31, 2018.

Recent Notable Debt and Preferred Stock Issuances

As of April 18, 2018

Recent Notable Debt Issuances ^{1,2,3}								
ISIN	Entity ⁴	Pricing Date	Ranking	Currency	Maturity	Rate Type	Pricing (bps)	Size (\$B)
XS1811433983	BAC	4/18/2018	Senior	EUR	6NC5	Floating	3m Euribor+70	\$2.4
XS1811435251	BAC	4/18/2018	Senior	EUR	10NC9 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	MS+80 / 3m Euribor+89 ⁶	1.5
CA060505FJ83	BAC	4/17/2018	Senior	CAD	6NC5 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	GoC+118.6 / CDOR+81.6 ⁶	0.8
CA060505FH28	BAC	4/17/2018	Senior	CAD	4NC3	Floating	CDOR+52	0.4
US06051GHE26	BAC	2/28/2018	Senior	USD	6NC5	Floating	3mL+79	1.5
US06051GHF90	BAC	2/28/2018	Senior	USD	6NC5 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	3.550% / 3mL+78 ⁶	3.0
US06051GHG73	BAC	2/28/2018	Senior	USD	11NC10 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	3.970% / 3mL+107 ⁶	2.5
XS1788495494	BAC	2/27/2018	Senior	USD	30NC5	Zero	4.55% ^{7, 8}	0.3
US06051GHB86	BAC	1/31/2018	Senior	USD	8NC7	Floating	3mL+77	1.5
US06051GGX16	BAC	1/18/2018	Senior	USD	4NC3	Floating	3mL+38	0.5
US06051GGY98	BAC	1/18/2018	Senior	USD	4NC3 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	2.738% / 3mL+37 ⁶	1.5
US06051GGZ63	BAC	1/18/2018	Senior	USD	8NC7 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	3.366% / 3mL+81 ⁶	2.0
US06051GHA04	BAC	1/18/2018	Senior	USD	31NC30 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	3.946% / 3mL+119 ⁶	1.3
XS1687279841	BAC	9/14/2017	Senior	EUR	4NC3	Floating	3m Euribor+37	1.2
CA060505FG45	BAC	9/13/2017	Senior	CAD	8NC7 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	GoC+149.0 / CDOR+120.2 ⁶	0.4
US06051GGT04	BAC	9/13/2017	Senior	USD	8NC7 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+108 / 3mL+109 ⁶	1.8
US06051GGS21	BAC	9/13/2017	Senior	USD	4NC3 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+85 / 3mL+63 ⁶	2.0
US06051GGU76	BAC	9/13/2017	Senior	USD	4NC3	Floating	3mL+65	0.8
XS1668834077	BAC	8/15/2017	Senior	USD	30NC5	Zero	4.375% ^{7, 8}	0.7
US06051GGN34	BAC	7/18/2017	Senior	USD	4NC3	Floating	3mL+66	1.0
US06051GGP81	BAC	7/18/2017	Senior	USD	4NC3 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+85 / 3mL+66 ⁶	2.5
US06051GGQ64	BAC	7/18/2017	Senior	USD	6NC5 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+100 / 3mL+93 ⁶	1.5
US06051GGR48	BAC	7/18/2017	Senior	USD	11NC10 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+133 / 3mL+137 ⁶	2.0
XS1629659647	BAC	6/6/2017	Senior	USD	30NC5	Zero	4.45% ^{7, 8}	0.5
XS1602547264	BAC	4/20/2017	Senior	EUR	10NC9 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	MS+115 / 3m Euribor+120 ⁶	1.6
XS1602557495	BAC	4/20/2017	Senior	EUR	6NC5	Floating	3m Euribor+78	1.6
US06051GGJ22	BAC	4/19/2017	Senior	USD	6NC5	Floating	3mL+100	1.5
US06051GGK94	BAC	4/19/2017	Senior	USD	6NC5 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+115 / 3mL+102.1 ⁶	1.3
US06051GGL77	BAC	4/19/2017	Senior	USD	11NC10 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+150 / 3mL+151.2 ⁶	2.0
US06051GGM50	BAC	4/19/2017	Senior	USD	21NC20 ⁵	Fixed / Floating	T+137 / 3mL+181.4 ⁶	2.0

Recent Preferred Stock Issuances								
ISIN	Entity ⁴	Pricing Date	Name	Currency	Maturity	Rate Type	Pricing (bps)	Size (\$B)
US060505FL38	BAC	3/8/2018	Series FF	USD	Perpetual, NC10	Fixed / Floating	5.875% / 3mL + 293.1 ⁶	\$2.4

¹ Includes unsecured long-term vanilla debt issues of benchmark size issued in the last twelve months.

² Substantially all of our senior debt obligations contain no provisions that could trigger a requirement for an early repayment, require additional collateral support, result in changes to terms, accelerate maturity, or create additional financial obligations upon an adverse change in our credit ratings, financial ratios, earnings, cash flows or stock price.

³ Recent notable debt issuances exclude four debt issuances for \$12B that were related to the BAC senior debt exchange which settled on 12/20/17.

⁴ "BAC" refers to Bank of America Corporation.

⁵ Also includes make-whole call option.

⁶ Floating rate period begins on the issuer optional par call date.

⁷ Formosa bond issued in Taiwan; pricing is typically quoted based on yield rather than spread.

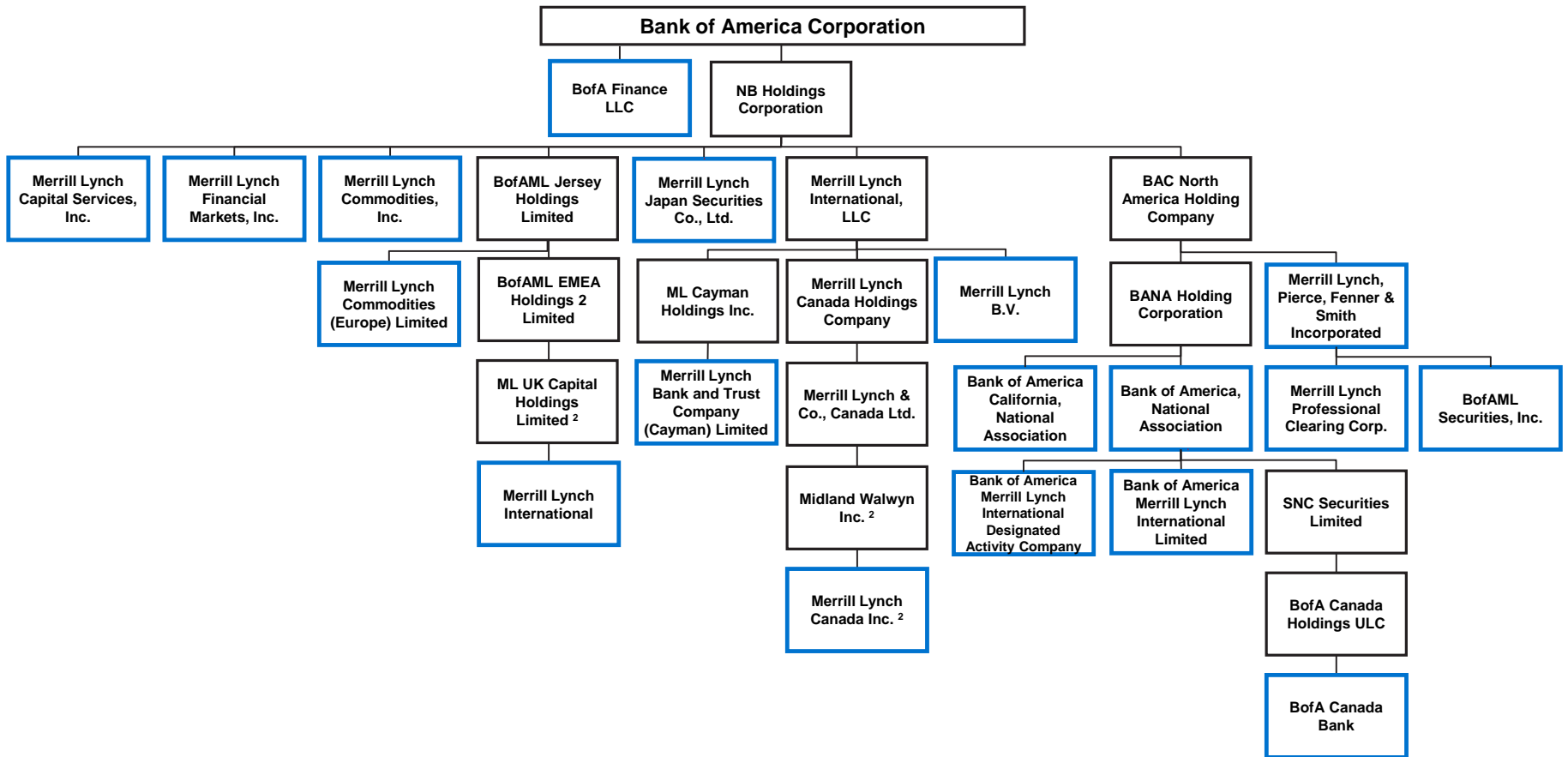
⁸ Accrual yield and for reference only.



Appendix: Organizational Information

Bank of America Corporation: Select Subsidiaries ¹

As of April 15, 2018



Select client-facing or issuing subsidiaries
 Holding companies and other subsidiaries

¹ This chart includes only select client-facing or issuing subsidiaries and associated significant holding companies of Bank of America Corporation. Not all subsidiaries of Bank of America are represented.

² Reflects a majority-owned subsidiary.

Segment Information

Consumer Banking

- Comprised of Deposits and Consumer Lending businesses
- Offers a diversified range of credit, banking, and investment products and services to consumers and small businesses
- Customers and clients have access to a franchise network that stretches coast to coast through 34 states and the District of Columbia
- The franchise network includes 4,435 financial centers, 16,011 ATMs, nationwide call centers, and online and mobile platforms
- Deposit products include traditional savings accounts, money market savings accounts, CDs and IRAs, noninterest- and interest-bearing checking accounts, as well as investment accounts and products
- Consumer Lending products include credit and debit cards, residential mortgages and home equity loans, and direct and indirect loans such as automotive, recreational vehicle and consumer personal loans

Global Wealth & Investment Management

- Consists of Merrill Lynch Global Wealth Management (Merrill Lynch) and U.S. Trust, Bank of America Private Wealth Management (U.S. Trust) businesses
- Merrill Lynch's advisory business provides a high-touch client experience through a network of financial advisors focused on clients with over \$250,000 in total investable assets. It provides tailored solutions to meet clients' needs through a full set of investment management, brokerage, banking and retirement products
- U.S. Trust, together with Merrill Lynch's Private Banking & Investments Group, provides comprehensive wealth management solutions targeted to high net worth and ultra high net worth clients, as well as customized solutions to meet clients' wealth structuring, investment management, trust and banking needs, including specialty asset management services

Global Banking

- Includes Global Corporate Banking, Global Commercial Banking, Business Banking, and Global Investment Banking businesses
- Provides a wide range of lending-related products and services, integrated working capital management and treasury solutions to clients, and underwriting and advisory services through the Corporation's network of offices and client relationship teams
- Lending products and services include commercial loans, leases, commitment facilities, trade finance, real estate lending, and asset-based lending; treasury solutions offering includes treasury management, foreign exchange, and short-term investing options; and investment banking products include debt and equity underwriting and distribution as well as merger-related and other advisory services
- Clients include mid-sized U.S.-based businesses requiring customized and integrated financial advice and solutions, middle-market companies, commercial real estate firms, not-for-profit companies, large global corporations, financial institutions, and leasing clients

Global Markets

- Offers sales and trading services, including research, to institutional clients across fixed-income, credit, currency, commodity, and equity businesses
- Also provides market-making, financing, securities clearing, settlement, and custody services globally to institutional investor clients in support of their investing and trading activities
- Product coverage includes securities and derivative products in both the primary and secondary markets, as well as risk management products using interest rate, equity, credit, currency, and commodity derivatives, foreign exchange, fixed-income, and mortgage-related products

All Other ¹

- Consists of ALM activities, equity investments, non-core mortgage loans and servicing activities, the net impact of periodic revisions to the MSR valuation model for both core and non-core MSRs and the related economic hedge results, liquidating businesses and residual expense allocations
- ALM activities encompass certain residential mortgages, debt securities, interest rate and foreign currency risk management activities, the impact of certain allocation methodologies and hedge ineffectiveness. The results of certain ALM activities are allocated to our business segments
- Equity investments include our merchant services joint venture, as well as a portfolio of equity, real estate and other alternative investments. During 2Q17, the Company sold its non-U.S. consumer credit card business

¹ Bank of America reports the results of its operations through four segments: Consumer Banking, Global Wealth & Investment Management, Global Banking, and Global Markets, with the remaining operations recorded in All Other.

The background features several thick, beige-colored lines that intersect and cross each other in a non-parallel, geometric pattern. The lines vary in orientation, creating a sense of depth and movement. The overall aesthetic is clean and modern.

Appendix: Credit Ratings

Credit Ratings

As of April 15, 2018

Entity and Instrument	Moody's	Standard & Poor's	Fitch
Bank of America Corporation			
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable
Long-term senior	A3	A-	A
Short-term	P-2	A-2	F1
Subordinated	Baa2	BBB+	A-
Trust preferred	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-
Preferred stock	Ba1	BBB-	BB+
Bank of America, N.A.			
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable
Deposits	Aa3	A+	AA-
Long-term senior	Aa3	A+	A+
Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated			
Outlook	-	Stable	Stable
Long-term senior	-	A+	A+
Short-term	-	A-1	F1
Merrill Lynch International			
Outlook	-	Stable	Stable
Long-term senior	-	A+	A
Short-term	-	A-1	F1

Notes

- ^A Global Liquidity Sources (GLS) include cash and high-quality, liquid, unencumbered securities, limited to U.S. government securities, U.S. agency securities, U.S. agency MBS, and a select group of non-U.S. government and supranational securities, and are readily available to meet funding requirements as they arise. It does not include Federal Reserve Discount Window or Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing capacity. Transfers of liquidity among legal entities may be subject to certain regulatory and other restrictions.
- ^B The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) represents the consolidated average amount of high-quality liquid assets as a percent of the prescribed average net cash outflows over a 30 calendar-day period of significant liquidity stress, under the U.S. LCR final rule.
- ^C Time to Required Funding (TTF) is a debt coverage measure and is expressed as the number of months unsecured holding company obligations of Bank of America Corporation can be met using only the Global Liquidity Sources held at the BAC parent company and NB Holdings without the BAC parent company issuing debt or sourcing additional liquidity. We define unsecured contractual obligations for purposes of this metric as maturities of senior or subordinated debt issued or guaranteed by Bank of America Corporation.
- ^D The numerator of the SLR is quarter-end Basel 3 Tier 1 capital. The denominator is total leverage exposure based on the daily average of the sum of on-balance sheet exposures less permitted Tier 1 deductions, as well as the simple average of certain off-balance sheet exposures, as of the end of each month in a quarter. Off-balance sheet exposures primarily include undrawn lending commitments, letters of credit, potential future derivative exposures and repo-style transactions. SLR requirements became effective on January 1, 2018.
- ^E Revenue for all periods included net debit valuation adjustments (DVA) on derivatives, as well as amortization of own credit portion of purchase discount and realized DVA on structured liabilities. Net DVA gains (losses) were \$64MM, (\$118MM), (\$130MM) and \$154MM for 1Q18, 4Q17, 1Q17 and 1Q16, respectively. Net DVA gains (losses) included in FICC revenue were \$78MM, (\$112MM), (\$120MM) and \$140MM for 1Q18, 4Q17, 1Q17 and 1Q16, respectively. Net DVA gains (losses) included in Equities revenue were (\$14MM), (\$6MM), (\$10MM) and \$14MM for 1Q18, 4Q17, 1Q17 and 1Q16, respectively.
- ^F VaR model uses historical simulation approach based on three years of historical data and an expected shortfall methodology equivalent to a 99% confidence level. Using a 95% confidence level, average VaR was \$21MM, \$17MM and \$21MM for 1Q18, 4Q17 and 1Q17 respectively.

Forward-Looking Statements

Bank of America Corporation (the “Company”) and its management may make certain statements that constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements often use words such as “anticipates,” “targets,” “expects,” “hopes,” “estimates,” “intends,” “plans,” “goals,” “believes,” “continue” and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as “will,” “may,” “might,” “should,” “would” and “could.” Forward-looking statements represent the Company’s current expectations, plans or forecasts of its future results, revenues, expenses, efficiency ratio, capital measures, strategy and future business and economic conditions more generally, and other future matters. These statements are not guarantees of future results or performance and involve certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict and are often beyond the Company’s control. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, any of these forward-looking statements.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should consider the following uncertainties and risks, as well as the risks and uncertainties more fully discussed under Item 1A. Risk Factors of the Company’s 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in any of the Company’s subsequent Securities and Exchange Commission filings: the Company’s potential claims, damages, penalties, fines and reputational damage resulting from pending or future litigation, regulatory proceedings and enforcement actions, including inquiries into our retail sales practices, and the possibility that amounts may be in excess of the Company’s recorded liability and estimated range of possible loss for litigation exposures; the possibility that the Company could face increased servicing, securities, fraud, indemnity, contribution or other claims from one or more counterparties, including trustees, purchasers of loans, underwriters, issuers, other parties involved in securitizations, monolines or private-label and other investors; the possibility that future representations and warranties losses may occur in excess of the Company’s recorded liability and estimated range of possible loss for its representations and warranties exposures; the Company’s ability to resolve representations and warranties repurchase and related claims, including claims brought by investors or trustees seeking to avoid the statute of limitations for repurchase claims; uncertainties about the financial stability and growth rates of non-U.S. jurisdictions, the risk that those jurisdictions may face difficulties servicing their sovereign debt, and related stresses on financial markets, currencies and trade, and the Company’s exposures to such risks, including direct, indirect and operational; the impact of U.S. and global interest rates, currency exchange rates, economic conditions, trade policies, and potential geopolitical instability; the impact on the Company’s business, financial condition and results of operations of a potential higher interest rate environment; the possibility that future credit losses may be higher than currently expected due to changes in economic assumptions, customer behavior, adverse developments with respect to U.S. or global economic conditions and other uncertainties; the Company’s ability to achieve its expense targets, net interest income expectations, or other projections; adverse changes to the Company’s credit ratings from the major credit rating agencies; estimates of the fair value of certain of the Company’s assets and liabilities; uncertainty regarding the content, timing and impact of regulatory capital and liquidity requirements; the potential impact of total loss-absorbing capacity requirements; potential adverse changes to our global systemically important bank surcharge; the potential impact of Federal Reserve actions on the Company’s capital plans; the possible impact of the Company’s failure to remediate the shortcoming identified by banking regulators in the Company’s Resolution Plan; the effect of regulations, other guidance or additional information on our estimated impact of the Tax Act; the impact of implementation and compliance with U.S. and international laws, regulations and regulatory interpretations, including, but not limited to, recovery and resolution planning requirements, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) assessments, the Volcker Rule, fiduciary standards and derivatives regulations; a failure in or breach of the Company’s operational or security systems or infrastructure, or those of third parties, including as a result of cyber attacks; the impact on the Company’s business, financial condition and results of operations from the planned exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union; and other similar matters.

Important Presentation Information

- The information contained herein is preliminary and based on Company data available at the time of the April 16, 2018 earnings presentation. It speaks only as of the particular date or dates included in the accompanying slides. Bank of America does not undertake an obligation to, and disclaims any duty to, update any of the information provided.
- Effective January 1, 2018, the Company adopted new accounting standards, among which are:
 - Tax effects in accumulated other comprehensive income (OCI), which addresses certain tax effects in accumulated OCI related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. In connection with the adoption, the Company reclassified \$1.3 billion from accumulated OCI to retained earnings;
 - Hedge accounting, which simplifies and expands the ability to apply hedge accounting to certain risk management activities. This standard does not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - Presentation of pension costs, which requires separate presentation of the service cost component of pension expense from all other components of net pension benefit/cost. This standard requires restatement of all prior periods in the Consolidated Statement of Income and is not material to any period presented; and
 - Revenue from contracts with customers, which addresses the recognition of revenue for certain contracts with customers. This standard does not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.
- The Company also reclassified prior periods in the Consolidated Statement of Income to include mortgage banking income and gains on sales of debt securities in other income, and in the Consolidated Balance Sheet to include mortgage servicing rights in other assets.
- The Company may present certain key performance indicators and ratios excluding certain items (e.g., DVA) which result in non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides additional clarity in understanding its results of operations and trends. For more information about the non-GAAP financial measures contained herein, please see the presentation of the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and accompanying reconciliations in the earnings press release for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 and other earnings-related information available through the Bank of America Investor Relations website at: <http://investor.bankofamerica.com>.
- The Company views net interest income and related ratios and analyses on a fully taxable-equivalent (FTE) basis, which when presented on a consolidated basis are non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes managing the business with net interest income on an FTE basis provides investors with a more accurate picture of the interest margin for comparative purposes. The Company believes that the presentation allows for comparison of amounts from both taxable and tax-exempt sources and is consistent with industry practices. The FTE adjustment was \$150MM, \$251MM, \$240MM, \$237MM and \$197MM for 1Q18, 4Q17, 3Q17, 2Q17 and 1Q17 respectively.
- The Company allocates capital to its business segments using a methodology that considers the effect of regulatory capital requirements in addition to internal risk-based capital models. The Company's internal risk-based capital models use a risk-adjusted methodology incorporating each segment's credit, market, interest rate, business and operational risk components. Allocated capital is reviewed periodically and refinements are made based on multiple considerations that include, but are not limited to, risk-weighted assets measured under Basel 3 Standardized and Advanced approaches, business segment exposures and risk profile and strategic plans. As a result of this process, in the first quarter of 2018, the Company adjusted the amount of capital being allocated to its business segments.

Bank of America



Bank of America Merrill Lynch U.S. Bank of America
America Lynch Trust Merrill Lynch