

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014
Commission file number 000-04217

ACETO CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

11-1720520
(I.R.S. Employer Identification
Number)

4 Tri Harbor Court, Port Washington, NY 11050
(Address of principal executive offices)

(516) 627-6000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

www.aceto.com
(Registrant's website address)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

The registrant had 28,729,830 shares of common stock outstanding as of May 5, 2014.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	March 31, 2014 <u>(unaudited)</u>	June 30, 2013 <u></u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,383	\$ 33,231
Investments	1,744	2,144
Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts (March 31, 2014, \$1,413; June 30, 2013, \$1,294)	100,624	90,108
Other receivables	5,987	5,283
Inventory	99,545	83,849
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,694	2,984
Deferred income tax asset, net	<u>932</u>	<u>701</u>
Total current assets	246,909	218,300
Property and equipment, net	11,151	11,410
Property held for sale	4,058	4,058
Goodwill	33,804	33,526
Intangible assets, net	37,621	40,831
Deferred income tax asset, net	8,061	8,055
Other assets	<u>8,258</u>	<u>7,250</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 349,862</u>	<u>\$ 323,430</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 9,447	\$ 11,714
Accounts payable	48,278	39,222
Accrued expenses	<u>42,396</u>	<u>38,971</u>
Total current liabilities	100,121	89,907
Long-term debt	12,957	20,355
Long-term liabilities	9,406	13,413
Environmental remediation liability	3,965	5,109
Deferred income tax liability	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
Total liabilities	126,455	128,790
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 40,000 shares authorized; 28,453 and 27,831 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively	285	278
Capital in excess of par value	80,079	72,845
Retained earnings	136,951	118,615
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>6,092</u>	<u>2,902</u>
Total shareholders' equity	<u>223,407</u>	<u>194,640</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 349,862</u>	<u>\$ 323,430</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Net sales	\$ 370,599	\$ 376,575
Cost of sales	284,918	302,835
Gross profit	85,681	73,740
Selling, general and administrative expenses	47,212	45,767
Research and development expenses	3,232	2,002
Operating income	35,237	25,971
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(1,200)	(1,570)
Interest and other income, net	2,171	1,906
	971	336
Income before income taxes	36,208	26,307
Income tax provision	12,762	9,381
Net income	\$ 23,446	\$ 16,926
Net income per common share	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.63
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.62
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	27,888	26,956
Diluted	28,470	27,342

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Net sales	\$ 124,830	\$ 150,871
Cost of sales	99,867	119,344
Gross profit	24,963	31,527
Selling, general and administrative expenses	16,381	18,835
Research and development expenses	1,504	946
Operating income	7,078	11,746
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(310)	(492)
Interest and other income, net	1,136	333
	826	(159)
Income before income taxes	7,904	11,587
Income tax provision	2,548	3,994
Net income	\$ 5,356	\$ 7,593
Net income per common share	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.28
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.28
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	28,087	27,108
Diluted	28,606	27,485

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Net income	\$ 23,446	\$ 16,926	\$ 5,356	\$ 7,593
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	3,082	824	(74)	(1,487)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	<u>108</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>56</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 26,636</u>	<u>\$ 17,859</u>	<u>\$ 5,318</u>	<u>\$ 6,162</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 23,446	\$ 16,926
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,494	5,203
Provision for doubtful accounts	185	61
Non-cash stock compensation	2,416	1,353
Deferred income taxes	(224)	(268)
Earnings on equity investment in joint venture	(1,769)	(1,748)
Contingent consideration	-	2,840
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable	(8,861)	(20,791)
Other receivables	(516)	(1,591)
Inventory	(14,068)	(1,576)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(596)	(790)
Other assets	1,332	617
Accounts payable	8,110	7,959
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(1,863)	9,222
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,086	17,417
Investing activities:		
Payment for net assets of business acquired, net of cash acquired	(228)	-
Purchases of investments	(101)	(1,152)
Sales of investments	501	1,029
Payments for intangible assets	(662)	(563)
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(709)	(902)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,199)	(1,588)
Financing activities:		
Payment of cash dividends	(5,115)	(4,481)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	3,162	1,961
Excess tax benefit on stock option exercises and restricted stock	1,586	427
Payment of deferred consideration	(1,500)	(1,470)
Borrowings of bank loans	8,000	7,000
Repayment of bank loans	(17,665)	(8,897)
Net cash used in financing activities	(11,532)	(5,460)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	797	192
Net increase in cash	1,152	10,561
Cash at beginning of period	33,231	24,862
Cash at end of period	\$ 34,383	\$ 35,423

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements and accountants' review report.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

(1) Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements of Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries (“Aceto” or the “Company”) included herein have been prepared by the Company and reflect all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results which may be achieved for the full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in those financial statements. These judgments can be subjective and complex, and consequently actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. The Company’s most critical accounting policies relate to revenue recognition; royalty income; partnered products; allowance for doubtful accounts; inventories; goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets; long-lived assets; environmental and other contingencies; income taxes; and stock-based compensation.

These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures associated with consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, these statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company’s Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

(2) Business Combinations

On April 30, 2014, Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Aceto (“Rising”), acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding membership interests of PACK Pharmaceuticals, LLC (“PACK”). PACK, a national marketer and distributor of generic prescription and over-the-counter pharmaceutical products, has headquarters in Buffalo Grove, Illinois, a suburb of Chicago. The purchase price included an initial payment of approximately \$80,000 in cash, plus an upward closing working capital adjustment of approximately \$5,900, and \$5,000 in Aceto stock. The purchase agreement also provides for a three-year earn-out of up to \$15,000 in cash based on the achievement of certain performance-based targets.

On December 10, 2013, the Company acquired all of the outstanding stock of a company in France which has been accounted for as a business combination. The impact of this business combination on the Company’s condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2014 and its condensed consolidated statement of income for the period ended March 31, 2014 was not material.

(3) Stock-Based Compensation

At the annual meeting of shareholders of the Company, held on December 6, 2012, the Company’s shareholders approved the amended and restated Aceto Corporation 2010 Equity Participation Plan (2010 Plan). Under the 2010 Plan, grants of stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, and stock bonuses (collectively, “Stock Awards”) may be made to employees, non-employee directors and consultants of the Company, including the chief executive officer, chief financial officer and other named executive officers. The maximum number of shares of common stock of the Company that may be issued pursuant to Stock Awards granted under the 2010 Plan will not exceed, in the aggregate, 5,250 shares. In addition, restricted stock may be granted to an eligible participant in lieu of a portion of any annual cash bonus earned by such participant. Such award may include additional shares of restricted stock (premium shares) greater than the portion of bonus paid in restricted stock. The restricted stock award is vested at issuance and the restrictions lapse ratably over a period of years as determined by the Board of Directors, generally three years. The premium shares vest when all the restrictions lapse, provided that the participant remains employed by the Company at that time.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, the Company granted 208 shares of restricted common stock to its employees that vest over three years and 11 shares of restricted common stock to its non-employee directors, which vest over approximately one year, as well as 32 restricted stock units that have varying vest dates from August 2014 through July 2015. In addition, the Company also issued a target grant of 131 performance-vested restricted stock units, which grant could be as much as 196 if certain performance criteria and market conditions are met. Performance-vested restricted stock units will cliff vest 100% at the end of the third year following grant in accordance with the performance metrics set forth in the applicable employee performance-vested restricted stock unit grant.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company granted 120 shares of restricted common stock to its employees that vest over three years and 25 shares of restricted common stock to its non-employee directors, which vest over one year. In addition, the Company also issued a target grant of 84 performance-vested restricted stock units, which grant could be as much as 126 if certain performance criteria and market conditions are met. Performance-vested restricted stock units will cliff vest 100% at the end of the third year following grant in accordance with the performance metrics set forth in the applicable employee performance-vested restricted stock unit grant.

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$606 and \$2,225 respectively, related to restricted common stock and restricted stock units. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$361 and \$1,097 respectively, related to restricted common stock and restricted stock units. As of March 31, 2014, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock awards and units is approximately \$5,008. There were no stock options granted in the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. Total compensation expense related to stock options for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 was \$30 and \$175, respectively. Total compensation expense related to stock options for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013 was \$83 and \$246, respectively. As of March 31, 2014, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to option awards is \$53.

(4) Common Stock

On May 8, 2014, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.06 per share to be distributed on June 27, 2014 to shareholders of record as of June 12, 2014.

On February 6, 2014, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.06 per share which was paid on March 28, 2014 to shareholders of record as of March 13, 2014.

On December 5, 2013, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.06 per share which was paid on December 27, 2013 to shareholders of record as of December 16, 2013.

On August 28, 2013, the Company's board of directors declared a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.06 per share which was paid on September 27, 2013 to shareholders of record as of September 16, 2013.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

(5) Net Income Per Common Share

Basic income per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per common share includes the dilutive effect of potential common shares outstanding. The following table sets forth the reconciliation of weighted average shares outstanding and diluted weighted average shares outstanding:

	Nine months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Weighted average shares outstanding	27,888	26,956	28,087	27,108
Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards and units	<u>582</u>	<u>386</u>	<u>519</u>	<u>377</u>
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	<u><u>28,470</u></u>	<u><u>27,342</u></u>	<u><u>28,606</u></u>	<u><u>27,485</u></u>

There were 566 common equivalent shares outstanding as of March 31, 2013, that were not included in the calculation of diluted income per common share for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. There were 545 common equivalent shares outstanding as of March 31, 2013, that were not included in the calculation of diluted income per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2013, because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

(6) Debt

Long-term debt

	March 31, 2014	June 30, 2013
Term bank loans	\$ 19,000	\$ 24,500
Revolving bank loans	-	4,000
Mortgage	<u>3,404</u>	<u>3,569</u>
	22,404	32,069
Less current portion	<u>9,447</u>	<u>11,714</u>
	<u><u>\$ 12,957</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20,355</u></u>

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

Credit Facilities

On December 31, 2010, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with two U.S. financial institutions. The Credit Agreement terminated the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated April 23, 2010. Aceto may borrow, repay and reborrow during the period ending December 31, 2015, up to but not exceeding at any one time outstanding \$40,000 (the "Revolving Loans"). The Revolving Loans may be (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement), (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2014, there were no Revolving Loans outstanding. The Credit Agreement also allows for the borrowing of up to \$40,000 (the "Term Loan"). The Company borrowed a Term Loan of \$40,000 on December 31, 2010. The Term Loan interest may be payable as an (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loan, (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loan, or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2014, the remaining amount outstanding under the original amortizing Term Loan is \$19,000 and is payable as an Adjusted LIBOR Loan at an interest rate of 2.0% at March 31, 2014. The Term Loan is payable as to principal in twenty (20) consecutive quarterly installments, which commenced on March 31, 2011 and will continue on each June 30, September 30 and December 31st thereafter, each in the amount set forth below opposite the applicable installment, provided that the final payment on the Term Loan Maturity Date (as defined in the Credit Agreement) shall be in an amount equal to the then outstanding unpaid principal amount of the Term Loan:

<u>Installment</u>	<u>Amount</u>
1 through 8	\$ 1,500
9 through 12	\$ 1,750
13 through 16	\$ 2,000
17 through 20	\$ 3,250

As such, the Company has classified \$9,250 of the Term Loan as short-term in the consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2014. The Credit Agreement also provides that commercial letters of credit shall be issued to provide the primary payment mechanism in connection with the purchase of any materials, goods or services by the Company in the ordinary course of business. The Company had open letters of credit of approximately \$24 and \$78 as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The terms of these letters of credit are all less than one year. No material loss is anticipated due to non-performance by the counterparties to these agreements.

The Credit Agreement provides for a security interest in all personal property of the Company. The Credit Agreement contains several financial covenants including, among other things, maintaining a minimum level of debt service. The Company is also subject to certain restrictive covenants, including, among other things, covenants governing liens, limitations on indebtedness, limitations on cash dividends, guarantees, sale of assets, sales of receivables, and loans and investments. The Company was in compliance with all covenants at March 31, 2014.

Mortgage

On June 30, 2011, the Company entered into a mortgage payable for \$3,947 on its new corporate headquarters, in Port Washington, New York. This mortgage payable is secured by the land and building and is being amortized over a period of 20 years. The mortgage payable, which was modified in October 2013, bears interest at 4.92% as of March 31, 2014 and matures on June 30, 2021.

(7) Commitments, Contingencies and Other Matters

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to various claims which have arisen in the normal course of business. The Company provides for costs related to contingencies when a loss from such claims is probable and the amount is reasonably determinable. In determining whether it is possible to provide an estimate of loss, or range of possible loss, the Company reviews and evaluates its litigation and regulatory matters on a quarterly basis in light of potentially relevant factual and legal developments. If the Company determines an unfavorable outcome is not probable or reasonably estimable, the Company does not accrue for a potential litigation loss. While the Company has determined that there is a reasonable possibility that a loss has been incurred, no amounts have been recognized in the financial statements, other than what has been discussed below, because the amount of the liability cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

On October 29, 2012, a lawsuit was filed in the United Kingdom (in the High Court of Justice, Queens Bench Division, Commercial Court) by United Phosphorous Limited ("UPL") against Aceto Agricultural Chemicals Corporation ("AACC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. In the lawsuit, UPL alleges, among other things, that AACC breached a 1995 agreement regarding European sales of a potato sprout suppression product, by selling the product in Europe. UPL claims damages of approximately £4,500 (approximately US \$7,200) plus an unspecified amount of additional damages. AACC strongly denies the allegations and believes that UPL's claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

In fiscal years 2011, 2009, 2008 and 2007, the Company received letters from the Pulvair Site Group, a group of potentially responsible parties (PRP Group) who are working with the State of Tennessee (the State) to remediate a contaminated property in Tennessee called the Pulvair site. The PRP Group has alleged that Aceto shipped hazardous substances to the site which were released into the environment. The State had begun administrative proceedings against the members of the PRP Group and Aceto with respect to the cleanup of the Pulvair site and the PRP Group has begun to undertake cleanup. The PRP Group is seeking a settlement of approximately \$1,700 from the Company for its share to remediate the site contamination. Although the Company acknowledges that it shipped materials to the site for formulation over twenty years ago, the Company believes that the evidence does not show that the hazardous materials sent by Aceto to the site have significantly contributed to the contamination of the environment and thus believes that, at most, it is a de minimus contributor to the site contamination. Accordingly, the Company believes that the settlement offer is unreasonable. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or liquidity.

The Company has environmental remediation obligations in connection with Arsynco, Inc. (Arsynco), a subsidiary formerly involved in manufacturing chemicals located in Carlstadt, New Jersey, which was closed in 1993 and is currently held for sale. Based on continued monitoring of the contamination at the site and the approved plan of remediation, the Company received an estimate from an environmental consultant stating that the costs of remediation could be between \$9,000 and \$10,800. Remediation commenced in fiscal 2010, and as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, a liability of \$6,023 and \$7,166, respectively, is included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets for this matter. In accordance with GAAP, management believes that the majority of costs incurred to remediate the site will be capitalized in preparing the property which is currently classified as held for sale. An appraisal of the fair value of the property by a third-party appraiser supports the assumption that the expected fair value after the remediation is in excess of the amount required to be capitalized. However, these matters, if resolved in a manner different from those assumed in current estimates, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, operating results and cash flows when resolved in a future reporting period.

In connection with the environmental remediation obligation for Arsynco, in July 2009, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with BASF Corporation (BASF), the former owners of the Arsynco property. In accordance with the settlement agreement, BASF paid for a portion of the prior remediation costs and going forward, will co-remediate the property with the Company. The contract requires that BASF pay \$550 related to past response costs and pay a proportionate share of the future remediation costs. Accordingly, the Company had recorded a gain of \$550 in fiscal 2009. This \$550 gain relates to the partial reimbursement of costs of approximately \$1,200 that the Company had previously expensed. The Company also recorded an additional receivable from BASF, with an offset against property held for sale, representing its estimated portion of the future remediation costs. The balance of this receivable for future remediation costs as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013 is \$2,710 and \$3,225, respectively, which is included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

In March 2006, Arsynco received notice from the EPA of its status as a PRP under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) for a site described as the Berry's Creek Study Area. Arsynco is one of over 150 PRPs which have potential liability for the required investigation and remediation of the site. The estimate of the potential liability is not quantifiable for a number of reasons, including the difficulty in determining the extent of contamination and the length of time remediation may require. In addition, any estimate of liability must also consider the number of other PRPs and their financial strength. Based on prior practice in similar situations, it is possible that the State may assert a claim for natural resource damages with respect to the Arsynco site itself, and either the federal government or the State (or both) may assert claims against Arsynco for natural resource damages in connection with Berry's Creek; any such claim with respect to Berry's Creek could also be asserted against the approximately 150 PRPs which the EPA has identified in connection with that site. Any claim for natural resource damages with respect to the Arsynco site itself may also be asserted against BASF, the former owners of the Arsynco property. In September 2012, Arsynco entered into an agreement with three of the other PRPs that had previously been impleaded into New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, et al. v. Occidental Chemical Corporation, et al., Docket No. ESX-L-9868-05 (the "NJDEP Litigation") and were considering impleading Arsynco into same. Arsynco entered into agreement to avoid impleader. Pursuant to the agreement, Arsynco agreed to (1) a tolling period that would not be included when computing the running of any statute of limitations that might provide a defense to the NJDEP Litigation; (2) the waiver of certain issue preclusion defenses in the NJDEP Litigation; and (3) arbitration of certain potential future liability allocation claims if the other parties to the agreement are barred by a court of competent jurisdiction from proceeding against Arsynco. Since an amount of the liability cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, no accrual is recorded for these potential future costs. The impact of the resolution of this matter on the Company's results of operations in a particular reporting period is not known.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

A subsidiary of the Company markets certain agricultural protection products which are subject to the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA). FIFRA requires that test data be provided to the EPA to register, obtain and maintain approved labels for pesticide products. The EPA requires that follow-on registrants of these products compensate the initial registrant for the cost of producing the necessary test data on a basis prescribed in the FIFRA regulations. Follow-on registrants do not themselves generate or contract for the data. However, when FIFRA requirements mandate that new test data be generated to enable all registrants to continue marketing a pesticide product, often both the initial and follow-on registrants establish a task force to jointly undertake the testing effort. The Company is presently a member of several such task force groups, which requires payments for such memberships. In addition, in connection with our agricultural protection business, the Company plans to acquire product registrations and related data filed with the United States Environmental Protection Agency to support such registrations and other supporting data for several products. The acquisition of these product registrations and related data filed with the United States Environmental Protection Agency as well as payments to various task force groups could approximate \$4,910 through fiscal 2015.

On December 31, 2010, the Company acquired certain assets of Rising, a New Jersey based company that markets and distributes generic prescription and over the counter pharmaceutical products to leading wholesalers, chain drug stores, distributors, mass market merchandisers and others under its own label, throughout the United States. The purchase agreement provides for the payment of additional contingent consideration equal to one-half of the three year cumulative Rising earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization in excess of \$32,100, up to a maximum of \$6,000. As of March 31, 2014, the Company has accrued \$5,605 related to this contingent consideration.

(8) Fair Value Measurements

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly fashion between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy for those instruments measured at fair value that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the Company's assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy consists of three levels:

- Level 1 – Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than Level 1 inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

On a recurring basis, Aceto measures at fair value certain financial assets and liabilities, which consist of cash equivalents, investments and foreign currency contracts. The Company classifies cash equivalents and investments within Level 1 if quoted prices are available in active markets. Level 1 assets include instruments valued based on quoted market prices in active markets which generally include corporate equity securities publicly traded on major exchanges. Time deposits are very short-term in nature and are accordingly valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value, and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts (futures) to minimize the risk caused by foreign currency fluctuation on its foreign currency receivables and payables by purchasing futures with one of its financial institutions. Futures are traded on regulated U.S. and international exchanges and represent commitments to purchase or sell a particular foreign currency at a future date and at a specific price. Aceto's foreign currency derivative contracts are classified within Level 2 as the fair value of these hedges is primarily based on observable forward foreign exchange rates. At March 31, 2014, the Company had foreign currency contracts outstanding that had a notional amount of \$50,566. Unrealized gains on hedging activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$75 and \$218, respectively, and are included in interest and other income, net, in the condensed consolidated statements of income. The contracts have varying maturities of less than one year.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to deliver Hedging Agreements (as defined in the Credit Agreement) fixing the interest rate on not less than \$20,000 of the Term Loan. Accordingly, in March 2011, the Company entered into an interest rate swap for an additional interest cost of 1.91% on a notional amount of \$20,000, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The expiration date of this interest rate swap is December 31, 2015. The unrealized loss to date associated with this derivative, which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income in the condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2014, is \$150. The remaining balance of this derivative as of March 31, 2014 is \$9,250. Aceto's interest rate swap is classified within Level 2 as the fair value of this hedge is primarily based on observable interest rates.

As of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, the Company had \$5,605 and \$5,346, respectively, of contingent consideration that was recorded at fair value in the Level 3 category, which related to the acquisition of Rising, that was completed during fiscal 2011. In addition, the Company had \$408 of contingent consideration related to the acquisition of a company in France, which occurred in December 2013. The contingent consideration was calculated using the present value of a probability weighted income approach.

During the fourth quarter of each year, the Company evaluates goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles for impairment at the reporting unit level using an undiscounted cash flow model using Level 3 inputs. Additionally, on a nonrecurring basis, the Company uses fair value measures when analyzing asset impairment. Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If it is determined such indicators are present and the review indicates that the assets will not be fully recoverable, based on undiscounted estimated cash flows over the remaining amortization periods, their carrying values are reduced to estimated fair value. Measurements based on undiscounted cash flows are considered to be Level 3 inputs.

The following tables summarize the valuation of the Company's financial assets and liabilities which were determined by using the following inputs at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013:

	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2014 Using			Total
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Cash equivalents:				
Time deposits	-	\$ 1,364	-	\$ 1,364
Investments:				
Time deposits	-	1,744	-	1,744
Foreign currency contracts- assets (1)	-	187	-	187
Foreign currency contracts-liabilities (2)	-	110	-	110
Derivative liability for interest rate swap (3)	-	150	-	150
Contingent consideration (4)	-	-	\$ 6,013	\$ 6,013

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- (1) Included in “Other receivables” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2014.
(2) Included in “Accrued expenses” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2014.
(3) Included in “Long-term liabilities” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2014.
(4) \$3,000 included in “Accrued expenses” and \$3,013 included in “Long-term liabilities” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2014.

Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2013 Using

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Cash equivalents:				
Time deposits	-	\$ 856	-	\$ 856
Investments:				
Time deposits	-	2,144	-	2,144
Foreign currency contracts-assets (5)	-	14	-	14
Foreign currency contracts-liabilities (6)	-	173	-	173
Derivative liability for interest rate swap (7)	-	258	-	258
Contingent consideration (8)	-	-	\$ 5,346	5,346

- (5) Included in “Other receivables” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013.
(6) Included in “Accrued expenses” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013.
(7) Included in “Long-term liabilities” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013.
(8) \$1,500 included in “Accrued expenses” and \$3,846 included in “Long-term liabilities” in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013.

The carrying values of all financial instruments classified as a current asset or current liability are deemed to approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The fair values of the Company’s notes receivable and short-term and long-term bank loans were based upon current rates offered for similar financial instruments to the Company.

(9) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, “Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment (the revised standard)”, which allows companies the option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets is necessary. Under this guidance, an entity is required to perform a quantitative impairment test if qualitative factors indicate that it is more likely than not that indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired. The qualitative factors are consistent with the guidance established for goodwill impairment testing and include identifying and assessing events and circumstances that would most significantly impact, individually or in the aggregate, the carrying value of the indefinite-lived intangible assets. The revised standard is effective for the Company in fiscal 2014 and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2012-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

(10) Segment Information

The Company's business is organized along product lines into three principal segments: Human Health, Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Performance Chemicals.

Human Health - includes finished dosage form generic drugs and nutraceutical products.

Pharmaceutical Ingredients – includes pharmaceutical intermediates and active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs).

Performance Chemicals - The Performance Chemicals segment is made up of two product groups: Specialty Chemicals and Agricultural Protection Products. Specialty chemicals includes a variety of chemicals which make plastics, surface coatings, textiles, fuels and lubricants perform to their designed capabilities. Dye and pigment intermediates are used in the color-producing industries such as textiles, inks, paper, and coatings. Organic intermediates are used in the production of agrochemicals. In addition, Aceto is a supplier of diazos and couplers to the paper, film and electronics industries.

Agricultural Protection Products includes herbicides, fungicides and insecticides that control weed growth as well as control the spread of insects and other microorganisms that can severely damage plant growth. The Agricultural Protection Products segment also includes a sprout inhibitor for potatoes and an herbicide for sugar cane.

The Company's chief operating decision maker evaluates performance of the segments based on net sales, gross profit and income before income taxes. Unallocated corporate amounts are deemed by the Company as administrative, oversight costs, not managed by the segment managers. The Company does not allocate assets by segment because the chief operating decision maker does not review the assets by segment to assess the segments' performance, as the assets are managed on an entity-wide basis. During all periods presented, our chief operating decision maker has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. In accordance with GAAP, the Company has aggregated certain operating segments into reportable segments because they have similar economic characteristics, and the operating segments are similar in all of the following areas: (a) the nature of the products and services; (b) the nature of the production processes; (c) the type or class of customer for their products and services; (d) the methods used to distribute their products or provide their services; and (e) the nature of the regulatory environment.

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

	Human Health	Pharmaceutical Ingredients	Performance Chemicals	Unallocated Corporate	Consolidated Totals
<u>2014</u>					
Net sales	\$ 112,457	\$ 133,746	\$ 124,396	\$ -	\$ 370,599
Gross profit	34,244	30,443	20,994	-	85,681
Income (loss) before income taxes	14,961	17,328	9,008	(5,089)	36,208
<u>2013</u>					
Net sales	\$ 92,559	\$ 142,169	\$ 141,847	\$ -	\$ 376,575
Gross profit	28,062	25,429	20,249	-	73,740
Income (loss) before income taxes	12,760	12,432	8,391	(7,276)	26,307

ACETO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited and in thousands, except per-share amounts)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

	Human Health	Pharmaceutical Ingredients	Performance Chemicals	Unallocated Corporate	Consolidated Totals
<u>2014</u>					
Net sales	\$ 33,946	\$ 47,843	\$ 43,041	\$ -	\$ 124,830
Gross profit	10,076	7,408	7,479	-	24,963
Income (loss) before income taxes	3,234	2,798	3,555	(1,683)	7,904
<u>2013</u>					
Net sales	\$ 36,299	\$ 61,776	\$ 52,796	\$ -	\$ 150,871
Gross profit	11,052	13,382	7,093	-	31,527
Income (loss) before income taxes	5,389	8,794	3,010	(5,606)	11,587

(11) Other Subsequent Events

On April 30, 2014, and in connection with the purchase of PACK, as described in Note 2, Aceto entered into a new Credit Agreement (the "New Credit Agreement") with three domestic financial institutions. The New Credit Agreement terminates the Credit Agreement, dated December 31, 2010. Aceto may borrow, repay and reborrow during the period ending April 30, 2019, up to but not exceeding at any one time outstanding \$60,000 (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for (i) Adjusted Libor Loans (as defined in the New Credit Agreement), (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loans (as defined in the New Credit Agreement) or (iii) a combination thereof. The New Credit Agreement also allows for the borrowing up to \$70,000 (the "Term Loan Facility"). The Term Loan Facility interest may be payable as an (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loan, (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loan, or (iii) a combination thereof. Proceeds of the Term Loan Facility and a portion of the proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility were used to fund the initial cash consideration for PACK.

In conjunction with the New Credit Agreement, the Company entered into an interest rate swap on April 30, 2014 for a notional amount of \$25,750, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Aceto Corporation

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2014 and related condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, and cash flows for the nine-month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 included in the accompanying Securities and Exchange Commission Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the consolidated balance sheet of Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2013, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated August 29, 2013, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2013, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

Melville, New York
May 9, 2014

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT RELATING TO THE SAFE HARBOR PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. The events described in forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report may not occur. Generally, these statements relate to our business plans or strategies, projected or anticipated benefits or other consequences of our plans or strategies, financing plans, projected or anticipated benefits from acquisitions that we may make, or projections involving anticipated revenues, earnings or other aspects of our operating results or financial position, and the outcome of any contingencies. Any such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections of management. We intend for these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe-harbor provisions for forward-looking statements. Words such as "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "project," "plan," "intend," "estimate," and "continue," and their opposites and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are beyond our control that may influence the accuracy of the statements and the projections upon which the statements are based. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth or implied by any forward-looking statement include, but are not limited to, our ability to remain competitive with competitors, risks associated with the generic product industry, dependence on a limited number of suppliers, risks associated with healthcare reform and reductions in reimbursement rates, difficulty in predicting revenue stream and gross profit, industry and market changes, the effect of fluctuations in operating results on the trading price of our common stock, inventory levels, reliance on outside manufacturers, risks of incurring uninsured environmental and other industry specific liabilities, governmental approvals and regulations, risks associated with hazardous materials, potential violations of government regulations, product liability claims, reliance on Chinese suppliers, potential changes to Chinese laws and regulations, potential changes to laws governing our relationships in India, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, tax assessments, changes in tax rules, global economic risks, risk of unsuccessful acquisitions, effect of acquisitions on earnings, indemnification liabilities, terrorist activities, reliance on key executives, litigation risks, volatility of the market price of our common stock, changes to estimates, judgments and assumptions used in preparing financial statements, failure to maintain effective internal controls, compliance with changing regulations, as well as other risks and uncertainties discussed in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including, but not limited to, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and other filings. Copies of these filings are available at www.sec.gov.

Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.

NOTE REGARDING DOLLAR AMOUNTS

In this quarterly report, all dollar amounts are expressed in thousands, except for per-share amounts.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) is intended to provide the readers of our financial statements with a narrative discussion about our business. The MD&A is provided as a supplement to and should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the accompanying notes.

Executive Summary

We are reporting net sales of \$370,599 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, which represents a slight decline from the \$376,575 reported in the comparable prior period. Gross profit for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was \$85,681 and our gross margin was 23.1% as compared to gross profit of \$73,740 and gross margin of 19.6% in the comparable prior period. Our selling, general and administrative costs (SG&A) for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 increased to \$47,212 from \$45,767 which we reported in the prior period. Our net income increased to \$23,446, or \$0.82 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$16,926, or \$0.62 per diluted share in the prior period.

Our financial position as of March 31, 2014 remains strong, as we had cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$36,127, working capital of \$146,788 and shareholders' equity of \$223,407.

Our business is separated into three principal segments: Human Health, Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Performance Chemicals.

Products that fall within the Human Health segment include finished dosage form generic drugs and nutraceutical products. In December 2010, we acquired certain assets of Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a New Jersey based company that markets and distributes generic prescription and over the counter pharmaceutical products to leading wholesalers, chain drug stores, distributors, mass market merchandisers and others under its own label, throughout the United States. This was a natural extension of our successful business model which provides customers and suppliers additional opportunities to penetrate the end user segment of the pharmaceutical market. With the Rising brand label, we have been able to expand our direct involvement in the pharmaceutical space through greater global awareness of our capabilities in the marketing of pharmaceutical intermediates, active ingredients and the ultimate end-products, finished dosage form generics. On April 30, 2014, Rising purchased 100% of the issued and outstanding membership interests of PACK Pharmaceuticals, LLC ("PACK"). PACK, a national marketer and distributor of generic prescription and over-the-counter pharmaceutical products, has headquarters in Buffalo Grove, Illinois, a suburb of Chicago.

According to an IMS Health press release on November 19, 2013, "growth in global spending on medicines increased 2.6 percent to \$965 billion in 2012, and is forecast to grow at a 3-6 percent compound annual rate over the next five years." The IMS report, entitled, *The Global Use of Medicines: Outlook through 2017*, states "spending on specialty medicines is expected to reach \$230-240 billion in 2017, up 38 percent from the \$171 billion spent in 2012."

Aceto supplies the raw materials used in the production of nutritional and packaged dietary supplements, including vitamins, amino acids, iron compounds and biochemicals used in pharmaceutical and nutritional preparations. After we identified a change in the attitudes of Europeans towards nutritional products, we globalized this business, creating an operating company headquartered in Germany, Aceto Health Ingredients GmbH.

The Pharmaceutical Ingredients segment has two product groups: Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs) and Pharmaceutical Intermediates.

As the use of generic drugs has grown significantly over the years, we believe Aceto's presence in this market also increased dramatically, both domestically and internationally. We supply APIs to the major generic drug companies, who we believe view Aceto as a valued partner in their effort to develop and market generic drugs. The process of introducing a new API from pipeline to market spans a number of years and begins with Aceto partnering with a generic pharmaceutical manufacturer and jointly selecting an API, several years before the expiration of a composition of matter patent, for future generisizing. We then identify the appropriate supplier, and concurrently utilizing our global technical network, ensure they meet the highest standards of quality to comply with regulations. The generic pharmaceutical company will submit the Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) for U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval or European-equivalent approval. The introduction of the API to market occurs after all the development testing has been completed and the ANDA or European-equivalent is approved and the patent expires or is deemed invalid. Aceto has a robust pipeline of APIs poised to reach commercial levels, both in the United States and Europe.

Aceto has long been a supplier of pharmaceutical intermediates, the complex chemical compounds that are the building blocks used in producing APIs. These are the critical components of all drugs, whether they are already on the market or currently undergoing clinical trials. Faced with significant economic pressures as well as ever-increasing regulatory barriers, the innovative drug companies look to Aceto as a source for high quality intermediates. Utilizing our global sourcing, regulatory support and quality assurance network, Aceto works with the large, global pharmaceutical companies, sourcing lower cost, quality pharmaceutical intermediates that will meet the same high level standards adhered to by their current commercial products.

According to an IMS Health press release on April 15, 2014, a new report, entitled, *Medicine Use and Shifting Costs of Healthcare: A Review of the Use of Medicines in the United States in 2013*, “found that total dollars spent on medications in the U.S. reached \$329.2 billion last year, up 3.2 percent on a nominal basis and a rebound from the 1.0 percent decline in 2012. Primary drivers include the reduced impact of patent expiries, price increases, higher spending on innovative new medicines, and greater use by patients of the healthcare system. Patent expiries in 2013 contributed \$19 billion to lower medicine spending, compared with \$29 billion the previous year.”

The Performance Chemicals segment includes specialty chemicals and agricultural protection products.

Aceto is a major supplier to many different industrial segments that require outstanding performance from chemical raw materials and additives. We provide chemicals which make plastics, surface coatings, textiles, fuels and lubricants perform to their designed capabilities. These additive specialty products include antioxidants, photo initiators, catalysts, curatives, brighteners and adhesion promoters.

Aceto is at the forefront as a supplier of chemicals to ecofriendly technologies. For example, we supply ultraviolet photo initiators which allow inks and coatings to be cured by ultraviolet light instead of solvents, as well as curing agents and optical brighteners for powder (non-solvent) coatings. These growing technologies are critical in protecting and enhancing the world’s ecology.

We provide specialty chemicals for the food, beverage and fragrance industries. Aceto’s raw materials are also used in sophisticated technology products, such as high-end electronic parts (circuit boards and computer chips) and binders for specialized rocket fuels. Aceto is also a leader in the supply of diazos and couplers to the paper and film industries. Specific end uses for these products include microfilm, blueprints and photo tooling of printed circuit boards.

We also provide organic intermediates and colorants. The color producing industry manufactures a wide assortment of products and Aceto is the supplier of choice to these producers of “color.” From textiles and plastics to inks and paints, our specialty colorant intermediates allow manufacturers to develop an endless rainbow of colorful possibilities.

According to an April 16, 2014 Federal Reserve Statistical Release, in the first quarter of calendar year 2014, the index for consumer durables, which impacts the Specialty Chemicals business of the Performance Chemicals segment, is expected to decline at an annual rate of 2.2%.

Aceto’s agricultural protection products include herbicides, fungicides and insecticides which control weed growth as well as the spread of insects and microorganisms that can severely damage plant growth. The agricultural world is dependent on a large variety of deterrent products and we believe Aceto has become a valued partner to the global generic agricultural industry by providing superior quality functional products. One of Aceto’s most widely used agricultural protection products is a sprout inhibitor that extends the storage life of potatoes. We work with the large agrochemical distributors to provide alternate sources for key products. Utilizing our global sourcing and regulatory capabilities, we identify and qualify manufacturers either producing the product or with knowledge of the chemistry necessary to produce the product and then file an application with the EPA for a product registration. Aceto has an ongoing working relationship with manufacturers in China and India to determine which of the non-patented, or generic, agricultural protection products they produce can be effectively marketed in the Western world. Over the past several years, we have successfully brought a number of products to market. In addition, we have a strong pipeline, which includes future additions to our product portfolio. The combination of our global sourcing and regulatory capabilities makes the generic agricultural market a niche for us and we will continue to offer new product additions in this market as we move forward. In the National Agricultural Statistics Services release dated June 28, 2013, the total crop acreage planted in the United States in 2013 remained consistent from 2012 at 326 million acres. The number of peanut acres planted in 2013 was down 33% from 2012 levels while sugarcane acreage harvested increased almost 1.0% from 2012. In addition, the potato acreage harvested in 2013 decreased approximately 6.3% from the 2012 level.

We believe the Company’s business strengths are sourcing, regulatory support, quality assurance and marketing and distribution. We distribute more than 1,100 chemical compounds used principally as finished products or raw materials in the pharmaceutical, nutraceutical, agricultural, coatings and industrial chemical industries. With business operations in nine countries, Aceto’s global reach is distinctive in the industry, enabling us to source and supply quality products on a worldwide basis. Leveraging local professionals, we source more than two-thirds of our products from Asia, buying from approximately 500 companies in China and 200 in India.

In this MD&A, we explain our general financial condition and results of operations, including, among other things, the following:

- factors that affect our business
- our earnings and costs in the periods presented
- changes in earnings and costs between periods
- sources of earnings
- the impact of these factors on our overall financial condition

As you read this MD&A section, refer to the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, which present the results of our operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. We analyze and explain the differences between periods in the specific line items of the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Policies

As disclosed in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013, the discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. In preparing these financial statements, we were required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We regularly evaluate our estimates including those related to allowances for bad debts, partnered products, inventories, goodwill and indefinite-life intangible assets, long-lived assets, environmental and other contingencies, income taxes and stock-based compensation. We base our estimates on various factors, including historical experience, advice from outside subject-matter experts, and various assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, which together form the basis for our making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Since June 30, 2013, there have been no significant changes to the assumptions and estimates related to those critical accounting estimates and policies.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended March 31, 2013

Net Sales by Segment Nine months ended March 31,

Segment	2014		2013		Comparison 2014 Over/(Under) 2013	
	Net sales	% of Total	Net sales	% of Total	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 112,457	30.3%	\$ 92,559	24.6%	\$ 19,898	21.5%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	133,746	36.1	142,169	37.7	(8,423)	(5.9)
Performance Chemicals	124,396	33.6	141,847	37.7	(17,451)	(12.3)
Net sales	<u>\$ 370,599</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 376,575</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ (5,976)</u>	<u>(1.6%)</u>

Gross Profit by Segment Nine months ended March 31,

Segment	2014		2013		Comparison 2014 Over/(Under) 2013	
	Gross Profit	% of Sales	Gross Profit	% of Sales	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 34,244	30.5%	\$ 28,062	30.3%	\$ 6,182	22.0%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	30,443	22.8	25,429	17.9	5,014	19.7
Performance Chemicals	20,994	16.9	20,249	14.3	745	3.7
Gross profit	<u>\$ 85,681</u>	<u>23.1%</u>	<u>\$ 73,740</u>	<u>19.6%</u>	<u>\$ 11,941</u>	<u>16.2%</u>

Net Sales

Net sales decreased by \$5,976, or 1.6%, to \$370,599 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared with \$376,575 for the prior period. We reported a sales increase in our Human Health business segment while both our Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Performance Chemicals business segments declined from the prior year.

Human Health

Net sales for the Human Health segment increased by \$19,898 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, to \$112,457, which represents a 21.5% increase over net sales of \$92,559 for the prior period, largely driven by an increase in sales of Rising products of \$12,765 due to nine new generic product launches at Rising during fiscal 2013. In addition, we experienced an increase of \$5,598 in domestic sales of nutritional products due to increased business for new products to existing customers, as well as a rise in royalty income from the sale of a proprietary ingredient.

Pharmaceutical Ingredients

Net sales for the Pharmaceutical Ingredients segment decreased by \$8,423 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, to \$133,746, which represents a 5.9% drop over net sales of \$142,169 for the prior period. The primary reason for the decrease is due to a \$12,370 decline in sales of APIs sold internationally, primarily from one of our European subsidiaries, as well as a decrease of \$4,406 in sales of intermediates which represent key components used in the manufacture of certain drug products. These decreases are offset in part by an increase in sales of domestic APIs of \$8,353 due to large reorders of a recently launched API during the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Performance Chemicals

Net sales for the Performance Chemicals segment decreased to \$124,396 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, a decrease of \$17,451 or 12.3%, from net sales of \$141,847 for the prior period. Our Performance Chemicals segment saw a decline in sales of our agricultural protection products, primarily from decreased sales of a broad-spectrum herbicide and a wide-range insecticide that is used on various crops including cereals, citrus, cotton, grapes, ornamental grasses and vegetables. In addition, there was a drop in domestic sales of agricultural, pigment and miscellaneous intermediates, as well as chemicals used in surface coatings, sold by our Specialty Chemicals business. The Specialty Chemicals segment also experienced a decline in our products sold to the food, beverage and cosmetic industries.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased to \$85,681 (23.1% of net sales) for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to \$73,740 (19.6% of net sales) for the prior period.

Human Health

Human Health's gross profit of \$34,244 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 increased \$6,182, or 22.0%, over the prior period. The gross margin of 30.5% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 is consistent with the prior period gross margin of 30.3%. The increase in gross profit in the Human Health segment relates to increased sales volume of Rising products, as well as increased royalty income earned on certain nutritional products.

Pharmaceutical Ingredients

Gross profit for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 for the Pharmaceutical Ingredients business increased by \$5,014 or 19.7% over the prior period. The gross margin of 22.8% was also higher than the prior period's gross margin of 17.9%. The increase in both gross profit and gross margin is predominantly the result of the increase in the sales volume of reorders of a certain API that occurred in the first and second quarters of fiscal 2014, which typically yields a significantly higher gross margin. We do not anticipate any sales for this API during the remainder of the fiscal year.

Performance Chemicals

Gross profit for the Performance Chemicals segment increased to \$20,994 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, versus \$20,249 for the prior period, an increase of \$745, or 3.7%. The gross margin of 16.9% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was higher than the prior period's gross margin of 14.3%. The increase in both gross profit and gross margin is due to a favorable product mix on Specialty Chemical products sold abroad due to reduced volume on lower margin products.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) increased \$1,445, or 3.2%, to \$47,212 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$45,767 for the prior period. As a percentage of sales, SG&A was 12.7% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 versus 12.2% in the prior period. The primary reasons for the increase in SG&A are \$1,446 of transaction costs related to the PACK acquisition and increased stock-based compensation expense due to increased financial performance. In addition, we incurred separation costs for certain employees, in our European subsidiaries. The SG&A for the prior period included \$2,840 additional accrued contingent consideration related to the Rising acquisition.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses (R&D) increased \$1,230 over the prior period to \$3,232 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. R&D represents investment in Rising's generic finished dosage form product pipeline. The majority of the R&D expenses are milestone based, which will likely cause fluctuation from quarter to quarter.

Operating Income

For the nine months ended March 31, 2014, operating income was \$35,237 compared to \$25,971 in the prior period, an increase of \$9,266 or 35.7%. This increase was due to the overall increase in gross profit of \$11,941 offset by the increases in SG&A and R&D of \$2,675 from the comparable prior period.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$1,200 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$370 from \$1,570 in the prior period, mainly due to lower average loan balance outstanding during the current period versus the prior period.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was 35.2% versus 35.7% for the prior period. The decrease in the effective tax rate was due to the expected mix of profits from lower tax rate jurisdictions in Europe compared to the United States in fiscal 2014.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2013

Net Sales by Segment
Three months ended March 31,

Segment	2014		2013		Comparison 2014 Over/(Under) 2013	
	Net sales	% of Total	Net sales	% of Total	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 33,946	27.2%	\$ 36,299	24.1%	\$ (2,353)	(6.5)%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	47,843	38.3	61,776	40.9	(13,933)	(22.6)
Performance Chemicals	43,041	34.5	52,796	35.0	(9,755)	(18.5)
Net sales	<u>\$ 124,830</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 150,871</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ (26,041)</u>	<u>(17.3)%</u>

Gross Profit by Segment
Three months ended March 31,

Segment	2014		2013		Comparison 2014 Over/(Under) 2013	
	Gross Profit	% of Sales	Gross Profit	% of Sales	\$ Change	% Change
Human Health	\$ 10,076	29.7%	\$ 11,052	30.4%	\$ (976)	(8.8)%
Pharmaceutical Ingredients	7,408	15.5	13,382	21.7	(5,974)	(44.6)
Performance Chemicals	7,479	17.4	7,093	13.4	386	5.4
Gross profit	<u>\$ 24,963</u>	<u>20.0%</u>	<u>\$ 31,527</u>	<u>20.9%</u>	<u>\$ (6,564)</u>	<u>(20.8)%</u>

Net Sales

Net sales decreased \$26,041, or 17.3%, to \$124,830 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared with \$150,871 for the prior period. We reported sales decreases in all three business segments.

Human Health

Net sales for the Human Health segment decreased by \$2,353 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, to \$33,946, which represents a 6.5% decrease over net sales of \$36,299 for the prior period, largely driven by a decrease in sales of Rising products due to increased competition in certain products.

Pharmaceutical Ingredients

Net sales for the Pharmaceutical Ingredients segment decreased by \$13,933 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, to \$47,843, which represents a 22.6% decrease over net sales of \$61,776 for the prior period, due predominantly from a decline in sales, both domestically and abroad, of intermediates, which represent key components used in the manufacture of certain drug products. In addition, the prior period included sales of a certain API, where there was no comparable amount in the current period.

Performance Chemicals

Net sales for the Performance Chemicals segment decreased to \$43,041 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, a decrease of \$9,755 or 18.5%, from net sales of \$52,796 for the prior period. Our Performance Chemicals segment saw a decline in sales of our agricultural protection products, primarily from decreased sales of a broad-spectrum herbicide and an herbicide used to control broadleaf weeds and nutsedge, as well as a decline in sales of a wide-range insecticide that is used on various crops including cereals, citrus, cotton, grapes, ornamental grasses and vegetables. In addition, there was a drop in domestic sales of chemicals used in surface coatings, sold by our Specialty Chemicals business.

Gross Profit

Gross profit decreased to \$24,963 (20.0% of net sales) for the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to \$31,527 (20.9% of net sales) for the prior period.

Human Health

Human Health's gross profit of \$10,076 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased \$976, or 8.8%, over the prior period. The gross margin decreased to 29.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to 30.4% for the prior period. The decrease in both gross profit and gross margin in the Human Health segment relates to decreased sales volume of Rising products.

Pharmaceutical Ingredients

Gross profit for the three months ended March 31, 2014 for the Pharmaceutical Ingredients business decreased by \$5,974 or 44.6% over the prior period. The gross margin of 15.5% was also lower than the prior period's gross margin of 21.7%. The decrease in both gross profit and gross margin is predominantly the result of the decrease in the sales volume of reorders of a certain API, which typically yields a significantly higher gross margin.

Performance Chemicals

Gross profit for the Performance Chemicals segment increased by \$386 or 5.4% over the prior period. The gross margin at 17.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was higher than the prior period's gross margin of 13.4%. Even though there were decreased sales of a broad-spectrum herbicide, an agricultural protection product, the related margin of this product was low; therefore the gross margin has improved from the prior period. In addition, there was a favorable product mix on Specialty Chemical products sold abroad due to reduced volume on lower margin products.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) decreased \$2,454, or 13.0%, to \$16,381 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$18,835 for the prior period. As a percentage of sales, SG&A was 13.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 versus 12.5% in the prior period. The SG&A for the current period included \$988 of transaction costs related to the PACK acquisition. The SG&A for the prior period included \$2,840 additional accrued contingent consideration related to the Rising acquisition.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses (R&D) increased \$558 over the prior period to \$1,504 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. R&D represents investment in Rising's generic finished dosage form product pipeline. The majority of the R&D expenses are milestone based, which will likely cause fluctuation from quarter to quarter.

Operating Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, operating income was \$7,078 compared to \$11,746 in the prior period, a decrease of \$4,668 or 39.7%. This decrease was due to the overall decrease in gross profit of \$6,564 offset by the net decrease in SG&A and R&D of \$1,896 from the comparable prior period.

Interest and Other Income, Net

Interest and other income, net was \$1,136 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, which represents an increase of \$803 from \$333 in the prior period, mainly due to increases in foreign exchange gains and income related to a joint venture for one of our Agricultural Protection products.

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was 32.2% versus 34.5% for the prior period. The decrease in the effective tax rate was due to the expected mix of profits from lower tax rate jurisdictions in Europe compared to the United States in fiscal 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

At March 31, 2014, we had \$34,383 in cash and cash equivalents, of which \$22,586 was outside the United States, \$1,744 in short-term investments, all of which is held outside the United States and \$22,404 in long-term debt (including the current portion), all of which is in the United States. Working capital was \$146,788 at March 31, 2014 versus \$128,393 at June 30, 2013. The \$22,586 of cash held outside of the United States is fully accessible to meet any liquidity needs of the countries in which Aceto operates. The majority of the cash located outside of the United States is held by our European operations and can be transferred into the United States. Although these amounts are fully accessible, transferring these amounts into the United States or any other countries could have certain tax consequences. A deferred tax liability will be recognized when we expect that we will recover undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries in a taxable manner, such as through receipt of dividends or sale of the investments. The Company intends to permanently reinvest these undistributed earnings and has no plan for any repatriation. A portion of our cash is held in operating accounts that are with third party financial institutions. While we monitor daily the cash balances in our operating accounts and adjust the cash balances as appropriate, these cash balances could be impacted if the underlying financial institutions fail or are subject to other adverse conditions in the financial markets. To date, we have experienced no loss or lack of access to cash in our operating accounts.

Our cash position at March 31, 2014 increased \$1,152 from the amount at June 30, 2013. Operating activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 provided cash of \$13,086, for this period, as compared to cash provided of \$17,417 for the comparable period. The \$13,086 was comprised of \$23,446 in net income and \$6,102 derived from adjustments for non-cash items less a net \$16,462 decrease from changes in operating assets and liabilities. The non-cash items included \$5,494 in depreciation and amortization expense, \$1,769 of earnings on an equity investment in a joint venture and \$2,416 in non-cash stock compensation expense. Trade accounts receivable increased \$8,861 during the nine months ended March 31, 2014, due predominantly to an increase in days sales outstanding, particularly on our international sales. Inventories increased by approximately \$14,068 and accounts payable increased by approximately \$8,110 due primarily to an increase in inventories on hand for Rising as this subsidiary had increased orders for an existing product, as well as a build-up of inventory for a new product. In addition, both of our Netherlands and Germany subsidiaries had increased inventory on-hand for nutritional products due to anticipated fourth quarter and fiscal 2015 sales. The rise in inventories was also due to purchases of agricultural protection products as a result of a ramp-up in orders for products that will be shipped in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, as well as build up for lead-time for our sprout inhibitor products. Accrued expenses and other liabilities decreased \$1,863 due to a decrease in accrued compensation as fiscal 2013 performance award payments were made in September 2013 offset by an increase in price concessions and partnered products liabilities related to increased sales from Rising. Our cash position at March 31, 2013 increased \$10,561 from the amount at June 30, 2012. Operating activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 provided cash of \$17,417, for this period, as compared to cash provided by operations of \$9,833 for the comparable period. The \$17,417 was comprised of \$16,926 in net income and \$7,441 derived from adjustments for non-cash items less a net \$6,950 decrease from changes in operating assets and liabilities, due primarily to the rise in trade accounts receivable. Trade accounts receivable increased during the nine months ended March 31, 2013, due predominantly to an increase in sales in the quarter ended March 31, 2013 as compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, as well as an increase in days sales outstanding, from June 30, 2012.

Investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 used cash of \$1,199, primarily related to the purchases of property and equipment and intangible assets. Investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 used cash of \$1,588, primarily related to the purchases of investments of \$1,152 and payments for intangible assets and property and equipment of \$1,465, offset by proceeds received upon sale of investments of \$1,029.

Financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 used cash of \$11,532 primarily for \$17,665 of repayment of bank borrowings, \$1,500 deferred consideration to the sellers of Rising and \$5,115 of payment of cash dividends. This use of cash was offset by bank borrowings of \$8,000 and \$3,162 proceeds received from exercise of stock options. Financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 used cash of \$5,460 primarily from \$8,897 of repayment of bank borrowings and \$4,481 of payment of cash dividends. In addition, the Company paid \$1,470 of deferred consideration to the sellers of Rising. This use of cash was offset by bank borrowings of \$7,000 and \$1,961 proceeds received from exercise of stock options.

Credit Facilities

We have available credit facilities with certain foreign financial institutions. At March 31, 2014, the Company had available lines of credit with foreign financial institutions totaling \$9,161, all of which is available for borrowing by the respective foreign territories. We are not subject to any financial covenants under these arrangements.

On December 31, 2010, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with two U.S. financial institutions. Aceto may borrow, repay and reborrow during the period ending December 31, 2015, up to but not exceeding at any one time outstanding \$40,000 (the "Revolving Loans"). The Revolving Loans may be (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement), (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement) or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2014, there were no Revolving Loans outstanding. The Credit Agreement also allows for the borrowing of up to \$40,000 (the "Term Loan"). The Company borrowed a Term Loan of \$40,000 on December 31, 2010. The Term Loan interest may be payable as an (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loan, (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loan, or (iii) a combination thereof. As of March 31, 2014, the remaining amount outstanding under the original amortizing Term Loan is \$19,000 and is payable as an Adjusted LIBOR Loan at an interest rate of 2.0% at March 31, 2014.

The Credit Agreement also provides that commercial letters of credit may be issued to provide the primary payment mechanism in connection with the purchase of any materials, goods or services by us in the ordinary course of business. At March 31, 2014, we had utilized \$19,024 in bank loans and letters of credit, leaving \$39,976 of this facility unused. The terms of these letters of credit are all less than one year. No material loss is anticipated due to non-performance by the counterparties to these agreements.

The Credit Agreement provides for a security interest in all of our personal property. The Credit Agreement contains several financial covenants including, among other things, maintaining a minimum level of debt service. We are also subject to certain restrictive covenants, including, among other things, covenants governing liens, limitations on indebtedness, limitations on cash dividends, guarantees, sale of assets, sales of receivables, and loans and investments. We were in compliance with all covenants at March 31, 2014.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Credit Agreement, we are required to deliver Hedging Agreements (as defined in the Credit Agreement) fixing the interest rate on not less than \$20,000 of the Term Loan. Accordingly, in March 2011, we entered into an interest rate swap for a notional amount of \$20,000, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The expiration date of this interest rate swap is December 31, 2015.

On April 30, 2014, and in connection with the purchase of PACK, Aceto entered into a new Credit Agreement (the “New Credit Agreement”) with three domestic financial institutions. The New Credit Agreement terminates the Credit Agreement, dated December 31, 2010. Aceto may borrow, repay and reborrow during the period ending April 30, 2019, up to but not exceeding at any one time outstanding \$60,000 (the “Revolving Credit Facility”). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for (i) Adjusted Libor Loans (as defined in the New Credit Agreement), (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loans (as defined in the New Credit Agreement) or (iii) a combination thereof. The New Credit Agreement also allows for the borrowing up to \$70,000 (the “Term Loan Facility”). The Term Loan Facility interest may be payable as an (i) Adjusted LIBOR Loan, (ii) Alternate Base Rate Loan, or (iii) a combination thereof. Proceeds of the Term Loan Facility and a portion of the proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility were used to fund the initial cash consideration for PACK.

Working Capital Outlook

Working capital was \$146,788 at March 31, 2014 versus \$128,393 at June 30, 2013. In March 2010, we purchased a building in Port Washington, New York, which is now the site of our global headquarters. We moved our corporate offices into this new building in April 2011. On June 30, 2011, we entered into a mortgage payable for \$3,947 on this new corporate headquarters. This mortgage payable is secured by the land and building and is being amortized over a period of 20 years. The mortgage payable, which was modified in October 2013, bears interest at 4.92% as of March 31, 2014 and matures on June 30, 2021.

We continually evaluate possible acquisitions of or investments in businesses that are complementary to our own, and such transactions may require the use of cash. In connection with our agricultural protection business, we plan to continue to acquire product registrations and related data filed with the United States Environmental Protection Agency as well as payments to various task force groups, which could approximate \$4,910 through fiscal 2015.

In accordance with the purchase agreement, as amended, related to the Rising acquisition, \$7,970 of deferred consideration was to be paid by Aceto over a four year period with \$1,500 paid in February 2012, \$1,470 paid in December 2012, \$1,500 paid in February 2014 and \$3,500 to be paid not later than fifty-six days following the fourth anniversary of the closing date of the purchase. The purchase agreement also provides for the payment of additional contingent consideration equal to one-half of the three year cumulative Rising earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization in excess of \$32,100, up to a maximum of \$6,000. As of March 31, 2014, the Company has accrued \$5,605 related to this contingent consideration, with \$3,000 anticipated to be paid in the next twelve months.

We believe that our cash, other liquid assets, operating cash flows, borrowing capacity and access to the equity capital markets, taken together, provide adequate resources to fund ongoing operating expenditures, the repayment of our bank loans and the anticipated continuation of cash dividends for the next twelve months.

Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, “Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment (the revised standard)”, which allows companies the option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets is necessary. Under this guidance, an entity is required to perform a quantitative impairment test if qualitative factors indicate that it is more likely than not that indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired. The qualitative factors are consistent with the guidance established for goodwill impairment testing and include identifying and assessing events and circumstances that would most significantly impact, individually or in the aggregate, the carrying value of the indefinite-lived intangible assets. The revised standard is effective for the Company in fiscal 2014 and early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2012 -02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Risk Sensitive Instruments

The market risk inherent in our market-risk-sensitive instruments and positions is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in investment market prices, foreign currency exchange-rates and interest rates.

Investment Market Price Risk

We had short-term investments of \$1,744 at March 31, 2014. Those short-term investments consisted of time deposits. Time deposits are short-term in nature and are accordingly valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

In order to reduce the risk of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we hedge some of our transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies applicable to each of our various entities. The instruments used for hedging are short-term foreign currency contracts (futures). The changes in market value of such contracts have a high correlation to price changes in the currency of the related hedged transactions. At March 31, 2014, we had foreign currency contracts outstanding that had a notional amount of \$50,566. The difference between the fair market value of the foreign currency contracts and the related commitments at inception and the fair market value of the contracts and the related commitments at March 31, 2014 was not material.

We are subject to risk from changes in foreign exchange rates for our subsidiaries that use a foreign currency as their functional currency and are translated into U.S. dollars. These changes result in cumulative translation adjustments, which are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). On March 31, 2014, we had translation exposure to various foreign currencies, with the most significant being the Euro. The potential loss as of March 31, 2014, resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in quoted foreign currency exchange rates amounted to \$8,260. Actual results may differ.

Interest rate risk

Due to our financing, investing and cash-management activities, we are subject to market risk from exposure to changes in interest rates. We utilize a balanced mix of debt maturities along with both fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage our exposure to changes in interest rates. Our financial instrument holdings were analyzed to determine their sensitivity to interest rate changes. In this sensitivity analysis, we used the same change in interest rate for all maturities. All other factors were held constant. If there were an adverse change in interest rates of 10%, the expected effect on net income related to our financial instruments would be immaterial. However, there can be no assurances that interest rates will not significantly affect our results of operations.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to deliver Hedging Agreements (as defined in the Credit Agreement) fixing the interest rate on not less than \$20,000 of the Term Loan. Accordingly, in March 2011, the Company entered into an interest rate swap for an additional interest cost of 1.91% on a notional amount of \$20,000, which has been designated as a cash flow hedge. The expiration date of this interest rate swap is December 31, 2015. The unrealized loss to date associated with this derivative, which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2014, is \$150. Aceto's interest rate swap is classified within Level 2 as the fair value of this hedge is primarily based on observable interest rates.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, with assistance from other members of our management, have reviewed the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2014 and, based on their evaluation, have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of such date.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during our fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

As previously described in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013, we are subject to various environmental proceedings for which there were no material changes during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors disclosed under Part I- “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013 which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows. The risks and uncertainties described in our Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013 are not the only ones we face. Additionally, risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results or cash flows.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Index to Exhibits

- 2.1 Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, dated March 26, 2014, by and among PACK Pharmaceuticals, LLC, the Aschenbrand and O’Brien Family Trust, dated March 2001, Bryan Aschenbrand – Trustee, Dushyant Chipalkatty, Chris Dungan, Aceto Corporation, Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Chris Dungan, solely in his capacity as the representative of the Sellers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 28, 2014).
- 2.2 Form of Lock-Up Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 28, 2014).
- 10.1 Commitment Letter, dated March 26, 2014, by and among, Aceto Corporation and the Lead Arrangers and Commitment Lenders (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 28, 2014).
- 10.2 Eighth Amendment, dated as of March 21, 2014 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2010, by and among Aceto Corporation, Aceto Agricultural Chemicals Corporation, CDC Products Corporation, Aceto Pharma Corp., ACCI Realty Corp., Arsynco Inc., Aceto Realty LLC, Rising Pharmaceuticals and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent for Lenders.
- 15.1 Letter re unaudited interim financial information

- 31.1 Certifications of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certifications of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certifications of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- 101.INS** XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

** Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ACETO CORPORATION

DATE May 9, 2014

BY /s/ Salvatore Guccione
Salvatore Guccione, President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

DATE May 9, 2014

BY /s/ Douglas Roth
Douglas Roth, Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

same may be further amended, restated, modified or otherwise supplemented, from time to time, the “Credit Agreement”) by and among **ACETO CORPORATION**, a New York corporation, **ACETO AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS CORPORATION**, a New York corporation, **CDC PRODUCTS CORPORATION**, a New York corporation, **ACETO PHARMA CORP.**, a Delaware corporation, **ACCI REALTY CORP.**, a New York corporation, **ARSYNCO INC.**, a New Jersey corporation, **ACETO REALTY LLC**, a New York limited liability company, and **RISING PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.** (f/k/a Sun Acquisition Corp.), a Delaware corporation, jointly and severally, (each a “Company” and collectively the “Companies”), the **LENDERS** which from time to time are parties thereto (individually, a “Lender” and, collectively, the “Lenders”) and **JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.**, a national banking association as Administrative Agent for the Lenders.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Companies have requested and the Administrative Agent and the Lenders have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions of this Amendment, to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement as set forth herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **Amendments.** Clause (a) of Section 7.14 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

(a) if no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and is then continuing or could occur as a result thereof, Aceto may make dividends and distributions to its shareholders in any trailing twelve (12) month period not to exceed (i) \$6,900,000 for the twelve month period ending March 31, 2014, and (ii) \$7,300,000 for the twelve month period ending on the last day of each calendar quarter thereafter.

2. **Conditions of Effectiveness.** This Amendment shall become effective as of the date hereof, upon receipt by the Administrative Agent of (i) this Amendment, duly executed by the Companies and the Lenders and (ii) reimbursement of the legal fees and expenses of Farrell Fritz, P.C., the Agent’s counsel, in the amount of \$250.00.

3. **Representations and Warranties.** Each Company hereby represents and warrants to the Lenders and the Administrative Agent as follows:

(a) After giving effect to this Amendment (i) each of the representations and warranties set forth in Article IV of the Credit Agreement is true and correct in all material respects on and as of the date hereof as if made on and as of the date of this Amendment except to the extent such representations or warranties relate to an earlier date in which case they shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date, and (ii) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing as of the date hereof or shall result from after giving effect to this Amendment.

(b) Each Company has the power to execute, deliver and perform this Amendment and each of the other agreements, instruments and documents to be executed by it in connection with this Amendment. No registration with or consent or approval of, or other action by, any Governmental Authority is required in connection with the execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment and the other agreements, instruments and documents executed in connection with this Amendment by any Company, other than registration, consents and approvals received prior to the date hereof and disclosed to the Lenders and which are in full force and effect.

(c) The execution, delivery and performance by each Company of this Amendment and each of the other agreements, instruments, and documents to be executed by it in connection with this Amendment, (i) have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate or limited liability company action, and (ii) will not violate (A) any provision of law applicable to any Company, any rule or regulation of any Governmental Authority applicable to any Company or (B) the certificate of incorporation, by-laws, or articles of organization or operating agreement, as applicable, of any Company.

(d) This Amendment and each of the other agreements, instruments and documents executed in connection with this Amendment to which the Companies are a party have been duly executed and delivered by each Company and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of each Company enforceable, as the case may be, in accordance with its terms, except to the extent that enforcement may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws, now or hereafter in effect, relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by equitable principles of general application, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law.

(e) Neither the Articles of Organization or Operating Agreement of Aceto Realty LLC nor the Certificate of Incorporation or By-laws of any other Borrower have been amended, modified, revoked or rescinded since the Closing Date.

4. **Miscellaneous.**

Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meanings as defined in the Credit Agreement.

As amended hereby, the Credit Agreement shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with the terms thereof.

The amendments herein contained are limited specifically to the matters set forth above and do not constitute directly or by implication an amendment or a waiver of any other provision of Credit Agreement or a waiver of any Default or Event of Default which may occur or may have occurred under the Credit Agreement.

This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which when taken together shall constitute but one Amendment.

THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT REGARD TO CONFLICT OF LAW PRINCIPLES.

5. **Reaffirmation.**

Each Company hereby: (a) acknowledges and confirms that, notwithstanding the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Amendment, (i) all terms and provisions contained in the Security Documents are, and shall remain, in full force and effect in accordance with their respective terms and (ii) the liens heretofore granted, pledged and/or assigned to the Administrative Agent for the benefit of the Lenders as security for the Companies' obligations under the Notes, the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall not be impaired, limited or affected in any manner whatsoever by reason of this Amendment; (b) reaffirms and ratifies all the representations and covenants contained in each Security Document; and (c) represents, warrants and confirms the non-existence of any offsets, defenses, or counterclaims to its obligations under any Security Document.

[the next page is the signature page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Companies, the Lenders and the Administrative Agent have caused this Waiver to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

ACETO CORPORATION

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Chief Financial Officer

CDC PRODUCTS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

ACETO PHARMA CORP.

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

ACETO REALTY LLC
By: Aceto Corporation, its Sole Member

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Chief Financial Officer

**ACETO AGRICULTURAL
CHEMICALS CORPORATION**

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

ACCI REALTY CORP.

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

ARSYNCO INC.

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

RISING PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
(f/k/a Sun Acquisition Corp.)

By: /s/ Douglas Roth
Name: Douglas Roth
Title: Secretary/Treasurer

**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, as Administrative Agent and as a
Lender**

By: _____
Name:
Title:

WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender

By: _____
Name:
Title:

May 9, 2014

Aceto Corporation
Port Washington, New York

We are aware that Aceto Corporation and subsidiaries has incorporated by reference in its Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-187353, No. 333-174834, No. 333-149586, No. 33-38679, No. 333-90929, and No. 333-110653) our report dated May 9, 2014, relating to the Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements appearing in its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. Pursuant to Regulation C under the Securities Act of 1933, that report is not considered a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by our firm or a report prepared or certified by our firm within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act. It should be noted that we have not performed any procedures subsequent to May 9, 2014.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

Melville, New York

CERTIFICATION

I, Salvatore Guccione, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Aceto Corporation (the “Registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 9, 2014

/s/ Salvatore Guccione

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Douglas Roth, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Aceto Corporation (the “Registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 9, 2014

/s/ Douglas Roth

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Aceto Corporation, a New York corporation (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Salvatore Guccione, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Salvatore Guccione
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
May 9, 2014

CERTIFICATION

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Aceto Corporation, a New York corporation (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Douglas Roth, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Douglas Roth

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

May 9, 2014
